E5ZE-8 Multipoint Temperature Controller

COMMUNICATIONS MANUAL

OMRON

E5ZE-8 Multipoint Temperature Controller

Communications Manual

Produced December 2000

Notice:

OMRON products are manufactured for use according to proper procedures by a qualified operator and only for the purposes described in this manual.

The following conventions are used to indicate and classify precautions in this manual. Always heed the information provided with them. Failure to heed precautions can result in injury to people or damage to property.

- ! DANGER Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- ! WARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- ! Caution Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

OMRON Product References

All OMRON products are capitalized in this manual. The word "Unit" is also capitalized when it refers to an OMRON product, regardless of whether or not it appears in the proper name of the product.

The abbreviation "Ch," which appears in some displays and on some OMRON products, often means "word" and is abbreviated "Wd" in documentation in this sense.

The abbreviation "PC" means Programmable Controller and is not used as an abbreviation for anything else.

Visual Aids

The following headings appear in the left column of the manual to help you locate different types of information.

Note Indicates information of particular interest for efficient and convenient operation of the product.

1,2,3... 1. Indicates lists of one sort or another, such as procedures, checklists, etc.

ODVA Conformance

This product has been tested by a third party test laboratory officially recognized by the Open DeviceNet Vendor Association, Inc. and conforms to the ODVA test software Ver. 2.0 to 1.00.

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About this Manual:

This manual describes DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) and serial communications (using the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack) for E5ZE-8@@@D1@B-V2 Multipoint Temperature Controllers and includes the sections described below. DeviceNet communications are described in part 1 and serial communications are described in part 2.

Please read this manual carefully and be sure you understand the information provided before attempting to use DeviceNet communications with an E5ZE Multipoint Temperature Controller. Read the following manuals before operating a E5ZE-8@@@D1@B-V2 Multipoint Temperature Control-

ler.

E5ZE Multipoint Temperature Controller Operation Manual (Cat. No. H076) DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267) CS1W-DRM21 DeviceNet Unit Operation Manual (Cat. No. W380) DeviceNet PCI Board Operation Manual (Cat. No. W381)

Part 1: DeviceNet Communications

Section 1 provides an overview of remote I/O and Explicit Messages that are supported by the E5ZE for DeviceNet communications.

Section 2 provides details on installing the E5ZE in a DeviceNet Network and setting the DIP switch.

Section 3 provides details on remote I/O communications, including allocations in the PC, various operating statuses, flags, and applications.

Section 4 provides details on DeviceNet explicit messages, including command and response formats, the instructions used by the PC to execute DeviceNet explicit message communications, and tables of set values and measurement values showing setting ranges, default values, data types, and addresses.

Section 5 provides details on response end codes and indicators used to identify communications errors.

Section 6 provides programming examples for both CV-series and C200HX/C200HE/C200HG PCs. The **Appendix** provides details on multi-vendor applications.

Part 2: Serial Communications

Section 1 provides general information on serial communications and communications checks.

Section 2 provides a list of commands, end codes, and error codes. Information on writing and reading data sets are also provided.

Section 3 describes the basic temperature control commands

Section 4 describes the commands that are used according to the application.

Section 5 describes the commands used for heater burnout and SSR failure detection.

Section 6 describes the commands used for heating and cooling control.

Section 7 describes the commands used for fuzzy control.

Section 8 describes the commands used for starting and stopping operation.

The *Appendices* provide communications programming examples and an ASCII code list.

Failure to read and understand the information provided in this manual may result in personal injury or death, damage to the product, or product failure. Please read each section in its entirety and be sure you understand the information provided in the section and related sections before attempting any of the procedures or operations given.

Part 1 DeviceNet Communications

This part of the manual provides information required to communicate on a DeviceNet network.

SECTION 1 Overview of Communications Functions

This section provides an overview of remote I/O and Explicit Messages that are supported by the E5ZE for DeviceNet communications.

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1-1 DeviceNet

DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) is a multi-vendor, open-field network that combines control and information at the machine and line control level. The E5ZE Multi-point Temperature Controller with DeviceNet communications supports the following transmission services.

- Remote I/O
- DeviceNet explicit message communications

For details on the methods for connecting and configuring a DeviceNet network, refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W*267).

This part of the manual describes mainly how to operate the E5ZE as a Slave in a DeviceNet network. It is assumed that the E5ZE is connected to an OMRON CVM1-DRM21-EV1 DeviceNet Master Unit, C200HW-DRM21-EV1 DeviceNet Master Unit, or CS1W-DRM21 DeviceNet Unit.

When using DeviceNet, use an E5ZE-8@@@D1@B-V2 model.

1-2 Remote I/O

The remote I/O function allows I/O data to be exchanged automatically between the DeviceNet Master Unit and the E5ZE, without the need of any special programs. The remote I/O function enables the following functions in the E5ZE.

- Reading the process value and different operating statuses.
- Writing set points.
- Executing commands to start and stop temperature control.

1-3 DeviceNet Explicit Message Communications

DeviceNet explicit messages are used to read and write messages for Slaves, and perform various control operations, according to the program being used by the host system. DeviceNet explicit message communications enable the following functions in the E5ZE.

- · Reading and writing set values and process values.
- Starting and stopping auto-tuning (AT), and other operating directions.

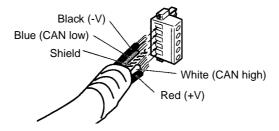
SECTION 2 Communications Setup

This section provides details on installing the E5ZE in a DeviceNet network and setting the DIP switch.

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2-1 Cable Connections

Wire the DeviceNet connector as shown in the following diagram. For details on connecting the Master Unit to the E5ZE, refer to the *DeviceNet (Compo-Bus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267)*. Multi-drop connectors cannot be used to connect the E5ZE to the CompoBus/D Master Unit.



2-2 Communications Parameters

Be sure to set the following parameters.

Node Address

Make sure that the E5ZE node address settings and words allocated to the E5ZE are not the same as those set for any other Slave.

Baud Rate

Set the same baud rate on the E5ZE and DeviceNet Master Unit.

DeviceNet DIP Switch

<u> Pin 1 to Pin 6</u>

The node address is set using pins 1 to 6.

Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6
2 ⁰	2 ¹	2 ²	2 ³	2 ⁴	2 ⁵

Pins 1 to 6 are all factory-set to OFF (node address 00).



Pin 7 and Pin 8

The baud rate is set using pins 7 and 8.

Baud rate	Pin 7	Pin 8
125 kbps	OFF	OFF
250 kbps	ON	OFF
500 kbps	OFF	ON
Not used	ON	ON

Pins 7 and 8 are both factory-set to OFF (baud rate of 125 kbps).

<u> Pin 9</u>

Always set pin 9 to OFF.

<u>Pin 10</u>

When a DeviceNet communications error occurs, set the E5ZE operation as follows:

ON

Temperature control will continue according to the data that was transmitted immediately before the error occurred.

OFF

Operation is stopped. (Pin 10 is set to ON at the factory.)

Section 2-2

DeviceNet Communications Error

A DeviceNet communications error indicates a transmission data error or a connection time-out error between the DeviceNet Master Unit and the E5ZE.

SECTION 3 Remote I/O Communications

This section provides details on remote I/O communications, including allocations in the PC, various operating statuses, flags, and applications.

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3-1 Transmission Contents and Word Allocations

When remote I/O communications are used with the E5ZE, reading the process value, starting and stopping temperature control, and writing set points are possible for any control point, without requiring a special program to be executed from the Master Unit. Data is automatically refreshed at every 200ms cycle. There are 14 input words and 9 output words allocated to the E5ZE in the Master Unit (I/O directions are in reference to the Master Unit). Each word is allocated according to the following table.

	Inputs	Outputs				
First word	Control point 0 process value	First word	Control point 0 set point			
+ 1	Control point 1 process value	+ 1	Control point 1 set point			
+ 2	Control point 2 process value	+ 2	Control point 2 set point			
+ 3	Control point 3 process value	+ 3	Control point 3 set point			
+ 4	Control point 4 process value	+ 4	Control point 4 set point			
+ 5	Control point 5 process value	+ 5	Control point 5 set point			
+ 6	Control point 6 process value	+6	Control point 6 set point			
+ 7	Control point 7 process value	+ 7	Control point 7 set point			
+ 8	Alarm 1 status	+ 8	Start/stop temperature control			
+ 9	Alarm 2 status					
+ 10	Auto-tuning status					
+ 11	HB (heater burnout) alarm sta- tus					
+ 12	HS (SSR failure) alarm status					
+ 13	Operating status					

The first input and output words are normally determined according to the Master Unit being used and the node address. The first I/O words can be changed and a Configurator is used to change the Master Unit settings.

3-2 Reading Process Values

The process value for each control point is expressed as 16-bit signed binary data (two's complement for negative values) in the corresponding word allocated in the Master Unit mounted to the PC. The unit used depends on the position of the decimal point in the E5ZE. The default values are $1^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$ for thermocouples and $0.1^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$ for platinum resistance thermometers.

Leftmost b	it				R	ight	tmo	st bi

Example

If the setting unit is $0.1^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$, and the value in the allocated word is 1111110001111100, the conversion values are as follows:

Binary	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Process value
1111110001111100	FC7C	-900	-90.0°C
If the value in the word i	s 00000100010	01100, the value	s are as follows:
Binary	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Process value
0000010001001100	044C	1100	110.0°C

The following table shows the values that will be contained in the corresponding word under certain conditions.

Status details	Value (hexadecimal)
Process value overflow or input error	7FFF
Process value underflow	8000
Temperature Controller error or connec- tion confirmation standby	0000 or the last value sent
Outside temperature display range	7D00

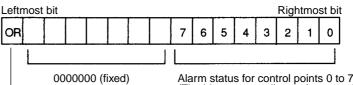
3-3 Reading Status

3-3-1 Alarm Status

Alarms 1 and 2, HB and HS Alarms

The alarm status is expressed in the corresponding word in the PC to which the Master Unit is connected as shown in the following diagram. The format is the same for the alarm 1, alarm 2, HB (heater burnout) alarm, and HS (SSR failure) alarm.

Alarm Status



This bit will change from 0 to 1 when an alarm is ON for any control point.

Alarm status for control points 0 to 7 (The bit corresponding to the control point for which the alarm is ON will change from 0 to 1.)

Example

If the alarm 1 is OFF for all control points and then turns ON for control point 3, the contents of the corresponding word in the PC will change as follows:

 $\underline{0}000000000\underline{0}000 \rightarrow \underline{1}000000000\underline{1}000$

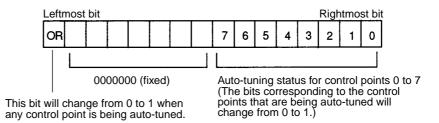
Alarm 1 ON for control point 3

When alarm 1 turns OFF for control point 3, the contents of the corresponding word will return to 0000000000000000.

3-3-2 Auto-tuning Status

The auto-tuning status is reflected in the corresponding word in the PC to which the Master Unit is mounted.

Auto-tuning Status



Example

If no control points are being auto-tuned, and then auto-tuning begins for control point 3, the contents of the corresponding word in the PC will change as follows:

 $\underline{0}0000000000\underline{0}000 \rightarrow \underline{1}000000000\underline{1}000$

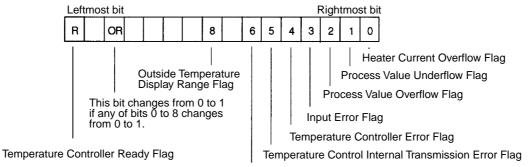
Control point 3 is being auto-tuned.

When auto-tuning for control point 3 has been completed, the contents of the corresponding word will return to 0000000000000000.

3-3-3 Operating Status

The status data showing whether an error has occurred in the E5ZE is expressed in the contents of the corresponding word in the PC to which the Master Unit is mounted.

Operating status



Output Area Error Flag

The following table provides the meaning and operation of the operating status flags.

Flag name	Meaning
Temperature Controller Ready Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 when the E5ZE power is turned ON and DeviceNet communications are enabled.
	After checking that this flag is ON, execute the pro- gram to start using I/O data.
Outside Temperature Dis- play Range Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the process value exceeds 3200.0°F when a W/Re5-26 thermocouple sensor is being used and the setting unit is 0.1°C/°F.
Output Area Error Flag (See note 1.)	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the output data from the Master is not reflected in the E5ZE due to the operating mode.
Temperature Control Internal Transmission Error Flag (See note 1.)	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the remote I/O func- tion has not been processed properly in the E5ZE.
Temperature Controller Error Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if there is an error in the Temperature Controller, such as an AD converter error or memory error.
Input Error Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the temperature sensor is disconnected or short-circuited.
Process Value Overflow Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the process value is more than the maximum value of the setting range. (See note 2.)

Flag name	Meaning
Process Value Underflow Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the process value is less than the minimum value of the setting range. (See note 2.)
Heater Current Overflow Flag	This flag changes from 0 to 1 if the measured heater current exceeds 55.0 A when the HB and HS alarm are being used.

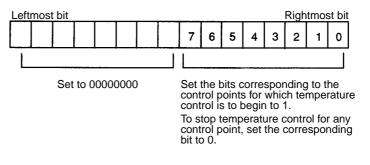
If the Output Area Error Flag or Temperature Controller Error Flag is ON (1) for longer than 1 s, the remote I/O data will not be transmitted correctly to the E5ZE.

The measurement range is from the setting range lower-limit negative value (-20°C or -40°F) to the setting range upper-limit positive value (20°C or 40°F).

3-4 Temperature Control Start/Stop

The temperature control of control points in the E5ZE is started and stopped by operating the bits in the corresponding word allocated in the PC to which the Master Unit is mounted, as follows:

Temperature Control Start/Stop



Example

If the temperature control of all control points is stopped and then starts for control point 3, the contents of the corresponding word in the PC will change, as follows:

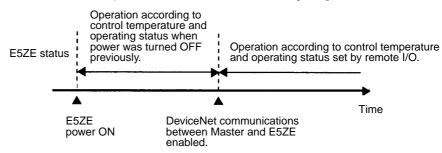
 $0000000000000 \rightarrow 0000000001000$

Temperature control started for control point 3

f

3-4-1 Startup Operation

When pin 5 (startup operation setting) of the FUNCTION switch on the front panel of the E5ZE-8@@@D1@B-V2 Multipoint Temperature Controller is set to ON, the Unit will operate as shown in the following diagram.



The time required for DeviceNet communications to be enabled will depend on the order in which power is supplied, the number of Slaves connected to the Master, the baud rate, and other variables.

3-4-2 Manual Operation

When the E5ZE-8@@@D1@B-V2 Multipoint Temperature Controller is being operated manually, the following procedure is required depending on the relationship to the remote I/O Temperature Control Start/Stop Bit.

Refer to page 28 for details on the relationship between remote I/O and the E5ZE operating status.

Starting Manual Operation

- *1,2,3...* 1. Set the Temperature Control Start/Stop Bit to 1 for the control point to be manually operated and temperature control will start for the control point.
 - 2. Execute the Manual Operation Start command using DeviceNet explicit message communications or through the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack. Manual operation will start.
 - 3. Set the manual output using DeviceNet explicit message communications or through the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack.

Stopping Manual Operation

Set the Temperature Control Start/Stop Bit to 0 for the control point being manually operated and temperature control will stop for the specified control point. Temperature control can then be restarted by setting the bit to 1 again.

3-5 Writing Set Points

The set point for each control point is written as 16-bit signed binary data (two's complement for negative values) in the corresponding word in the PC to which the Master Unit is mounted. The value is automatically transmitted to the E5ZE. The data will be written according to the setting unit that is set in the E5ZE. The default value is $1^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$ for thermocouples and $0.1^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$ for platinum resistance thermometers.

Leftmost I	nost bit Rightm					ntmost bi	

Example

If the set point is to be set to -90.0°C, and the setting unit is 0.1°C, the value set in the corresponding word will be as follows:

301 11 110 0011	set in the corresponding word will be do follows.							
Set Point	Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary					
-90.0°C	-900	FC7C	1111110001111100					
If the set poin	it is to be set t	o 110.0°C, and the s	setting unit is 0.1°C, the value					
set in the corr	esponding wo	rd will be as follows:						
Set Point	Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary					
110.0°C	1100	044C	0000010001001100					
If the set poin	t is to be set to	110.0°C, and the se	etting unit is 1°C, the value set					
in the corresp	onding word w	vill be as follows:						
Set Point	Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary					
110.0°C	110	006E	000000001101110					
Refer to page	25 for details	on the permissible s	etting ranges					

3-6 Remote I/O Delay Time

- The time required for the remote I/O data reflecting the changed data to be prepared at the E5ZE after a main input to the E5ZE has changed is called the input delay time.
- The time required for the data that has been transmitted to the E5ZE using DeviceNet communications to affect in the operation of the E5ZE is called the output delay time.
- The maximum input and output delay times are 500 ms.
- For details on how to calculate the I/O delay time, refer to the *DeviceNet* (*CompoBus/D*) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267).

SECTION 4 DeviceNet Explicit Message Communications

DeviceNet explicit message communications are used to read and write the E5ZE's measurement values and set values that cannot be read or written using remote I/O communications. Settings can also be made from a master not manufactured by OMRON.

Parameters written using DeviceNet explicit messages are saved even if the power supply is turned OFF.

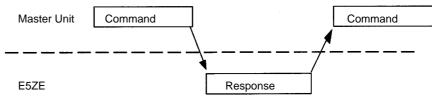
This section provides details on DeviceNet explicit messages, including command and response formats, the instructions used by the PC to execute DeviceNet explicit message communications, and tables of set values and measurement values showing setting ranges, default values, data types, and addresses.

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4-1 Transmitting DeviceNet Explicit Messages

DeviceNet explicit messages are executed from the user program using the CMND(194/490) instruction for a CVM1, CV-series, or CS1-series PC, and the IOWR(223) instruction with a C200HX, C200HG, or C200HE PC.

The transmission procedure involves the Master sending a command to the E5ZE and the E5ZE returning a response to the command back to the Master.



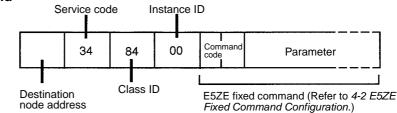
Refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267)* for details on the transmission methods.

Details on the format of commands and responses used for transmission, and the set values and measurement values specific to the E5ZE are provided here.

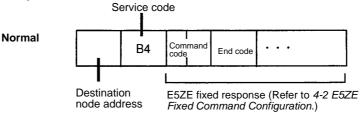
4-1-1 Command Format

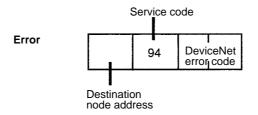
The command format for DeviceNet explicit messages is given below.

Command



Response





4-1-2 Commands

There are only two commands that can be used with the E5ZE.

Command type	Command code
MEMORY AREA READ	0101
MEMORY AREA WRITE	0102

4-1-3 Remote I/O and DeviceNet Explicit Messages

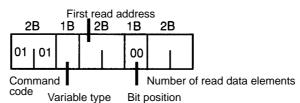
Data written with the remote I/O allocated in the DeviceNet Network is updated in the E5ZE every 200 ms. Data written with DeviceNet explicit messages is updated when the command is executed.

4-2 E5ZE Fixed Command Configuration

Reading PC Memory

The following diagram shows the format of command data and response data when messages are used to read set values and measurement values from the E5ZE to which the Master Unit is mounted.

Command Format



Response Format



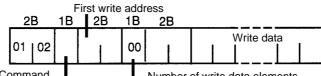
Command End code

- The total number of read data bytes is 2 × Number of read data elements.
- Refer to the table of DeviceNet explicit messages set values and measurement values for details on addresses and variable types for read set values and measurement values.

Writing PC Memory

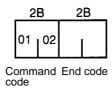
The following diagram shows the format of command data and response data when messages are used to write set values and measurement values from the E5ZE to which the Master Unit is mounted.

Command Format



Command Variable type Bit position

Response Format



- The total number of write data bytes is $2 \times \text{Number of write data elements.}$
- Refer to the table of DeviceNet explicit messages set values and measurement values for details on addresses and variable types of write set values and measurement values.
- If there is an error in even one part of the data being written, all of the data written at the same time will not be saved in the E5ZE.

FINS command 2801 is sent using CMND(194/490) or IOWR(223) to send DeviceNet explicit messages from an OMRON PC Master Unit. For details, refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267)* or the CS1W-DRM21 DeviceNet Unit Operation Manual (Cat. No. W380).

4-3 Instruction Execution Precautions

When DeviceNet explicit message communications are used with the E5ZE, there are settings that are specific to the control data for CMND(194/490) and IOWR(223) instructions that must be set, as shown next.

For details on both instructions and their applications, refer to the *DeviceNet* (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267).

4-3-1 CMND(194/490): CVM1, CV-series, and CS1-series PCs

Word	rd Bit								
	15 12	11	08	07	06	05	04	03 0	0
С	Number of comm	and data bytes	S						
C+1	Number of respon	nse data bytes							
C+2	0 0			Destination network address					
C+3	Destination node address (Local node DeviceNet Master MAC ID)			(Loca	al noc	n unit le Dev umber	/iceN	et Master Specia	al
C+4	0 (response required)	Communica- tions port No (0 to 7)		0				Number of retries (0 to F)	
C+5	Response monito that is 2 s)	oring time (000	0 to	FFFF)	, in 0	.1 s in	crem	ents (except 000	0

The control data for the CMND(194/490) instructions is as follows:

4-3-2 IOWR(223): C200HX/C200HE/C200HG PCs

The control data for the IOWR(223) instruction is as follows:

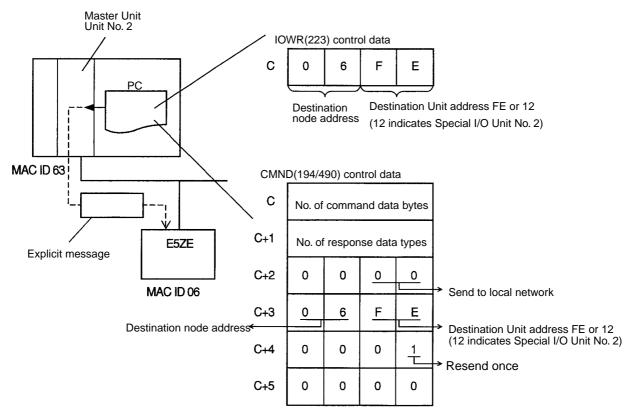
Word		Bit					
	15		08	07	00		
С	0/1	0	Destination address (Local node DeviceNet Master MAC ID)	Destination unit address			

Bit 15 is used to set whether a response is required or not. If bit 15 is set to 0, a response is required and if the bit is set to 1, a response is not required. Set this bit to 0 (response required).

Bits 8 to 13 are used to set the destination node address (E5ZE node address), and bits 0 to 7 are used to set the destination Unit address (the local node DeviceNet Master Special I/O Unit number or FE).

Section 4-4

4-3-3 Control Data for Sending DeviceNet Explicit Messages Using CMND(194/490) or IOWR(223)



4-4 DeviceNet Explicit Messages Set Values and Measurement Values

This section provides tables that can be used when setting and monitoring the set values for all control points. The tables are given by variable type.

4-4-1 Commonly Used Set Values

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
1	0000	Control point 0 process value	Range: Depends on sensor type used.	Numeric
2	0001	Control point 1 process value	(See note 4.)	Read only
3	0002	Control point 2 process value	Unit:Depends on setting (either 0.1°C/°F or	
4	0003	Control point 3 process value	1°C/°F)	
5	0004	Control point 4 process value		
6	0005	Control point 5 process value		
7	0006	Control point 6 process value		
8	0007	Control point 7 process value		
9	000C	Alarm 1 status	Range: 0000 to 80FF	Status
10	000D	Alarm 2 status	Range: 0000 to 80FF	Read only
11	000E	Auto-tuning status	Range: 0000 to 80FF	Bit contents same
12	000F	HB alarm status	Range: 0000 to 80FF	as remote I/O contents.
13	0010	HS alarm status	Range: 0000 to 80FF	

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
14	0011	Temperature control status (See note 7.)	Range: 0000 to 811F	Status Read only
15	0012	Operation start/stop (See notes 3 and 6.)	Range: 0000 to 00FF (Default: 0000)	Status Read
40	0010	· · · · · ·	Denney Denende en eeneert me wood	
16	0013	Control point 0 set point	Range: Depends on sensor type used. (See notes 1 and 4.)	Numeric Read
17	0014	Control point 1 set point	Unit: Depends on setting (either 0.1°C/	Reau
18	0015	Control point 2 set point	°F or 1°C/°F)	
19	0016	Control point 3 set point	,	
20	0017	Control point 4 set point		
21	0018	Control point 5 set point		
22	0019	Control point 6 set point		
23	001A	Control point 7 set point		
24	001F	Auto-tuning start/stop	Range: 0000 to 00FF	Status
		(See note 2.)	Default: 0000	Write only
25	0020	Control point 0 alarm 1 temperature	Range: D8F1 to 7350 (-999.9 to 3000.0)	Numeric
26	0021	Control point 1 alarm 1 temperature	when setting unit is 0.1°C/°F. (See note 4.)	Read/write
27	0022	Control point 2 alarm 1 temperature	Range: D8F1 to 270F (-9999 to 9999) when setting unit is 1°C/°F.	
28	0023	Control point 3 alarm 1 temperature	Default: 0000 (0.0 or 0)	
29	0024	Control point 4 alarm 1 temperature		
30	0025	Control point 5 alarm 1 temperature		
31	0026	Control point 6 alarm 1 temperature		
32	0027	Control point 7 alarm 1 temperature		
	1			
33	002C	Control point 0 alarm 2 temperature	Range: D8F1 to 7530 (-999.9 to 3000.0)	Numeric
34	002D	Control point 1 alarm 2 temperature	when setting unit is 0.1°C/°F. (See note 4.)	Read/write
35	002E	Control point 2 alarm 2 temperature	Range: D8F1 to 270F (-9999 to 9999) when setting unit is 1°C/°F.	
36	002F	Control point 3 alarm 2 temperature	Default: 0000 (0.0 or 0)	
37	0030	Control point 4 alarm 2 temperature		
38	0031	Control point 5 alarm 2 temperature		
39	0032	Control point 6 alarm 2 temperature		
40	0033	Control point 7 alarm 2 temperature		
41	0038	Control point 0 input shift value	Range: FC19 to 03E7 (-99.9 to 99.9)	Numeric
42	0039	Control point 1 input shift value	(See note 1.)	Read/write
43	003A	Control point 2 input shift value	Unit: 0.1°C or °F	
44	003B	Control point 3 input shift value	Default: 0000 (0.0)	
45	003C	Control point 4 input shift value		
46	003D	Control point 5 input shift value		
47	003E	Control point 6 input shift value		
48	003F	Control point 7 input shift value		

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
49	0044	Control point 0 proportional band	Range: 0000 to 270F (0.0 to 999.9)	Numeric
50	0045	Control point 1 proportional band	(See note 1.)	Read/write
51	0046	Control point 2 proportional band	Unit: 0.1°C or °F	
52	0047	Control point 3 proportional band	Default: 0000 (0.0)	
53	0048	Control point 4 proportional band		
54	0049	Control point 5 proportional band		
55	004A	Control point 6 proportional band		
56	004B	Control point 7 proportional band		
	•	•		
57	0050	Control point 0 integral time	Range: 0000 to 0F9F (0 to 3999)	Numeric
58	0051	Control point 1 integral time	(See note 1.)	Read/write
59	0052	Control point 2 integral time	Unit: 1 s	
60	0053	Control point 3 integral time	Default: 0000 (0)	
61	0054	Control point 4 integral time		
62	0055	Control point 5 integral time		
63	0056	Control point 6 integral time		
64	0057	Control point 7 integral time		
			l	
65	005C	Control point 0 derivative time	Range: 0000 to 0F9F (0 to 3999)	Numeric
66	005D	Control point 1 derivative time	(See note 1.)	Read/write
67	005E	Control point 2 derivative time	Unit: 1 s	
68	005F	Control point 3 derivative time	Default: 0000 (0)	
69	0060	Control point 4 derivative time		
70	0061	Control point 5 derivative time	-	
71	0062	Control point 6 derivative time		
72	0063	Control point 7 derivative time		
			L	
73	0068	Control point 0 heating output variable	Range: 0000 to 03EB (0.0 to 100.0) Unit: 0.1%	Numeric Read only
74	0069	Control point 1 heating output variable		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
75	006A	Control point 2 heating output variable		
76	006B	Control point 3 heating output variable		
77	006C	Control point 4 heating output variable		
78	006D	Control point 5 heating output variable		
79	006E	Control point 6 heating output variable		
80	006F	Control point 7 heating output variable		

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
81	0074	Control point 0 heater current	Range: 0000 to 0226 (0.0 to 55.0)	Numeric
82	0075	Control point 1 heater current	(See note 8.)	Read only
83	0076	Control point 2 heater current	Unit: 0.1 A	
84	0077	Control point 3 heater current		
85	0078	Control point 4 heater current		
86	0079	Control point 5 heater current		
87	007A	Control point 6 heater current		
88	007B	Control point 7 heater current		
		•		
89	0080	Control point 0 memory bank No.	Range: 0000 to 0007	Numeric
90	0081	Control point 1 memory bank No.	(See note 1.)	Read/write
91	0082	Control point 2 memory bank No.	Default: 0000 (0)	
92	0083	Control point 3 memory bank No.		
93	0084	Control point 4 memory bank No.		
94	0085	Control point 5 memory bank No.		
95	0086	Control point 6 memory bank No.		
96	0087	Control point 7 memory bank No.		
	•	•		
97	008C	Control point 0 heater burnout detection current	Range: 0000 to 01F4 (0.0 to 50.0) Unit: 0.1 A	Numeric Read/write
98	008D	Control point 1 heater burnout detection current	Default: 0000 (0.0)	
99	008E	Control point 2 heater burnout detection current		
100	008F	Control point 3 heater burnout detection current		
101	0090	Control point 4 heater burnout detection current		
102	0091	Control point 5 heater burnout detection current		
103	0092	Control point 6 heater burnout detection current		
104	0093	Control point 7 heater burnout detection current		
105	0098	Control point 0 cooling coefficient	Range: 0000 to 0064 (0.0 to 10.0)	Numeric Read/write
106	0099	Control point 1 cooling coefficient	(See note 1.)	
107	009A	Control point 2 cooling coefficient	Unit: 0.1	
108	009B	Control point 3 cooling coefficient	Default: 000A (1.0)	
109	009C	Control point 4 cooling coefficient		
110	009D	Control point 5 cooling coefficient]	
111	009E	Control point 6 cooling coefficient		
112	009F	Control point 7 cooling coefficient		

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
113	00A4	Control point 0 dead band	Range: FC19 to 03E7 (-999 to 999)	Numeric Read/write
114	00A5	Control point 1 dead band	(See note 1.)	
115	00A6	Control point 2 dead band	Unit: 1°C or °F	
116	00A7	Control point 3 dead band	Default: 0000 (0)	
117	00A8	Control point 4 dead band]	
118	00A9	Control point 5 dead band]	
119	00AA	Control point 6 dead band]	
120	00AB	Control point 7 dead band]	
		•	•	·
121	00B0	Control point 0 fuzzy strength	Range: 0000 to 0063 (0 to 99)	Numeric
122	00B1	Control point 1 fuzzy strength	(See note 1.)	Read/write
123	00B2	Control point 2 fuzzy strength	Unit: 1%	
124	00B3	Control point 3 fuzzy strength	Default: 0032 (50)	
125	00B4	Control point 4 fuzzy strength	1	
126	00B5	Control point 5 fuzzy strength	1	
127	00B6	Control point 6 fuzzy strength	1	
128	00B7	Control point 7 fuzzy strength	1	

Numeric data for the values in the above table is all expressed as 16-bit signed binary (two's complement for negative values)

- *Note* 1. Numeric data cannot be modified during auto-tuning.
 - 2. Auto-tuning cannot be executed when operation is stopped. The sequential auto-tuning function is not supported with DeviceNet communications.
 - 3. If an instruction to stop operation is executed during auto-tuning, operation will stop after auto-tuning is cancelled.
 - 4. The setting ranges vary depending on the setting unit used, as shown in the following table.

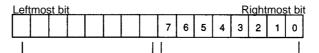
Temperature	Setting range					
sensor	Settii	ng unit (1)	Setting unit (0.1)			
	°C	°F	٥C	°F		
К	FF38 to 0514	FED4 to 08FC	F830 to 32C8	F448 to 59D8		
	(-200 to 1300)	(-300 to 2300)	(-200.0 to 1300.0)	(-300.0 to 2300.0)		
J	FF9C to 0352	FF9C to 05DC	FC18 to 2134	FC18 to 3A98		
	(-100 to 850)	(-100 to 1500)	(-100.0 to 850.0)	(-100.0 to 1500.0)		
R	0000 to 06A4	0000 to 0BB8	0000 to 4268	0000 to 7530		
	(0 to 1700)	(0 to 3000)	(0.0 to 1700.0)	(0.0 to 3000.0)		
S	0000 to 06A4	0000 to 0BB8	0000 to 4268	0000 to 7530		
	(0 to 1700)	(0 to 3000)	(0.0 to 1700.0)	(0.0 to 3000.0)		
Т	FF38 to 0190	FED4 to 02BC	F830 to 0FA0	F448 to 1B58		
	(-200 to 400)	(-200 to 700)	(-200.0 to 400.0)	(-300.0 to 700.0)		
E	0000 to 0258	0000 to 044C	0000 to 1770	0000 to 2AF8		
	(0 to 600)	(0 to 1100)	(0.0 to 600.0)	(0.0 to 1100.0)		
В	0064 to 0708	012C to 0BB8	03E8 to 4650	0BB8 to 7530		
	(100 to 1800)	(300 to 3000)	(100.0 to 1800.0)	(300.0 to 3000.0)		
N	0000 to 0514	0000 to 08FC	0000 to 32C8	0000 to 59D8		
	(0 to 1200)	(0 to 2300)	(0.0 to 1300.0)	(0.0 to 2300.0)		
L	FF9C to 0352	FF9C to 05DC	FC18 to 2134	FC18 to 3A98		
	(-100 to 850)	(-100 to 1500)	(-100.0 to 850.0)	(-100.0 to 1500.0)		
U	FF38 to 0190	FED4 to 02BC	F830 to 0FA0	F448 to 1B58		
	(-200 to 400)	(-300 to 700)	(-200.0 to 400.0)	(-300.0 to 700.0)		
W/Re5-26	0000 to 08FC	0020 to 1004	0000 to 59D8	0140 to 7D00		
	(0 to 2300)	(0 to 4100)	(0.0 to 2300.0)	(32 to 3200.0)		

DeviceNet Explicit Messages Set Values and Measurement

Temperature sensor	Setting range									
	Set	ting unit (1)	Sett	ing unit (0.1)						
	۵°	°F	۵°	°F						
PL II	0000 to 0514 (0 to 1300)	0000 to 08FC (0 to 2300)	0000 to 32C8 (0.0 to 1300.0)	0000 to 59D8 (0.0 to 2300.0)						
Pt	FF9C to 01F4 (-100 to 500)	FF9C to 0384 (-100 to 900)	FC18 to 1388 (-100.0 to 500.0)	FC18 to 2328 (-100.0 to 900.0)						
JPt	FF9C to 01F4 (-100 to 500)	FF9C to 0384 (-100 to 900)	FC18 to 1388 (-100.0 to 500.0)	FC18 to 2328 (-100.0 to 900.0)						
Alarm setting range	D8F1 to 270F (-9999	to 9999)	D8F1 to 7530 (-999.9	to 3000.0)						

- If an E5ZD-SDL Setting Display Unit is used with the E5ZE, and the setting unit is 0.1°C/°F, the setting range will be limited to F831 to 270F (-199.9 to 999.9).
- If the alarm temperature that is read is more than 7530 (Hex), the temperature will be read as 7FFF (Hex), and if the alarm temperature is less than D8F1 (Hex), then the temperature will be read as 8000 (Hex).
- 5. The meaning of the Auto-tuning Start/Stop Bits is as follows:

Auto-tuning Start/Stop



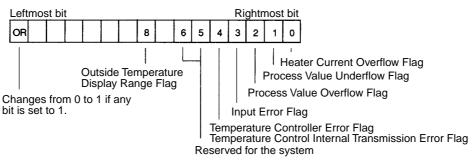
Set bits 8 to 15 to 00000000. Set the bits corresponding to the control points to be auto-tuned to 1 and then write the data. To stop auto-tuning, set the bits corresponding to the control points to be stopped to 0 and then write the data.

- 6. The contents of the Operation Start/Stop Bit is the same as that for the remote I/O, as shown here.
 - Read: 0: Operation stopped.
 - 1: Controlling temperature or operating manually.
 - Write: 0: Stop operation.

1: Start or continue temperature control or continue manual operation. (Even if 1 is written to a control point that is being operated manually it will not start temperature control.)

7. The meaning of the operating status bits is as follows:

Operating Status



8. Control points that have been set to disable the HB and HS alarms, and control points that are not operating will be read as 0000 (hex).

Section 4-4

4-4-2 Reading/Writing using Variable Type 90

The table for variable type 90 shows that the addresses are not continuous when the type of set value or measurement value changes. Groups of set values and measurement values that are not in consecutive addresses and include different types of data, however, can be read or written together.

Example: To read the data from the proportional band of control point 0 to the derivative time of control point 7 in one operation, set the data elements as shown here. The data for the addresses in between will also be read

First read address: 0044 (hex) (control point 0 proportional band address) Number of elements:0018 (hex) (24 elements)

If, however, there are write-only set values within the range to be read in succession, or read-only set values and measurement values within the range to be written, an error will occur.

The limit on the number of set values for which communications can be performed at one time varies depending on the Master Unit being used. Refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267)* or the *CS1W-DRM21 DeviceNet Unit Operation Manual (Cat. No. W380)* for details on set value limitations.

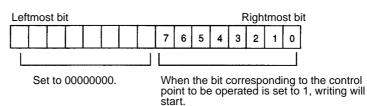
4-4-3 Operation Variables

The following table shows the variable types that are used for operating the E5ZE. If the set value is also in the table for variable type 90, either variable type can be used to change values.

Variable Type: 83

Address	Set value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
0002	Auto-tuning Start	Range: 0001 to 00FF	Status
	(See note 2.)		Write only
0003	Auto-tuning Stop		
0004	Manual Operation Start		
	(See notes 3 and 6.)		
0005	Write Set Values	0001	
0006	Initialize Set Values		
	(See notes 4 and 5.)		

Operation Command Data Contents

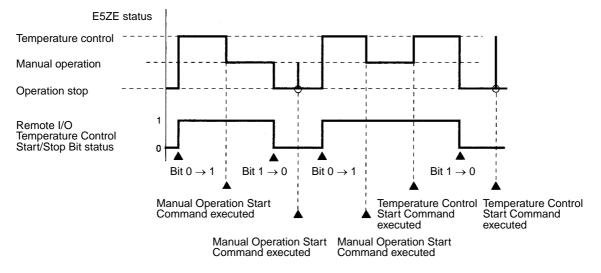


- *Note* 1. The Temperature Control Start Command cannot be executed while autotuning is being executed.
 - 2. The Auto-tuning Start Command cannot be executed while operation is stopped or the Unit is being manually operated.
 - 3. The Manual Operation Start Command cannot be executed while auto-tuning is being executed.
 - 4. The Initializing Setting Data Command can be executed only when the Unit is stopped.

- 5. When the Initializing Setting Data command is executed, the parameters in the storage area will be reset to the factory-set default values even if the E5ZE is in RAM write mode.
- 6. Set the Temperature Control Start/Stop Bit for the applicable control point to 1 before starting manual operation. (Refer to the graph in the next section.)

4-4-4 Relationship between Operating Status and Operating Commands

The relationship between operating commands from the remote I/O Temperature Control Start/Stop Bit and operating commands from DeviceNet explicit messages or the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack is represented in the following graph. Remote I/O data is refreshed every 200 ms. Operating commands that are different from the status of the remote I/O Temperature Control Start/Stop Bit will, therefore, be momentarily effective and will then immediately change to the commands from the remote I/O.



4-4-5 Set Values in Memory Banks

The following variable type table shows the information required to monitor or change the settings for the control points in memory banks 0 to 7.

DeviceNet Explicit Messages Set Values and Measurement

Section 4-4

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Default	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
1	XY00	Set point (read only)	0000	Depends on the input type and setting unit. (Refer to page 25.)	Numeric Read/write
2	XY01	Alarm 1 temperature (See note 1.)	0000	Depends on setting unit. (Refer to	
3	XY02	Alarm 2 temperature (See note 1.)	0000	page 25.)	
4	XY03	Proportional band	0000	Range: 0000 to 270F (0.0 to 999.9) Unit: 0.1°C/°F	
5	XY04	Integral time	0000	Range: 0000 to 0F9F (0 to 3999)	
6	XY05	Derivative time	0000	Unit: 1 s	
7	XY06	Heating hysteresis	See note 3	Range: 0000 to 03E7 (0.0 to 99.9) Unit: 0.1°C/°F	
8	XY07	Input shift value	0000	Range: FC19 to 03E7 (-99.9 to 99.9) Unit: 0.1°C/°F	
9	XY08	Heater burnout detection current	0000	Range: 0000 to 01F4 (0.0 to 50.0) Unit: 0.1 A	
10	XY09	Control period (heating)	0002	Range: 0001 to 0063 (0 to 99) Unit: 1 s	
11	XY0A	Manual reset value	01F4	Range: 0000 to 03E8 (0.0 to 100.0)]
12	XY0B	Heating output variable lower limit	0000	Unit: 0.1%	
13	XY0C	Heating output variable upper limit	03E8		
14	XY0D	Ramp value (See note 1.)	0000	Range: 0000 to 03E7 (0.0 to 99.9) Unit: 0.1	
15	XY0E	Ramp time unit (See note 1.)	0000	0000: s, 0001: min, or 0002: hr	
16	XY0F	Output variable change rate limit	0000	Range:000 to 03E8 (0.0 to 100.0)Unit:0.1% per sampling period	
17	XY10	Dead band	0000	Range: FC19 to 03E7 (-999 to 999) Unit: 1°C/°F	
18	XY11	Cooling coefficient	000A	Range: 0000 to 0064 (0.0 to 10.0) Unit: 0.1	
19	XY12	Cooling hysteresis	See note 3	Range: 0000 to 03E7 (0.0 to 99.9) Unit: 0.1°C/°F	
20	XY13	Cooling control period	0002	Range: 0001 to 0063 (0 to 99) Unit: 1 s	
21	XY14	Cooling output variable lower limit	0000	Range: 0000 to 03E8 (0.0 to 100.0)	1
22	XY15	Cooling output variable upper limit	03E8	Unit: 0.1%	
23	XY16	Fuzzy strength	0032	Range: 0000 to 0063 (0 to 99) Unit: 1%	
24	XY17	Fuzzy scale 1	270F	Range: 0002 to 270F (0.2 to 999.9) Unit: 0.1°C/°F	
25	XY18	Fuzzy scale 2	270F	Range: 0014 to 270F (0.20 to 99.99) Unit: 0.01	

Variable Type: 88

• Set the values of X and Y in the addresses as follows:

X: Control point number (0 to 7). Set "A" for all control points.

Y: Memory bank number (0 to 7). Set "8" for the current memory bank or "A" for all memory banks. The setting A is valid for writing only.X and Y cannot both be set to A at the same time.

Example: To set the alarm 1 temperature in memory bank 3 for control point 5, the address would be 5301 (hex).

• Set values cannot be written while auto-tuning is being executed.

- Numeric values are expressed as 16-bit signed binary (two's complement for negative values).
- *Note* 1. These parameters can be written while auto-tuning is being executed.
 - The following settings are not possible Heating output variable lower limit > Heating output variable upper limit Cooling output variable lower limit > Cooling output variable upper limit
 - The default is 0008 hexadecimal (0.8°C) when the temperature unit is degrees Celsius, and 000F hexadecimal (1.5°F) when it is degrees Fahrenheit.

4-4-6 Measurement Values for Individual Control Points

The following variable type is used to monitor various measurement values at the same time for each control point.

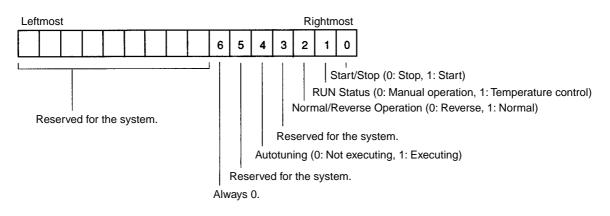
No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
1	X001	Status (See note.)	Range: 0000 to FFBF	Numeric
2	X002	Heating output variable	Range: 0000 to 03EB (0.0 to 100.0) Unit: 0.1%	Read only
3	X003	Heater current	Range: 0000 to 0226 (0.0 to 55.0) Unit:	
4	X004	Cooling output variable	Range: 0000 to 03EB (0.0 to 100.0) Unit: 0.1%	
5	X005	Current set point	Depends on the input type, setting unit, and temperature unit]
6	X006	Current memory bank	Range: 0000 to 0007	
7	X007	SSR failure current value	Range: 0000 to 0226 (0.0 to 55.0) Unit: 0.1 A	

Variable Type: 80

Set the value of X in the address to the applicable control point number (0 to 7).

Note The following diagram shows the status contents. Treat the bits specified as reserved for the system as being any status.

Status



Section 4-4

4-4-7 Set Values for all Control Points

The following variable table is used for setting and monitoring the same set values for all control points.

No.	Address	Set value or measurement value	Default	Da	ta setting or monitoring range	Data type
1	XF00	Memory bank (See note 3.)	0000	Range:	0000 to 0007 (See note 5.)	Numeric
2	XF01	Alarm 1 mode (See note 1.)	0000	Range:	0000 to 000C	Read/write
3	XF02	Alarm 2 mode (See note 1.)	0000			
4	XF03	Output operation (direct/	0000	0000:	Reverse operation	
		reverse)(See note 1.)		0001:	Direct operation	
5	XF04	Heating manual output	0000	Range:	0000 to 03E8 (0.0 to 100.0)	
		variable (See note 4.)		Unit:	0.1%	
6	XF05	HB/HS alarm enable set-	0000	0000:	HB/HS alarm disabled	Status
		ting (See note 1.)		0001:	HB/HS alarm enabled	Read/write
7	XF06	Heater burnout detection	0000	Range:	0000 to 01F4 (0.0 to 50.0)	Numeric
		current value (See note 2.)		Unit:	0.1 A	Read/write
8	XF07	SSR failure detection cur- rent value (See note 2.)	0000			
9	XF08	Cooling manual output vari-	0000	Range:	0000 to 03E8 (0.0 to 100.0)]
		able (See note 4.)		Unit:	0.1%	

Variable Type: 88

• Set the value of X in the addresses as follows:

X: Control point number (0 to 7). Set "A" all control points. The setting A is valid for writing only.

• Set values cannot be changed while auto-tuning is being executed.

Note

- These parameters can be set only when operation is stopped.
 These parameters can be set while auto-tuning is being executed.
- 3. When external contact inputs are used to set the memory bank, the memory banks cannot be switched using communications.
- 4. The manual output variable can be set only during manual operation. This applies to both heating and cooling control.
- 5. The relationship between the set point and alarm mode is as shown below.

Set point	Alarm mode
0000	No alarm
0001	Upper- and lower-limit alarm
0002	Upper-limit alarm
0003	Lower-limit alarm
0004	Upper- and lower-limit range alarm
0005	Upper- and lower-limit alarm with standby sequence
0006	Upper-limit alarm with standby sequence
0007	Lower-limit alarm with standby sequence
0008	Absolute-value upper-limit alarm
0009	Absolute-value lower-limit alarm
000A	Absolute-value upper-limit alarm with standby sequence
000B	Absolute-value lower-limit alarm with standby sequence
000C	HB alarm and HS alarm (general alarm)

DeviceNet Explicit Messages Set Values and Measurement

Section 4-4

4-4-8 Set Values for All Control Points

The following variable table is used for setting and monitoring set values that are used for all control points.

Variable Type: 88

Address	Set value or measurement value	Data setting or monitoring range	Data type
F000	Specification tempera- ture range lower limit (See note.)	Depends on the temperature sensor type used.	Numeric Read only
F001	Specification tempera- ture range upper limit (See note.)		
F002	Temperature unit	0: °C or 1: °F	
F003	Setting unit	0: 1°C/°F or 1: 0.1°C/°F Default: 0	Numeric Read/write

Note When a W sensor is used with the setting unit set to 0.1°C/°F, the upper limit will be read as 7D00.

SECTION 5 Communications Errors

This section provides information on response end codes and indicator statuses used to troubleshoot E5ZE DeviceNet explicit communications errors.

5-1	End Co	des	34
	5-1-1	Checking FINS Command 2801 End Code	34
	5-1-2	Checking DeviceNet Error Codes.	34
	5-1-3	Checking 0101 (Read) and 0102 (Write) Commands End Codes	35
5-2	Indicat	- Ors	37

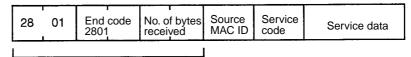
5-1 End Codes

The results of communications with the E5ZE using DeviceNet explicit messages can be confirmed using the response end codes. Perform any error processing using the communications program according to the contents of the end codes.

Check the end code using the following procedure.

- 1,2,3... 1. Check the end code of FINS command 2801 (OMRON PC Masters only).
 - 2. Check the end code of the DeviceNet explicit message.
 - 3. Check the end codes of commands 0101 and 0102.

Check the end codes in the order given above.



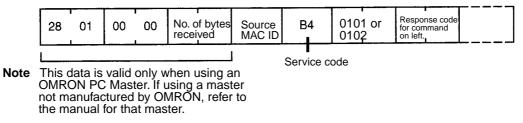
Note This data is valid only when using an OMRON PC Master. If using a master not manufactured by OMRON, refer to the manual for that master.

5-1-1 Checking FINS Command 2801 End Code

The command has ended normally when the response code is 0000. If the response code is not 0000, an error has occurred. If an error occurs, the data following the end code will be lost. For error code details, refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267)* or the *CS1W-DRM21 DeviceNet Unit Operation Manual (Cat. No. W380)*. Command 2801 errors are detected by the PC or the DeviceNet Master.

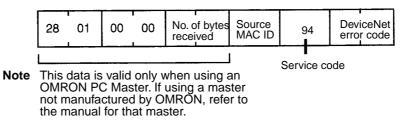
5-1-2 Checking DeviceNet Error Codes

Normal End



The command has ended normally when the service code is B4.

Error



If an error has occurred, the service code will be 94. The DeviceNet error code will be added after the service code. The error code meanings and remedies are described below.

End Codes

DeviceNet Error Codes

Error code	Me	aning	Remedy
08FF	Service not supported	Invalid service code or instance ID	Check the service code and instance ID set- tings.
16FF	Object does not exist	Invalid class ID	Check the class ID settings.
16FF	Device state conflict	A processing error has occurred in the Tempera- ture Controller.	Resend the DeviceNet explicit message.
0CFF	Object state conflict	A new command was received while processing the previous command.	Wait for a response to the command being processed, and then send a new command.

5-1-3 Checking 0101 (Read) and 0102 (Write) Commands End Codes

Read

The responses to commands 0101 and 0102 are described below. The commands have ended normally when the response code is 0000.

	28	01	00	00	No. of byte received	s Source MAC ID	B4	01	01	End code	Read data
Note This data is valid only when using an OMRON PC Master. If using a master not manufactured by OMRON, refer to the manual for that master.											
Write Note This data is valid only when using an OMRON PC Master. If using a master not manufactured by OMRON, refer to the manual for that master.											
		28	01	00	00 No. of receiv		urce E CID	34	01	02 End	d code
Error code: 0204		Na	ime: E	Busy e	rror						
Meaning	Meaning A processing error has occurred in the E5ZE.										
Processing	Turn ON the power to E5ZE again. If the E5ZE is set to continuous communi- cations and messages are being transmitted, increase the interval between transmissions.										
Error code: 0401		Na	ime: l	Jndefir	ned comma	Ind					
Meaning				A com	mand that	is not su	pported	by the	e Unit	has been	used.
Processing				Check	the conte	nts of the	commai	nd da	ita.		

Error code: 1001	Nama: Command length too long
Error code: 1001	Name: Command length too long
Meaning	
	The command is longer than the maximum permissible length.
Processing	
	Check the contents of the command data and re-enter it correctly.
Error code: 1002:	Name: Command length too short
Meaning	
	The command is shorter than the minimum permissible length.
Processing	
	Check the contents of the command data and re-enter it correctly.
Error code: 1003	Name: Number of data elements and data do not match
Meaning	
-	The number of data elements do not match the number of write data in the
	command data.
Processing	
	Specify the command data so that the number of data elements match.
Error code: 1005	Name: FINS header error
Meaning	
	The command format received is incorrect.
Processing	
	Check the communications conditions. If the communications conditions
	match, there is a malfunction in the communications circuit at the Master Unit,
Frror code: 1100	at the E5ZE, or at both Units.
Error code: 1100	
Error code: 1100 Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error
	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the
Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error
	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range.
Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values.
Meaning Processing	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values.
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly.
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly.
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly.
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly. Name: First address outside range
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly.
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103 Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly. Name: First address outside range The first address in the command data is set incorrectly or the address is set
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly. Name: First address outside range The first address in the command data is set incorrectly or the address is set to words that do not exist in the set value and measurement value table.
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103 Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly. Name: First address outside range The first address in the command data is set incorrectly or the address is set
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103 Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly. Name: First address outside range The first address in the command data is set incorrectly or the address is set to words that do not exist in the set value and measurement value table. Check the first address referring to the DeviceNet explicit messages set value
Meaning Processing Error code: 1101 Meaning Processing Error code: 1103 Meaning	at the E5ZE, or at both Units. Name: Parameter error There is an error in the command data or the parameters are set outside the permissible range. Check the setting range and rewrite or reread the correct parameter values. Name: Incorrect memory area The variable type code is set incorrectly. Check the variable type code and re-enter it correctly. Name: First address outside range The first address in the command data is set incorrectly or the address is set to words that do not exist in the set value and measurement value table. Check the first address referring to the DeviceNet explicit messages set value

Indicators	Section 5-2
Meaning	The end address in the command data is set incorrectly or the address is set
Broccesing	to words that do not exist in the set value and measurement value table.
Processing	Check the permissible end address setting range referring to the DeviceNet explicit messages set value and measurement value table, and re-enter the correct address.
Error code: 110B	Name: Excessive response block length
Meaning	
incuring	The response block is longer than the permissible maximum length (512 bytes).
Processing	
-	Check the command format, and re-enter the data elements within the per- missible range (512 bytes). The restrictions on the length of the response block depend on the capacity of the Master Unit. Make sure that the maximum response block length is not exceeded even if the length is within 512 bytes.
Error code: 2203	Name: Mode error
Meaning	Command did not execute. The following may have caused the mode error. • Executing a command apart from Operation Stop (OP) or Auto-tuning Stop
	(AP) was attempted during auto-tuning.
	 Executing Auto-tuning Start (AS) when operation is stopped. Writing a memory bank number when setting the memory bank using contact input.
Processing	Read or write the parameters in a different operation mode.
Error code: 3002	Name: Write only
Meaning	
incumg	Attempt to read data from an area that is write-only.
Processing	Check the first address and number of data elements in the DeviceNet explicit messages set value and process value table and re-enter the correct address and number of data elements.
Error code: 3003	Name: Read only
Meaning	
g	Attempt to write in an area that is read-only.
Processing	Check the first address and number of data elements in the DeviceNet explicit messages set value and process value table and re-enter the correct address and number of data elements.
5-2 Indicat	tors
	DeviceNet errors are indicated by the status of the MS and NS indicators on

DeviceNet errors are indicated by the status of the MS and NS indicators on the E5ZE. The following table shows the relationship between the indicator status and the corresponding error.

Indicators

Indicator Status and Meaning

Indicator status		Network status	Probable cause and remedy		
MS	NS				
ON (green)	ON (green)	Remote I/O or message commu- nications in progress	E5ZE is communicating normally.		
ON (green)	OFF	Checking for node address duplication	Checking whether the Unit's node address has been set on another node.		
ON (green)	Flashing (green)	Waiting for connection	The Unit is waiting for a connection from the Master Unit.		
ON (red)	OFF	Watchdog timer error	A watchdog timer error occurred in the Unit. Replace the Unit.		
Flashing (red)	OFF	Incorrect switch settings	A mistake has been made in the DeviceNet switch settings. Check the settings and restart the Slave.		
ON (green)	ON (red)	Node address duplication	The same Slave Unit node address has been set on another node. Change the settings to eliminate the duplication and restart the Slave.		
ON (green)	ON (red)	Bus Off error detected	The communications controller detected a Bus Off status and communications have been stopped.		
			Check the following items and restart the Slave Unit.		
			Does the baud rate of the Master and Slave match?		
			 Are cable lengths (trunk lines and branch lines) appropriate? Are any cables disconnected or loose? 		
			 Is terminating resistance applied to both ends of the trunk lines and nowhere else? 		
			 Is there excessive noise? 		
ON	Flashing	Communications timeout	The connection with the Master Unit timed out.		
(green)	(red)		A communications time-out error has occurred.		
			Check the following items and restart the Slave Unit.		
			 Does the baud rate of the Master and Slave match? 		
			 Are cable lengths (trunk lines and branch lines) appropriate? Are any cables disconnected or loose? 		
			 Is terminating resistance applied to both ends of the trunk lines and nowhere else? 		
			 Is there excessive noise? 		

Refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267)* for details on error processing.

SECTION 6 Communications Program Examples

This section provides communications programs examples using CVM1 or CV-series PCs and using C200HX/C200HE/C200HG PCs.

6-1	CVM1 and CV-series PCs	40
6-2	C200HX/C200HG/C200HE PCs	47
6-3	CS1 PCs	54
	6-3-1 Using Programs	54

The programming used in this section provides an example of writing and reading alarm 1 temperatures using message communications for all the E5ZE's control points from a ladder program in a CVM1 Programmable Controller.

Procedure

- 1,2,3... 1. Transmit the program to the CVM1 PC.
 - 2. Set the CVM1 PC to RUN or MONITOR Mode.
 - 3. Set the alarm 1 temperature data to be written in order in words DM00020 to DM00027 for all control points (0 to 7). (This program will set the temperature to 100.0°C (03E8) for all control points.)
 - 4. Writing will be executed when bit CIO 013100 is turned ON at the CVM1 PC.
 - 5. When writing is completed, CIO 013100 will turn OFF.
 - 6. When the bit CIO 013101 is turned ON at the CVM1 PC, reading will be executed.
 - 7. When reading is completed, CIO 013101 will turn OFF.
 - 8. The data that has been read will be stored in order in words DM00060 to DM00067 for all control points (0 to 7).
 - 9. If an attempt is made to execute reading and writing simultaneously, only writing will be executed.

When bit CIO 10001 is ON, writing is performed, and when bit CIO 10006 is ON, reading is performed. If message communications are not executed properly, the same instructions will be executed.

Program Application Conditions

- Set the CVM1-DRM21-EV1 CompoBus/D Master Unit as a CPU Bus Unit to unit number 0.
- Use a CVM1-CPU11-EV2 CPU Unit.
- Set the communications parameters as follows: Baud rate: 500 kbps
 - CVM1-DRM21-EV1 node address: 00
 - E5ZE node address: 32

Refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D)* Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267) for details on using the CMND(194) instruction.

 E5ZE IN start address: CIO 2032 (This address is used only with fixed allocations.) • The CVM1 work and data memory area details are described in the following tables.

ing tables			
Work Area		Contents	
Word	Bit		
CIO 0100	010000	Indicates the interlock is ON. Turns ON when communications between the Master and E5ZE are normal and the E5ZE is in READY Mode.	
	010001	Write Request Flag. Turns ON when bit CIO 013100 turns ON, and turns OFF when writing has been completed normally.	
	010002	ON when a (1 shot) explicit message has been received.	
	010003		
	010004		
	010005	ON when an explicit message response is normal.	
	010006	Read Request Flag. Turns ON when bit CIO 013101 turns ON, and turns OFF when reading has been completed normally.	
	010007		
	010008	Turns ON when bit CIO 013100 turns ON.	
	010009	Turns ON when bit CIO 013101 turns ON.	
CIO 0131	013100	Write Start Bit	
	013101	Read Start Bit	

DM Area words	Contents
D00100 to D00105	Write control code
D00106 to D00111	Read control data
D00012 to D00019	FINS write command header code
D00020 to D00027	Alarm 1 temperature write data for control points 0 to 7
D00040 to D00047	FINS read command header code
D00054 to D00059	Response block header code storage area
D00060 to D00067	Alarm 1 temperature read data for control points 0 to 7
D00080 to D00082	Response code check area

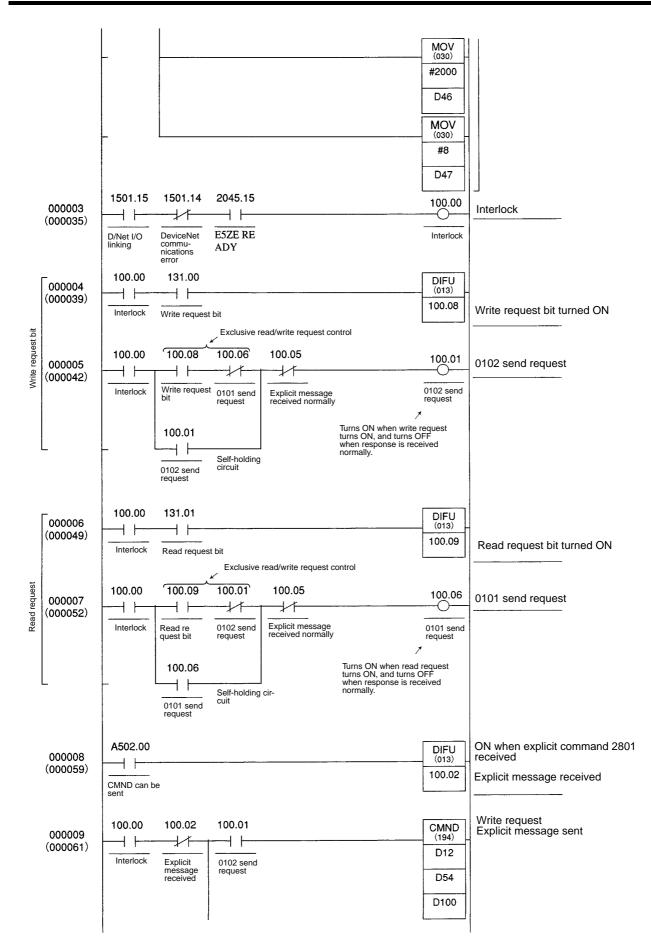
CPU B	us Unit Area	Contents
Word	Bit	
CIO1500	150015	I/O link flag
	150014	Error flag

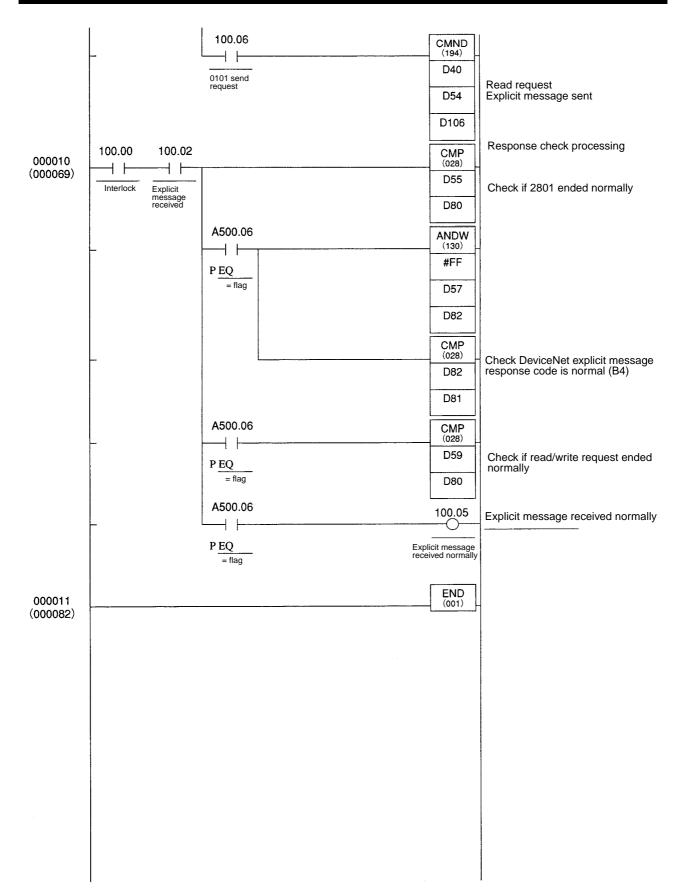
Ladder Program Example

	4500.45		,	
000000	A500.15		BSET (041)	-
(000000)	First Scan Flag	1	#0	
			D0	Initializes area in use.
			D79	
			MOV (030)	
			#0	
			D80	
			MOV (030)	Initializes response code check area.
			#B4	
			D81	
000004	A500.15		MOV	Data Set for Write as Follows:
000001 (000004)			(030) #20	Number of send data bytes: 32
	First Scan Flag			
			D100	
	_		MOV (030)	
			#C	Number of receive data bytes: 12
			D101	
			MOV (030)	
			#0	Destination: DRM21 (Network address 0 = local network.)
			D102	address $0 = 10$ cal network.)
			MOV (030)	
			#10	Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10)
			D103	Bus Unit No. 10)
	_		MOV (030)	
			#0	Response required, communications port 0, 0 retries
			D104	
	_		MOV (030)	
			#0	Response monitoring time: 2 s
			D105	Response monitoring time. 2 s
			MOV (030)	
	-		(030) #2801	FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages
			D12	
1	I	L		

	_	MOV (030) #2034 D13	Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34
		MOV (030) #84 D14	Class ID 0084
	_	MOV (030) #0 D15	Instance ID 0000
	_	MOV (030) #102 D16	Write command
		MOV (030) #9000 D17	Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7
		MOV (030) #2000 D18	
	_	 MOV (030) #8 D19	
		 BSET (041) #3E8 D20	Alarm 1 temperature 100.0 data set for control points 0 to 7.
000002 (000020)	A500.15	D27 MOV (030) #10	Data Set for Read as Follows: Number of send data bytes: 16
		 D106 MOV (030) #20	Number of receive data bytes: 32
		D107	

	MOV (030)	
	#0	Destination: DRM21 (Network address 0 = local network.)
	D108	network.)
	MOV (030)	
	#10	Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10)
	D109	
Ļ	MOV (030)	
	#0	Response required, communications port 0, 0 retries
	D110	
_	 MOV (030)	
	#0	Response monitoring time: 2 s
	D111	
 -	MOV (030)	
	#2801	FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages
	D40	
-	 MOV (030)	
	#2034	Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34
a A	D41	
-	 MOV (030)	
	#84	Class ID 0084
	D42	
	 MOV (030)	
	#0	Instance ID 0000
	D43	
-	 MOV (030)	
	#101	Write command
	D44	
Ļ	MOV (030)	-
	#9000	Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7
	D45	





The programming used in this section provides an example of writing and reading alarm 1 temperatures using message communications for all the E5ZE's control points from a ladder program in a C200HX/C200HG/C200HE Programmable Controller.

Procedure

- *1,2,3...* 1. Transmit the program to the C200HX/C200HG/C200HE PC.
 - 2. Set the C200HX/C200HG/C200HE PC to RUN or MONITOR Mode.
 - 3. Set the alarm 1 temperature data to be written in order in words DM0020 to DM0027 for all control points (0 to 7). (This program will set the temperature to 100.0°C (03E8) for all control points.)
 - 4. Writing will be executed when bit CIO 06000 is turned ON at the C200HX/ C200HG/C200HE PC.
 - 5. When writing is completed, CIO 05001 will turn OFF.
 - 6. When bit CIO 06001 is turned ON at the C200HX/C200HG/C200HE PC, reading will be executed.
 - 7. When reading is completed, CIO 05006 will turn OFF.
 - 8. The data that has been read will be stored in order in words DM0060 to DM 0067 for all control points (0 to 7).
 - 9. If an attempt is made to execute reading and writing simultaneously, only writing will be executed.

When bit CIO 05001 is ON, writing is performed, and when bit CIO 05006 is ON, reading is performed. If message communications are not executed properly, the same instructions will be executed.

Program Application Conditions

- Set the C200HW-DRM21-EV1 CompoBus/D Master Unit to unit number 0 as a CPU Bus Units.
- Use the CVM1-CPU21-E CPU Unit.
- Set the communications parameters as follows: Baud rate: 500 kbps
 - C200H-DRM21-EV1 node address: 00
 - E5ZE node address: 32

Refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D)* Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267) for details on using the IOWR(223) instruction.

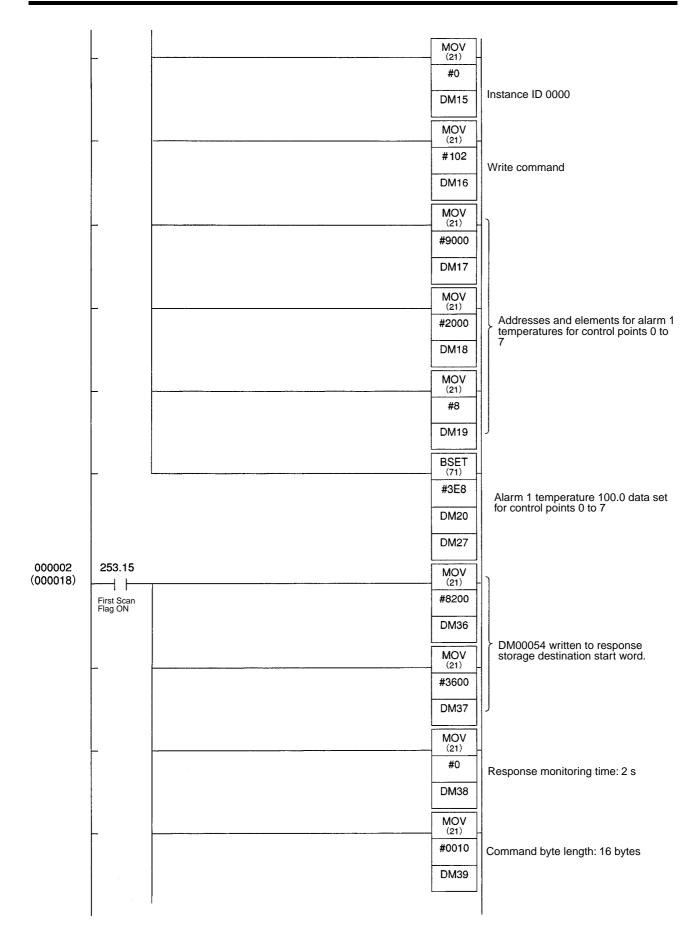
- E5ZE IN start address: CIO 382 (This address is used only with fixed allocation.)
- The following tables show the IR Area 1 and DM Area contents. The function of all of these bits and words is defined by the user for the program.

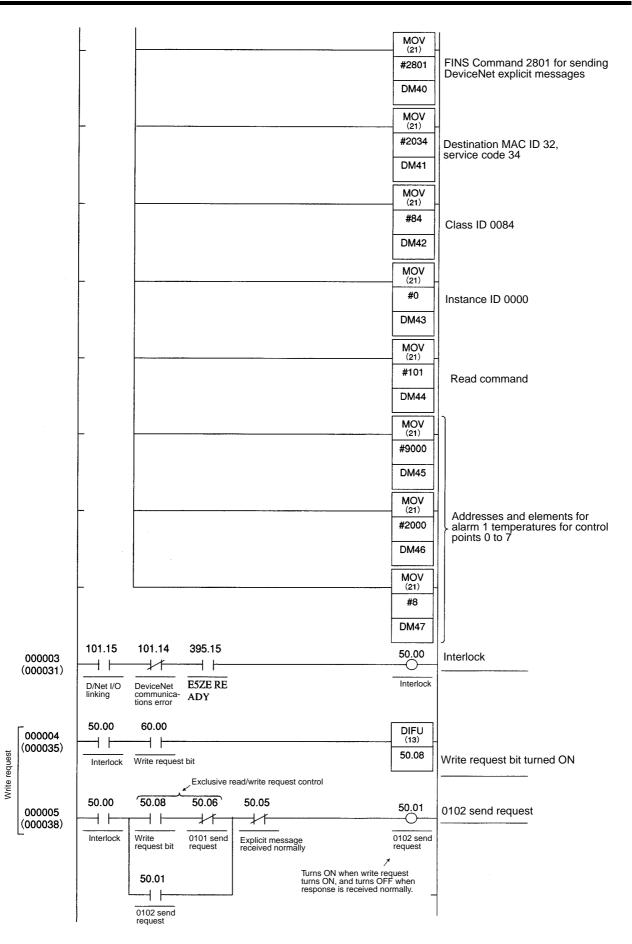
• Some of the other bits that appear in the program are allocated to the Master Unit. Refer to the *DeviceNet (CompoBus/D) Operation Manual (Cat. No. W267))* for details.

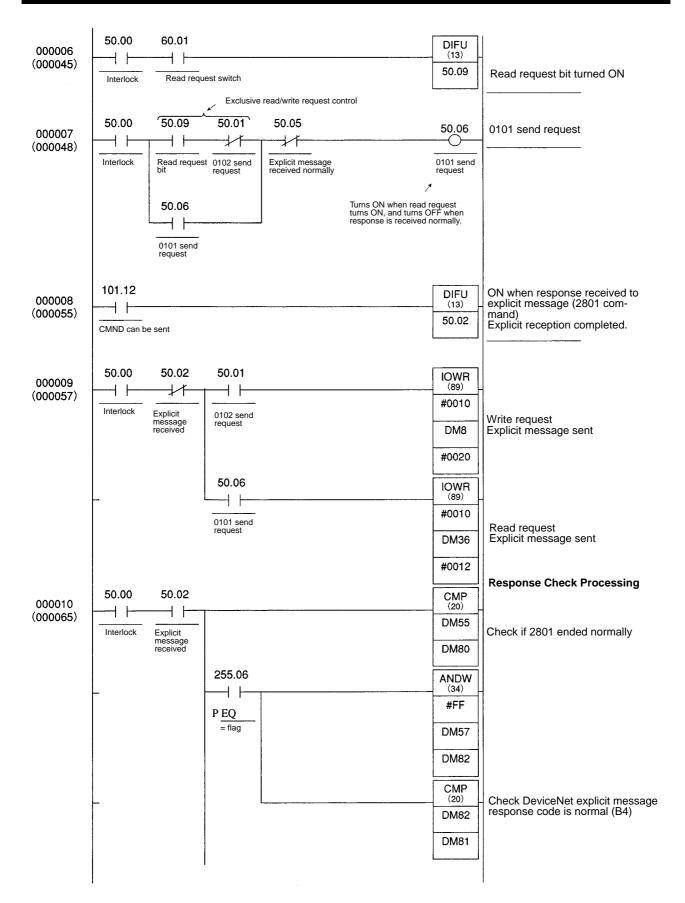
14/ 1			0	
Word	Bit		Contents	
CIO 060	06000		Write Start Bit	
	06001		Read Start Bit	
DM Area words			Contents	
D0008 to D0009		First word of write command response storage area		
_		1		

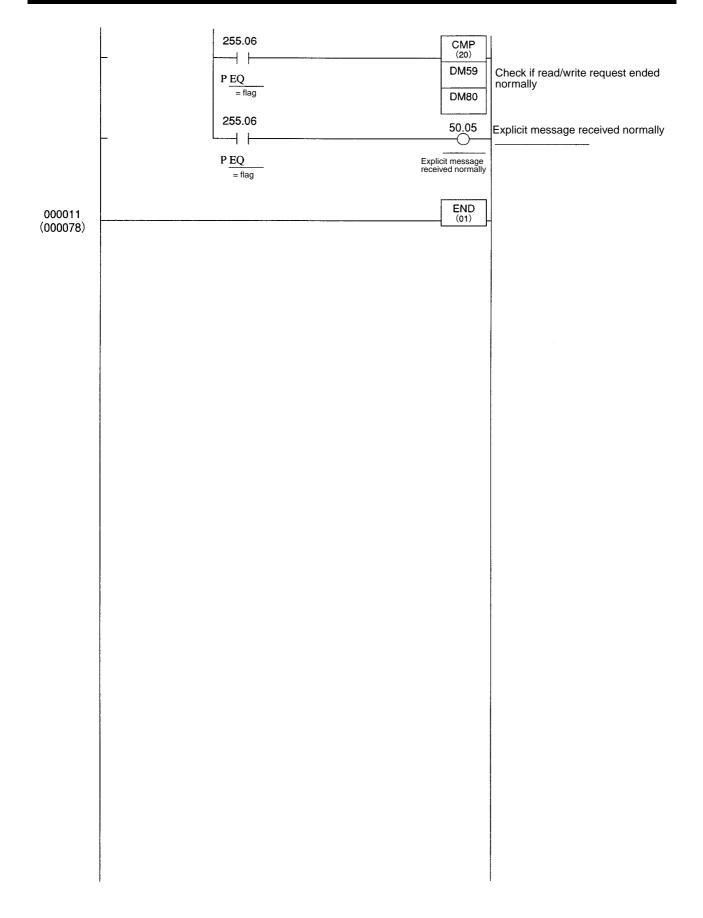
D0008 to D0009	First word of write command response storage area
D0010	Response monitoring time
D0011	Command byte length
D0012 to D0015	DeviceNet explicit message FINS header code
D0016 to D0019	FINS command header code (write)
D0020 to D0027	Alarm 1 temperature write data for control points 0 to 7
D0036 to D0037	First word of read command response storage area
D0038	Response monitoring time
D0039	Command byte length
D0040 to D0043	DeviceNet explicit message FINS header code
D0044 to D0047	FINS command header code (read)
D0080 to D0082	Response block end code comparative data
D0054 to D0059	Response block header code storage area
D0060 to D0067	Alarm 1 temperature read data for control points 0 to 7

000000	253.15	BSET (71)	
(000000)	First Scan Flag ON	#0	
	Flag ON	DM0	Initializes area in use.
		DM79	
		MOV (21)	
		#0	
		DM80	
		MOV (21)	Initializes response code check area.
		(21) #B4	
		DM81	
000001	253.15	MOV	Data Set for Write as Follows:
(000004)	First Scan Flag ON	(21) #8200	
	Flag ON	DM8	
		MOV (21)	DM00054 written to response stor- age destination start word.
		(21) #3600	
		DM9	
		MOV (21)	
	-	(21) #0	Response monitoring time: 2 s
		DM10	Response monitoring time. 2 S
		MOV	
	-	MOV (21) #20	Command byte length: 32 bytes
		DM11	
		MOV	
		MOV (21) #2801	FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages
		DM12	Devicemet explicit messages
		MOV	
	-	 (21) #2034	Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34
		DM13	
	-	MOV (21) #84	
		DM14	Class ID 0084
	1		I









6-3 CS1 PCs

6-3-1 Using Programs

The programming used in this section provides an example of writing and reading alarm 1 temperatures using message communications for all the E5ZE's control points from a ladder program in a CS1 Programmable Controller.

Procedure

- 1,2,3... 1. Transmit the program to the CS1 PC.
 - 2. Set the CS1 PC to RUN or MONITOR Mode.
 - 3. Set the alarm 1 temperature data to be written in order in words DM0020 to DM0027 for all control points (0 to 7). (This program will set the temperature to 100.0°C (03E8) for all control points.)
 - 4. Writing will be executed when bit CIO 013100 is turned ON at the CS1 PC.
 - 5. When writing is completed, CIO 010001 will turn OFF.
 - 6. When bit CIO 013101 is turned ON at the CS1 PC, reading will be executed.
 - 7. When reading is completed, CIO 10006 will turn OFF.
 - 8. The data that has been read will be stored in order in words DM0060 to DM0067 for all control points (0 to 7).
 - 9. If an attempt is made to execute reading and writing simultaneously, only writing will be executed.

When bit CIO 10001 is ON, writing is performed, and when bit CIO 10006 is ON, reading is performed. If message communications are not executed properly, the same instructions will be executed.

Program Application Conditions

- Set the CVM1-DRM21-EV1 DeviceNet Master Unit as a CPU Bus Unit to unit number 0.
- Use a CS1H-CPU67 Unit.
- Set the communications parameters as follows:
 - Baud rate: 500 kbps

CS1W-DRM21 node address: 00

E5ZE node address: 32

Refer to the CS1W-DRM21 DeviceNet Unit Operation Manual (Cat. No. W380) for details on using the CMND(490) instruction.

- E5ZE IN start address: CIO 3332 (This address is used only with fixed allocation.)
- Used when Master Mode is enabled. The dot on the left of the Master 7segment LED indicator will light or flash.

• The CVM1 work and data memory area details are described in the following tables.

Work Area		Contents
Word	Bit	
CIO 0100	010000	Indicates the interlock is ON. Turns ON when communications between the Master and E5ZE are normal, and the E5ZE is in READY Mode.
	010001	Write Request Flag. Turns ON when bit CIO 013100 turns ON, and turns OFF when writing has been completed normally.
	010002	ON when a (1 shot) explicit message has been received.
	010003	
	010004	
	010005	ON when an explicit message response is normal.
	010006	Read Request Flag. Turns ON when bit CIO 013101 turns ON, and turns OFF when reading has been completed normally.
	010007	
	010008	Turns ON when bit CIO 013100 turns ON.
	010009	Turns ON when bit CIO 013101 turns ON.
CIO 0131	CIO 013100	Write Start Bit
	CIO 013101	Read Start Bit

DM Area words	Contents
D00100 to D00105	Write control code
D00106 to D00111	Read control data
D00012 to D00019	FINS write command header code
D00020 to D00027	Alarm 1 temperature write data for control points 0 to 7
D00040 to D00047	FINS read command header code
D00054 to D00059	Response block header code storage area
D00060 to D00067	Alarm 1 temperature read data for control points 0 to 7
D00080 to D00082	Response code check area

CPU Bus Unit Area		Contents
Word	Bit	
CIO1524	152415	I/O Link Flag
	152414	Error Flag

CS1 PCs

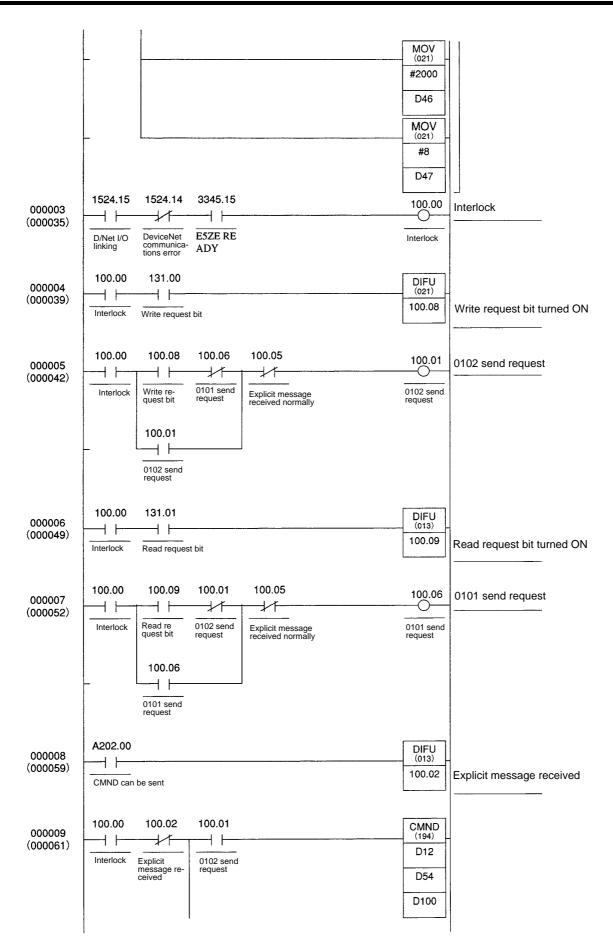
000000	A200.15	BSET (071)	
(000000)	First Scan Flag	#0	
		D0	Initializes area in use.
		D79	<u>_</u>
		 MOV (021)	
		#0 D80	
		MOV	Initializes response code check area.
	_ l	 (021) #B4	
		D81	J
000001	A200.15	MOV (021)	Data Set for Write as Follows: Number of send data bytes: 32
(000004)	First Scan Flag	#20	
		D100	
	_	 MOV (021)	
		#C	Number of receive data bytes: 12
		D101	
	-	MOV (021)	
		#0 D102	Destination: DRM21 (Network address 0 = local network.)
	_	MOV (021) #10	Destination: DRM21 (node address 0
		D103	= Master MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10)
		MOV (021)	
		#0	Response required, communications port 0, 0 retries
		D104	
		 MOV (021)	
	1	#0 D105	Response monitoring time: 2 s
		MOV (030) #2801	FINS command 2801 for sending
		D12	FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages

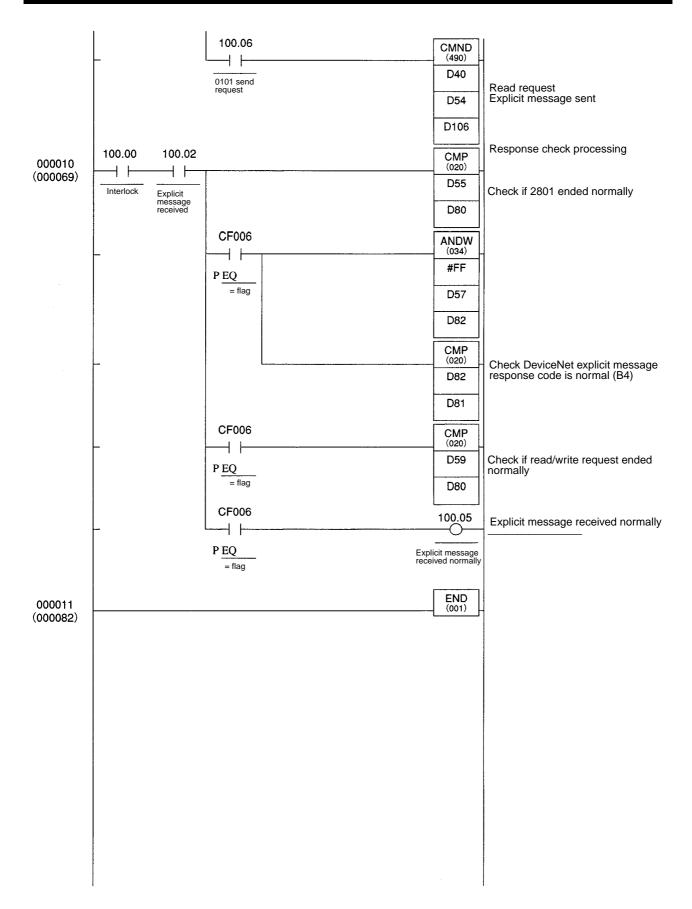
	1	1		
			MOV (021)	
			#2034	Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34
			D13	
			MOV (021)	
			#84	Class ID 0084
			D14	
			MOV (021)	
			#0	Instance ID 0000
			D15	
			MOV (021)	
			(021) #102	Write command
			D16	White command
			MOV	Addresses and elements for alarm 1
	-		(021) #9000	Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7
			D17	
	_		MOV (021)	
			#2000	
			D18	
	_		MOV (021)	
			#8	
			D19	
			BSET (021)	_
			#3E8	Alarm 1 temperature 100.0 data set
			D20	Alarm 1 temperature 100.0 data set for control points 0 to 7.
			D27	
000002	A200.15		MOV (021)	Data Set for Read as Follows: Number of send data bytes: 16
(000020)	First Scan Flag		#10	
			D106	
			MOV	
			(021) #20	Number of receive data bytes: 32
			D107	
			L]	
	1			1

MOY (021) Pestination: DRM21 (Network address 0 = local metrork.) MOY (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #10 (021) Dotal MOY (021) #10 (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #00 (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #01 (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #02 (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #02 (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #02 (021) Pestination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MOY (021) #02 (022)			
#0 Destination: DRM21 (Network address 0 = local network.) 0108 MOV #10 Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10) 0109 MOV 0201 Response required, communications port 0, 0 0101 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 0110 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 0110 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 0101 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 040 MOV 0201 Response to required, communications port 0, 0 040 MOV 040 MOV 040 MOV 040 Read command 040 MOV 040 MOV 040 Read command	1		
#0 Destination: DRM21 (Network address 0 = local network.) 0108 MOV #10 Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10) 0109 MOV 0201 Response required, communications port 0, 0 0101 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 0110 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 0110 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 0101 MOV 0201 Response monitoring time: 2 s 040 MOV 0201 Response to required, communications port 0, 0 040 MOV 040 MOV 040 MOV 040 Read command 040 MOV 040 MOV 040 Read command		MC (02	
D108 MOV (001) #10 D109 MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10) MAC ID, or Master CPU Bus Unit No. 10) Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 MOV (001) #84 D41 MOV (001) #84 D41 MOV (001) #84 D42 MOV (001) #84 D43 MOV (001) #1 MOV (001) #2000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures tor control points 0 to 7			
#10 Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MA MOV D109 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D111 MOV Response monitoring time: 2 s #10 MOV #2001 #2001 MOV Response monitoring time: 2 s MOV Response monitor		D1	
#10 Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master MA MOV D109 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D111 MOV Response monitoring time: 2 s #10 MOV #2001 #2001 MOV Response monitoring time: 2 s MOV Response monitor			
D109 MOV (021) #0 Pretries Pretries Pretries MOV (021) #0 D110 MOV (021) #0 D111 Response required, communications port 0, 0 retries MOV (021) #0 D111 MOV (021) #2801 MOV (021) #2801 MOV (021) #2034 D40 MOV (021) #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 D41 MOV (021) #24 D42 MOV (021) #0 D43 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #101 Pead command			Destination: DRM21 (node address 0 = Master
MOV (021) Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV (021) Response monitoring time: 2 s MOV (021) FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOV (021) #2801 MOV (021) EINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOV (021) #2804 MOV (021) Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) MOV (021) #0 D44 MOV (021) Instance ID 0000 MOV (021) MOV (021) #0 D43 MOV (021) Read command MOV (021) MOV (021) #101 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7			
(021) Response required, communications port 0, 0 #0 D110 MOV #0 Primes Response monitoring time: 2 s MOV #2801 #2801 FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages D40 MOV #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV #2034 MOV #2034 Class ID 0084 D42 MOV #84 D42 Instance ID 0000 MOV #00 MOV #01 #01 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 Horperatures for control points 0 to 7			
#0 retries 0110 MOV #0 Response monitoring time: 2 s 100 111 100 111 100 111 100 111 100 111 100 111 1111 1111	_	M((0)	21) H
MOY (021) Response monitoring time: 2 s MOY (021) FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOY (021) #2801 MOY (021) Data MOY (021) EINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOY (021) #2804 Data MOY (021) MOY (021) Class ID 0084 MOY (021) Hot (021) MOY (021) For an and a command moy (021) MOY (021) Hot (021) MOY (021) Read command MOY (021) MOY (021) Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7		#	retries
(021) #0 #0 D111 #0 Response monitoring time: 2 s (021) FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOV (021) #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) #101 Read command D44 MOV (021) #101 Pead command Addresses and elements for alarm 1 emperatures for control points 0 to 7 Paddresses for control points 0 to 7		D1	10
#0 Response monitoring time: 2 s MOV (021) FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOV (021) #2801 #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) #84 D42 Class ID 0084 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) Instance ID 0000 MOV (021) #101 MOV (021) #101 MOV (021) #101 MOV (021) #2000			
D111 MOV (021) #2001 FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages MOV (021) Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) Class ID 0084 MOV (021) mov (021) #84 Class ID 0084 MOV (021) Instance ID 0000 MOV (021) MOV (021) #000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7			1
#2801 FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages D40 MOV (021) #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) #0 #84 D42 MOV (021) #0 #84 D42 MOV (021) #0 Base in the importance of the importan		D1	
#2801 FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet explicit messages D40 MOV (021) #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) #0 #84 D42 MOV (021) #0 #84 D42 MOV (021) #0 Base in the importance of the importan			
Image: Date of the second state of	-	permanent and perma	BOT FINS command 2801 for sending DeviceNet
MOV (021) Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 D41 D41 MOV (021) Class ID 0084 MOV (021) MOV (021) #84 Class ID 0084 D42 MOV (021) #0 Instance ID 0000 D43 Read command MOV (021) MOV (021) #101 Read command MOV (021) Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7			
(021) #2034 Destination MAC ID 32, service code 34 D41 D41 MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) MOV (021) #84 D42 MOV (021) MOV (021) #00 MOV (021) #101 Read command MOV (021) MOV (021) #000 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) MOV (021) #4000			
D41 MOV (021) #84 D42 Class ID 0084 D42 MOV (021) #0 D43 MOV (021) #101 MOV (021) #101 MOV (021) #101 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7	-		
MOV (021) Class ID 0084 #84 D42 MOV (021) Instance ID 0000 #0 Instance ID 0000 D43 MOV (021) #101 Read command #2000 MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7			
(021) #84 D42 Class ID 0084 MOV (021) #0 #0 Instance ID 0000 D43 MOV (021) #101 Read command MOV (021) #101 #44 MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7		D	41
Class ID 0084 D42 MOV (021) #0 Instance ID 0000 D43 MOV (021) #101 Read command D44 MOV (021) #101 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7		M(0)	DV 21)
D42 MOV (021) #0 Instance ID 0000 D43 MOV (021) #101 D44 Read command D44 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7	1.	#1	B4 Class ID 0084
(021) #0 Instance ID 0000 D43 MOV (021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #101 Read command MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7		D	
#0 Instance ID 0000 D43 MOV (021) #101 #101 Read command D44 MOV (021) #101 #44 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 #9000 Addresses for control points 0 to 7		 M	DV I
D43 MOV (021) #101 D44 D44 MOV (021) #101 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7	–		±0
(021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7		 D	
(021) #101 D44 MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7			
MOV (021) Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7	-	(0)	21)
MOV (021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7			Read command
(021) #9000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7		D	44
temperatures for control points 0 to 7	-	M(21) -
D45		#9	000 Addresses and elements for alarm 1 temperatures for control points 0 to 7
		D	45

CS1 PCs

CS1 PCs





Appendix A Multi-vendor Applications

Basic I/O Slave Device Protocol

General data	Compatible DeviceNet Specifications	Volume I - Release 2.0 Volume II - Release 2.0			
	Header name	OMRON Corporation	Header ID = 47		
	Device protocol name	Slaves: Generic	Protocol number = 0		
	Manufacturer catalog number	W347			
	Manufacturer revision	1.3			
Physical conform-	Network current consumption	24 VDC at 45 mA max.	24 VDC at 45 mA max.		
ance data	Connector type	Open plug			
	Physical insulation	Yes			
	Supported indicators	Module, Network	Module, Network		
	MAC ID setting	DIP switch			
	Default MAC ID	0			
	Baud rate setting	DIP switch			
	Supported baud rates	125 kbps, 250 kbps, and 500 kbps			
Communications	Predefined Master/Slave connection set	Group 2 only server			
data	Dynamic connection support (UCMM)	None			
	Explicit message fragmentation support	oort Yes			

Object Mounting

Identity Object (0x01)

Object class	Attributes	Not supported
	Services	Not supported

Iten	า		ID Contents	Get (read)	Set (write)	Value
Object instance	Attributes	1	Vendor	Yes	No	47
		2	Product type	Yes	No	0
		3	Product code	Yes	No	305
		4	Revision	Yes	No	1.3
		5	Status (bits supported)	Yes	No	
		6	Serial number	Yes	No	Unique for each Unit
		7	Product name	Yes	No	E5ZE
		8	State	No	No	

Item		DeviceNet service		Parameter option	
Object instance	Services	05	Reset	No	
		0E	Get_Attribute_Single	No	

Message Router Object (0x02)

Object class	Attributes	Not supported
	Services	Not supported
Object instance	Attributes	Not supported
	Services	Not supported
Header specification addition		No

DeviceNet Object (0x03)

Item	ו		ID Contents	Get	(read)	Set (v	write)		Value
Object class	Attributes	1	Revision	Yes	/es No			2	
	Services	Not	supported			•		•	
Iter	n		ID Content	6	Get	read)	Set	(write)	Value
Object instance	Attributes	1	MAC ID		Yes		No	. ,	
		2	Baud rate		Yes		No		
		3	BOI		Yes		No		00 (hexadecimal)
		4	Bus Off counter		Yes		No		00 (hexadecimal)
		5	Allocation informat	ion	Yes		No		
		6	MAC ID switch cha	nged	No		No		
		7	Baud rate switch c	nanged	No		No		
		8	MAC ID switch value	le	No		No		
		9	Baud rate switch v	alue	No		No		

ltem		DeviceNet service		Parameter option
Object instance	Services	0E	Get_Attribute_Single	No
		4B	Allocate_Master/Slave_Connection_Set	No
		4C	Release_Master/Slave_Connection_Set	No

Assembly Object (0x04)

Object class	Attributes	Not supported
	Services	Not supported

ltem			ID Contents	Get (read)	Set (write)	Value
Object instance	Attributes	3	Data	Yes	Yes	

Item			DeviceNet service	Parameter option
Object instance	Services	0E	Get_Attribute_Single	No
		10	Set_Attribute_Single	No

Connection Object (0x05)

Object class	Attributes	Not supported
	Services	Not supported
	Max. number of active connections	1

Item	Section	Information	Max. number of interfaces
Object interface 1	Interface type	Explicit Message	1
	Production trigger	Cyclic	
	Transport type	Server	
	Transport class	3	

Multi-vendor Applications

Appendix A

ltem		ID Contents		Get (read)	Set (write)	Value
Object interface 1	Attributes	1	State	Yes	No	
		2	Instance type	Yes	No	00 (hexadecimal)
		3	Transport class trigger	Yes	No	83 (hexadecimal)
		4	Produced connection ID	Yes	No	
		5	Consumed connection ID	Yes	No	
		6	Initial comm. characteristics	Yes	No	21 (hexadecimal)
		7	Produced connection size	Yes	No	FFFF (hexadecimal)
		8	Consumed connection size	Yes	No	FFFF (hexadecimal)
		9	Expected packet rate	Yes	Yes	
		12	Watchdog time-out action	Yes	No	01 or 03
		13	Produced connection path length	Yes	No	00
		14	Produced connection path	Yes	No	
		15	Consumed connection path length	Yes	No	00
		16	Consumed connection path	Yes	No	
		17	Production inhibit time	Yes	No	

Item		DeviceNet service		Parameter option
Object interface 1	Services	05	Reset	No
		0E	Get_Attribute_Single	No
		10	Set_Attribute_Single	No

Item	Section	Information	Max. number of interfaces
Object interface 2	Interface type	Polled I/O	1
	Production trigger	Cyclic	
	Transport type	Server	
	Transport class	2	

ltem		ID Contents		Get (read)	Set (write)	Value
Object interface 2	Attributes	1	State	Yes	No	
		2	Instance type	Yes	No	01 (hexadecimal)
		3	Transport class trigger	Yes	No	82 (hexadecimal)
		4	Produced connection ID	Yes	No	
		5	Consumed connection ID	Yes	No	
		6	Initial comm. characteristics	Yes	No	01 (hexadecimal)
		7	Produced connection size	Yes	No	1C00 (hexadecimal)
		8	Consumed connection size	Yes	No	1200 (hexadecimal)
		9	Expected packet rate	Yes	Yes	
		12	Watchdog time-out action	Yes	No	00
		13	Produced connection path length	Yes	No	00
		14	Produced connection path	Yes	No	
		15	Consumed connection path length	Yes	No	00
		16	Consumed connection path	Yes	No	
		17	Production inhibit time	Yes	No	

Item			DeviceNet service	Parameter option
Object interface 2	Services	05	Reset	No
		0E	Get_Attribute_Single	No
		10	Set_Attribute_Single	No

Multi-vendor Applications

Appendix A

Item	Section	Information	Max. number of interfaces
Object interface 3	Interface type	Bit strobed I/O	1
	Production trigger	Cyclic	
	Transport type	Server	
	Transport class	2	

ltem			ID Contents	Get (read)	Set (write)	Value
Object interface 3	Attributes	1	State	Yes	No	
		2	Instance type	Yes	No	01 (hexadecimal)
		3	Transport class trigger	Yes	No	82 (hexadecimal)
		4	Produced connection ID	Yes	No	
		5	Consumed connection ID	Yes	No	
		6	Initial comm. characteristics	Yes	No	01 (hexadecimal)
		7	Produced connection size	Yes	No	0800 (hexadecimal)
		8	Consumed connection size	Yes	No	0800 (hexadecimal)
		9	Expected packet rate	Yes	Yes	
		12	Watchdog time-out action	Yes	No	00
		13	Produced connection path length	Yes	No	00
		14	Produced connection path	Yes	No	00_00_00_00_00_00
		15	Consumed connection path length	Yes	No	00
		16	Consumed connection path	Yes	No	00_00_00_00_00_00
		17	Production inhibit time	Yes	No	

Item			DeviceNet service	Parameter option
Object interface 3	Services	05	Reset	No
		0E	Get_Attribute_Single	No
		10	Set_Attribute_Single	No

Part 2 Serial Communications

This part of the manual provides information required to use RS-232C communications through the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack on the Temperature Controller

RS-232C Auxiliary Setting Jack and Remote I/O

Data written with the remote I/O function is updated in the E5ZE every 200 ms. If different settings are made with the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack and remote I/O communications, the settings made with the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack will last only until the next time the value is refreshed for remote I/O communications.

RS-232C Auxiliary Setting Jack and FINS Messages

Data written for the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack and FINS message are both achieved using commands If different settings are made with the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack and a FINS message, the last command that was executed will determine the value of the setting.

Saving Set Values

Any data sent with DeviceNet is automatically saved and will remain in memory even if the power supply is turned OFF. Data set from the RS-232C auxiliary setting jack, however, will not be saved unless the Memory Write Command (WE) is executed before power is turned OFF.

SECTION 1 Serial Communications Control

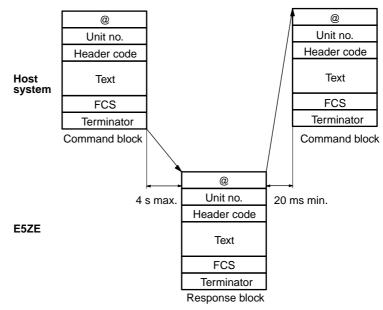
This section provides general information on serial communications and communications checks.

1-1	Communications Control Procedure	68
1-2	Block Format.	69
1-3	FCS Calculations.	69
1-4	Checks	70
1-5	Error Processing	70

1-1 Communications Control Procedure

The communications procedure of the E5ZE is a special conversation type. In each E5ZE system, all communications are initiated by the host computer of the system by sending a character string called command block to an E5ZE of the system. The E5ZE then sends a character string called response block back to the host computer, i.e., each time a block is transmitted, the transmission right is also transferred. Each block begins with a start character, @, and the unit number of the E5ZE and ends with an FCS and a terminator.

The E5ZE sends a response block back to the host computer whenever the host computer sends a command block to the E5ZE. The response block is processed by the host computer.



Note Command Block: A block sent from the host system. (Character string) Response Block: A block sent from the E5ZE. (Character string)



The host computer must be set up to read the responses sent by the E5ZE. If the host computer does not read any response, the reception buffer of the host computer may overflow.

Communications after E5ZE Turned OFF and ON

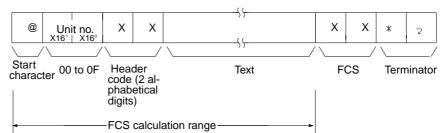
The host computer can send a command block to the E5ZE at least 4 s after the E5ZE is turned ON.

When the E5ZE is turned OFF and ON, do not fail to initialize the reception buffer of the host computer before sending a command from the host computer.

- The E5ZE requires a maximum of 4 s to process a command block, which must be taken into consideration when writing programs for the E5ZE.
- An interval of 20 ms minimum is required for the host computer to send a command block after receiving a response block. If an interval less than 20 ms is set on the host computer, communications may not be possible.

1-2 Block Format

The following format is used for the command and response blocks used in E5ZE systems.



Start Character: Each block begins with a start character, @ (40H).

Unit Number: The unit number of the E5ZE is required so that the host computer can identify the E5ZE.

Header Code: The header code consists of two letters identifying the type of command being sent.

Text: The text consists of command or response data in detail.

FCS: The FCS is calculated as the exclusive OR of all characters from the start character through the final data character. The resulting 8-bit data is converted to two ASCII characters for transmission as an FCS.

Terminator: Each block ends with a terminator consisting of * (2AH) and a carriage return s (0DH).

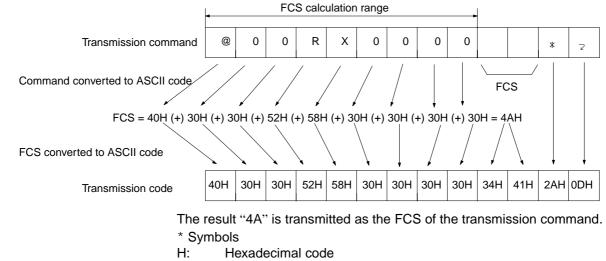


If the host computer is connected to more than one E5ZE for RS-422 or RS-485 communications, each of the E5ZE must have a unique unit number, otherwise communications will not be possible.

1-3 FCS Calculations

Write a program for the host computer so that the host computer can calculate the FCS in each command block and each response block to ensure problem-free communications.

Calculation Example



(+): Exclusive OR

Checks

1-4	Checks	
		All communications errors and recovery from these communication errors must be processed at the host computer. The E5ZE has the following communications error detection functions.
Charac	ter Check	
		Vertical Parity Check
		The E5ZE in vertical parity check operation checks the exclusive OR of each character.
		Framing Check
		The E5ZE determines that there is an error while the E5ZE is communicating with the host computer if the E5ZE detects a stop bit of 0.
		Overrun Check
		The E5ZE determines that there is an error while the E5ZE is communicating with the host computer if the E5ZE processing a character receives the next character.
Block C	Check	
		Format Check
		The E5ZE in format check operation checks each command format that the E5ZE receives.
		Numeric Data Check
		The E5ZE in numeric data check operation checks the control point numbers and set values of the E5ZE.
		FCS (Frame Check Sequence)
		The E5ZE in FCS operation checks the start character @ to the exclusive OR of the last character in each block.
		If there is a communications error which appears to be caused by noise, exe- cute communications approximately 10 times and check if the communica- tions error disappears. If communications errors occur frequently, change the communication speed between the E5ZE and the host computer or use an optical interface for the transmission path between the E5ZE and host com-

1-5 Error Processing

puter.

If an error occurs in a command block or response block, refer to the following table to take necessary countermeasures.

Error	Remedy
The end code is not 00.	Check the contents of the end code.
An error code is read.	Check the contents of the error code.
The contents of the response block are abnormal.	Execute communications again.
No response block returns.	Make sure that the communications con- ditions of the host computer and E5ZE, connections between the host computer the E5ZE, the program used by the host computer connected to the E5ZE, and the settings of the E5ZE and host com- puter are correct.

SECTION 2 Commands and Responses

This section provides a list of commands, end codes, and error codes. Information on writing and reading data sets are also provided.

2-1	Commands	72
2-2	Writing Sets of Data	78
2-3	Reading Sets of Data	80
2-4	End Codes	82
2-5	Error Codes	85

2-1 Commands

Operational Status and Commands

The following provides a list of commands that can be used with the E5ZE. If the following are designated when sending a command, a set of data can be



written or read. Memory bank no. and control point no.: A

Data code:

Refer to 2-2 Writing Sets of Data and 2-3 Reading Sets of Data for details.

AA

	@	Unit	Header code	MB	Control point	Data	code			Dat L ((FC	S	*	7
--	---	------	----------------	----	------------------	------	------	--	--	-------------	--	--	--	----	---	---	---

MB: Memory bank

Basic Commands for Temperature Control

OK: Valid

NO.	IIIvallu

Command		Header	Memory	Control	Data code	Operation status			
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning	
Set Point	Write	WS	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK	NO	
				А	00				
			А	0 to 7	00				
				A	00				
	Read	RS	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK	
				А	00				
			А	0 to 7	00				
Process Value	Read	RX	0	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	OK	
				A	00				
Output Value	Read	RO	0	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK	OK	
					01				
					AA (see note)				
				А	00				
					01				
Proportional Band	Write	WB	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK	NO	
				A	00				
			A	0 to 7	00				
				A	00				
	Read	RB	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK	OK	
				А	00				
			Α	0 to 7	00				
Integral Time	Write	WN	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO	
				А	00				
			A	0 to 7	00				
				А	00				
	Read	RN	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK	
				А	00				
			А	0 to 7	00				

Commands

Section 2-1

Comman	d	Header	Memory	Control	Data code	0	peration stat	us
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning
Derivative Time	Write	WV	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO
				А	00			
			А	0 to 7	00			
				Α	00			
	Read	RV	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
				A	00			
			А	0 to 7	00			
Control Period	Write	WT	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO
					01			
					AA			
				Α	00			
					01			
					AA			
			А	0 to 7	00			
					01			
					AA			
				A	00			
					01			
					AA			
	Read	RT	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
					01			
					AA			
				A	00			
					01			
			А	0 to 7	00			
					01			
Output Operation	Write	WU	0	0	00	ОК	NO	NO
	Read	RU	0	0	00	OK	OK	OK
Alarm Mode	Write	W#	0	0 to 7	00	OK	NO	NO
					01			
					AA			
				A	00			
					01	1		
					AA	1		
	Read	R#	0	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
					01	1		
					AA	1		
				A	00	1		
					01	1		

Commands

Section 2-1

Command		Header	Memory	Control	Data code		peration stat	us
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning
Alarm Temperature	Write	W%	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	ОК
					01			
					AA			
				A	00			
					01	-		
					AA			
			А	0 to 7	00	-		
					01	-		
					AA			
				А	00			
					01	-		
					AA	-		
	Read	R%	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	ОК
					01			
					AA			
				A	00			
					01	-		
			A	0 to 7	00			
			~	0107	01			
Memory Bank Des-	Write	WM	0	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	NO
ignation	write		0	A	00		OR	NO
	Read	RM	0	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	ОК
	Reau	IC IVI	0	A	00		UK	UN
Hustoropio	Write	WH	0 to 7	0 to 7		ОК	ОК	NO
Hysteresis	write	VVI	0.07	0107	00	UK	UK	NO
					01			
				•	AA	-		
				А	00	-		
					01	-		
					AA			
			А	0 to 7	00			
					01			
					AA			
				А	00	_		
					01			
				<u> </u>	AA			
	Read	RH	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	ОК
					01			
					AA			
				А	00			
					01			
			A	0 to 7	00			
					01			
Status	Read	RX	0	0 to 7	02	OK	OK	OK
				A	02			
Error	Read	RU	0	0	03	ОК	ОК	ОК

Note The contents of data codes will be read in numerical order if Output Value Read (RO) is used with the data code set to AA. Ignore the contents of data code 02 because the contents of data code 02 are not defined.

Commands Used According to Application

OK: Valid

NO:	invalid	

Command		Header	Memory	Control	Data code	0	peration stat	us
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning
Auto-tuning	Start	AS	0	0 to 7	00	NO	OK	NO
				A	00			
					01			
	Stop	AP	0	0	00	ОК	ОК	OK
Setting Unit	Write	Wt	0	0	00	OK	OK	OK
	Read	Rt	0	0	00	OK	OK	OK
Input Shift	Write	WI (see	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	NO
		note 1)		A	00			
			А	0 to 7	00			
				A	00			
	Read	RI (see	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
		note 1)		A	00			
			A	0 to 7	00			
Manual Reset Value	Write	WK	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	NO
				A	00			
			A	0 to 7	00			
				A	00			
	Read	RK	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	OK
				A	00			
			A	0 to 7	00			
Ramp Value	Write	WR	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	OK
				A	00			
			A	0 to 7	00			
				А	00			
	Read	RR	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	OK
				А	00			
			А	0 to 7	00			
Present Set Point	Read	Rs	0	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
				A	00			
Manual Output	Write	WO	0	0 to 7	00	NO	OK (see	NO
Value					01		note 2)	
				A	00			
					01	1		

Commands

Section 2-1

Command		Header	Memory	Control	Data code	0	peration stat	us
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning
Output Variable	Write	WL	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO
Limit Value					01			
				А	00	-		
					01			
			A	0 to 7	00	-		
					01	-		
				A	00	-		
					01			
	Read	RL 0 to 7	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	ок
					01	-		
				А	00	-		
					01	-		
			A	0 to 7	00	-		
					01			
Output Variable	Write	WG	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	NO
Change Rate Limit Value				А	00	-		
value			A	0 to 7	00	-		
				А	00	-		
	Read	RG	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	OK
				А	00			
			A	0 to 7	00			
Memory Write		WE	А	А	00	OK	OK	OK
Initialize Setting Data	а	MC				OK	NO	NO
Communication Test	t	TS				OK	OK	OK

Note

 Upper-case I ("ai").
 Manual Output (WO) is valid if it is used for the E5ZE in manual operation and invalid if it is used for the E5ZE for 2-PID control.

Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection

OK: Valid

NO: Invalid

Command		Header	Memory	Control	Data code	0	peration stat	us
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning
HB Alarm and HS	Write	WU	0	0	02	ОК	NO	NO
Alarm Point	Read	RU	0	0	02	ОК	ОК	OK
Heater Burnout and	Write	WW	0	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	OK
SSR Failure Detec- tion Current Value					01			
tion Current value				А	00			
					01			
	Read	Read RW	0	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
					01			
				А	00			
					01			
Heater Current	Read	RZ	0	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	OK
Value and SSR					01	1		
Leakage Current Value				А	00	1		
					01	1		

Commands

Heating and Cooling Control OK: Valid

0	NO: Invalid Command Header Memory Control Data code Operation status									
Command		Header code	Memory bank	Control point	Data code	Operation Operation stopped				
Dead Band and	Write	WD	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO		
Overlap Band				A	00	-				
			А	0 to 7	00	-				
				A	00	-				
	Read	RD	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	ОК		
				A	00					
			А	0 to 7	00					
Cooling Coefficient	Write	Write WC	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	ОК	NO		
				A	00	-				
			А	0 to 7	00	-				
				A	00	-				
	Read	Read RC	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK		
				А	00	1				
			А	0 to 7	00	1				

Fuzzy Control

OK: Valid NO: Invalid

Commar	nd	Header	Memory	Control	Data code	0	peration stat	us
	code bank point			Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning		
Fuzzy Strength	Write	e Wj	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO
				А	00	-		
			А	0 to 7	00	-		
				А	00	-		
	Read	Rj	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	ОК	OK
				А	00			
			А	0 to 7	00			
Fuzzy Scale 1	Write	Wk	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK	NO
				A	00			
			A	0 to 7	00	-		
				A	00			
	Read	Rk	c 0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	ОК
				А	00	-		
			А	0 to 7	00	-		
Fuzzy Scale 2	Write	WI (see	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	NO
		note)		А	00	-		
			А	0 to 7	00			
				А	00			
	Read	RI (see	0 to 7	0 to 7	00	OK	OK	OK
		note)		A	00			
			А	0 to 7	00	1		

Note Lower-case I ("el").

Control Operation Start and Stop OK: Valid

NO: Invalid									
Command		Header	Memory	Control	Data code	Operation status			
		code	bank	point		Operation stopped	Operating	Auto- tuning	
Operation	Start	OS	0	0 to 7	00	ок ок	ОК	NO OK	
				A	00				
	Stop	OP	0	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK		
				A	00				
Manual Operation	Start	OM	0	0 to 7	00	ОК	OK	NO	
				A	00	1			

Status Read (RX) can be used with a data code to read a variety of data as shown in the following table.

Header code	Memory bank	Control point	Data code	Data to be read
RX	0	0 to 7 or A	00	Process value
			01	Output value
			02	Status
			03	Heater current value
			04	Present set point
			AA	The contents of data codes 00 to 02 in sequence
			BB	The contents of data codes 00 to 04 in sequence

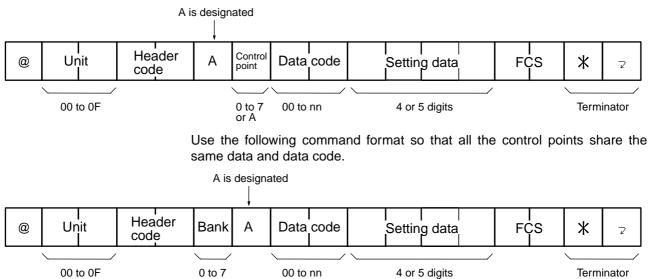
2-2 Writing Sets of Data

Function

A single command block can enable all the memory banks or control points to share the same data or set the contents of all the data codes used by the E5ZE.

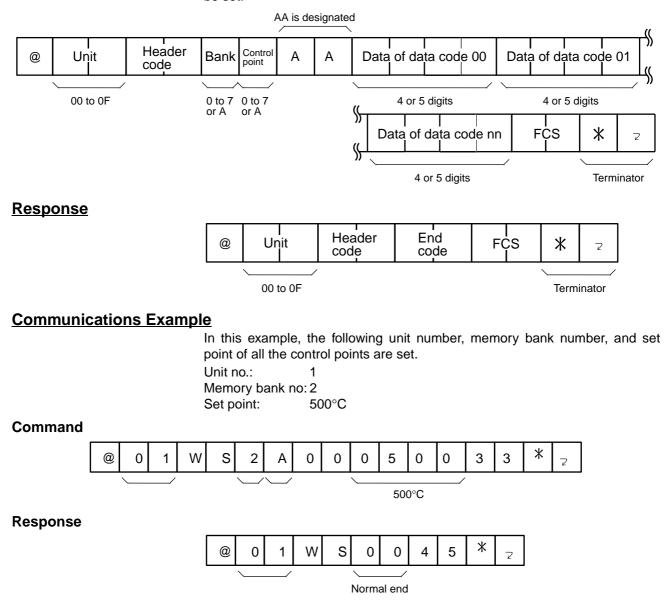
Commands

Use the following command format so that all the memory banks can share the same data and data code.



or A

Writing Sets of Data



Use the following command format so that the contents of all data codes can be set.

Section 2-2

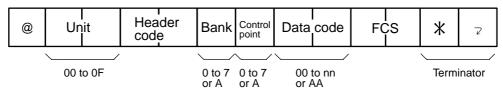
2-3 Reading Sets of Data

Function

A single command block can make it possible to read the contents of all the memory banks or control points, or the contents of all data codes.

Command

Designate A or AA for the set of memory bank data, control point data, or data code of the command block to read the set of data. A or AA can be used only once in the command block.

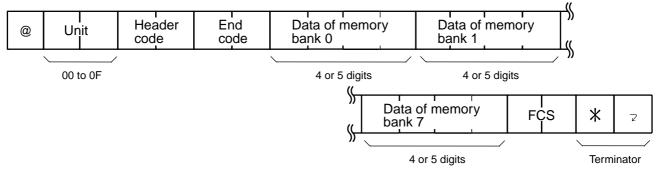




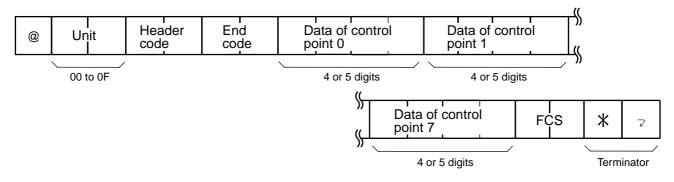
It is not possible to use A or AA only once in a command block (e.g., if A is used for the memory bank data, it cannot be used for the control point data and AA cannot be used for the data code).

Response

Use the following command format so that the contents of all the memory banks can be read.



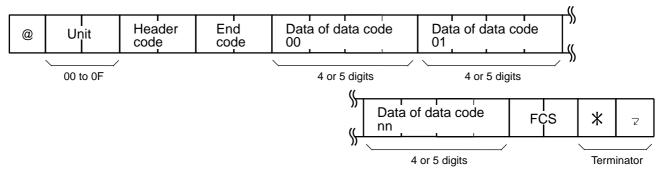
Use the following command format so that the contents of all the control points can be read.



Reading Sets of Data

Section 2-3

Use the following command format so that the contents of all data codes can be read.



1

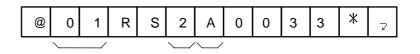
Communications Example

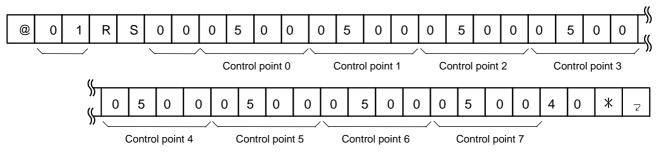
In this example, the following unit number, memory bank number, and set point of all the control points are set.

Unit no.:

Memory bank no.: 2 Set point: 500°C

Command





2-4 End Codes

List of End Codes

End code	Name	Command	Cause	Remedy
00	Normal End			
01	Prohibited Command	WB, WN, WV, WI*, WS, WT, WH, WK, WL, WG, Wj, Wk, WI**, WD, WC, OS, OM	The designated control point is being auto-tuned.	Send the command after interrupting the auto-tuning of the control point.
		W#, MC	The E5ZE is in control operation or manual operation at the designated control point.	Send the command after interrupting the control operation or manual opera- tion at the control point.
		WM	The memory bank designation method has been set to contact input designation.	Set the memory bank designation method to communications designation. Refer to the <i>E5ZE Operation Manual</i> for details.
			The designated control point is being auto-tuned.	Send the command after interrupting the auto-tuning of the control point.
		AS	The control operation at the designated control point is stopped.	Execute the auto-tuning after the E5ZE starts temperature control at the control point.
			The designated control point is already being auto-tuned.	Correct the program because the con- trol point being auto-tuned does not accept Auto-tuning Start (AS).
		WO	The E5ZE was not in manual operation at the designated control point.	Send the command after sending Man- ual Operation Start (OM) to the E5ZE to start the manual operation.
		WU	The E5ZE is in temperature control operation or manual operation at the designated control point.	Send the command after interrupting the temperature control operation or manual operation at the control point.
			HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write (WU) with data code 02 was sent to an E5ZE model without HB or HS alarm function.	This command cannot be sent to any E5ZE model without HB or HS alarm function.
		WW, RW	These commands were sent to an E5ZE model without HB or HS alarm function.	These commands cannot be sent to any E5ZE model without HB or HS alarm function.
			The HB or HS alarm function of the designated control point was not valid.	Before sending these commands, send HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write (WU) to the designated control point so that the HB and HS alarms of the desig- nated control point will be valid.
		RZ	The E54-E8CT CT Input Unit is not con- nected to the E5ZE.	Connect the E54-E8CT CT Input Unit to the E5ZE.
04	Invalid Address		A nonexisting control point, memory bank, or data code was designated.	Designate the control point, memory bank, and data code correctly.
			A was designated for the control point and memory bank and AA was desig- nated for the data code simultaneously.	A or AA can be used only once in each command block.

End code	Name	Cause	Remedy	
10	Parity Error	The data sent was not even parity.	Set the host system data to even parity.	
		The parity was not detected correctly.	It is possible that E5ZE communica- tions suffered noise interference. Sepa- rate the communication cable from other wires.	
11	Framing Error	The stop bit was not detected.	It is possible that E5ZE communica- tions suffered noise interference. Sepa- rate the communication cable from other wires.	
12	Overrun Error	The reception buffer overflowed.	It is possible that E5ZE communica- tions suffered noise interference. Sepa- rate the communication cable from other wires.	
			Reduce the communications speed used for the communications between the E5ZE and host computer because the communications speed is too high for the E5ZE.	
13	FCS Error	The FCS was calculated incorrectly.	Refer to SECTION 1 Serial Communi- cations Control and make sure that the calculation of the FCS is correct.	
		The FCS was not detected correctly.	It is possible that E5ZE communica- tions suffered noise interference. Sepa- rate the communication cable from other wires.	
14	Format Error	The format of the command block was incorrect.	Check the format of the command block. Make sure that the format of the command block is correct, especially whether the number of digits of the set temperature is four or five.	
15	Numeric Error	The set data for the command was not within the setting range of the com- mand.	Send data within the setting range.	
		The negative (-) symbol was not added to the leftmost set value while the set data was a negative value.	Add the negative (-) symbol to the left- most set data on the left.	
18	Frame Length Error	The command block exceeded 510 characters.	Check the contents of the command block.	
19	Invalid Command due to Error Status	The present alarm temperature set value is not within the alarm range set with Alarm Mode Write (W#).	Change the alarm temperature set value within the alarm range before set- ting the alarm mode.	

End Codes

Section 2-4

End code	Name	Cause	Remedy
21	Invalid Command Due to Error Status	There is a temperature controller error.	Check the type of temperature control- ler error with Output Operation Read (RU). Take the following countermea- sures according to the kind of tempera- ture controller error. <u>Memory Error</u> Turn the power OFF and ON. If a mem- ory error occurs again, send Initialize Setting Data (MC) and Memory Write (WE) in this order and turn the power OFF and ON again. If a memory error still occurs, the memory needs repairs. Cold Junction Compensation Error
			The ambient operating temperature is - 15°C or less, or 60°C or more. Use the E5ZE at an ambient operating tempera- ture of -15° to 60°C. Set Data Error
			The set point at some control points or in some memory banks are not within the setting range. Initialize Setting Data (MC) must be sent to initialize all the data items and reset the data items within the setting range. Other Errors
			Turn the power OFF and ON. If the same errors occur, the E5ZE needs repairs.

Note

1. Upper-case I ("ai").

2. **Lower-case I ("el")

End Code Priority

If multiple end codes are generated by execution of a single command, only the end code with the highest priority will be returned with the response. End code priority, from highest to lowest, is as follows:

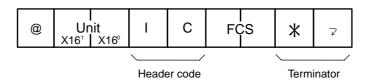
- 1. Framing errors
- 2. Parity errors
- 3. Overrun errors
- 4. Frame length errors
- 5. FCS errors
- 6. Command undefined errors
- 7. Invalid address
- 8. Format errors
- 9. Error status
- 10. Prohibited command
- 11. Numeric errors
- 12. Invalid commands due to error status

2-5 Error Codes

Command Undefined Error

The E5ZE will send back the following response block if the E5ZE cannot recognize the header code. In such cases, check the header code of the command block.

Response



List of Error Codes

Error code	Name	Com- mand	Cause	Remedy
E001	Memory Error	RX	The memory contents were destroyed.	Turn the power OFF and ON. If a memory error occurs again, send Initialize Setting Data (MC) and Memory Write (WE) in this order and turn the power OFF and ON again. If a memory error still occurs, the memory needs repairs.
E002	Sensor Input AD Error	RX	The sensor AD converter circuitry failed.	Turn the power OFF and ON. If a sensor input AD error occurs again, the sensor AD converter circuitry needs repairs.
E003	Cold Junction Compen- sation Error	RX	The ambient operating tempera- ture is -15°C or less, or 60°C or more.	Use the E5ZE at an ambient oper- ating temperature of -15° to 60°C.
E004	CT Input AD Error	RZ	The CT input AD converter circuitry failed.	Turn the power OFF and ON. If a CT input AD error occurs again, the CT input AD converter circuitry needs repairs.
E011	Sensor Error	RX	The wires of a temperature sensor connected to the E5ZE are burn- out, shorted, or incorrectly wired.	Make sure that the wires of the temperature sensor are not burn- out, shorted, or incorrectly wired.
E012	Upper Limit Error	RX	The process value at the desig- nated control point was 20°C/40°F or more than the set point upper limit value.	Use the E5ZE so that the process value will not exceed the upper limit.
E013	Lower Limit Error	RX	The process value at the desig- nated control point was 20°C/40°F or less than the set point lower limit value.	Use the E5ZE so that the process value will not be less than the lower limit.
E022	Heater Current Upper Limit Error	RZ	The process heater current value at the designated control point was 55.0 A or more.	The E5ZE cannot measure a heater current value of 55.0 A or more.
M001	Temperature Control Interrupted	Rs	The temperature control operation of the designated control point is stopped.	The ramp function does not oper- ate and reading is not possible while operational control is stopped.

SECTION 3 Basic Temperature Control Commands

This section describes the basic temperature control commands.

3-1	Set Point Write: WS	88
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	Status Read: RX	112
3-24	Error Read: RU	115

3-1 Set Point Write: WS

Function

This command is used to write the set point required for temperature control to a control point.



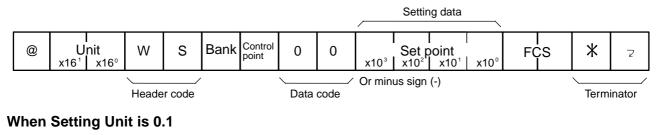
- 1. Setting Unit Write (Wt) must be used to set the temperature setting unit of a control point to 1 or 0.1.
- 2. Set Point Write (WS) cannot be used at the designated control point being auto-tuned.
- 3. The possible setting data range will be -1,999 to 9,999 if the E5ZD-SDL Setting Display Unit is used with the E5ZE after pin number 4 of the FUNC-TION switch is set to ON and the temperature setting unit is set to 0.1.

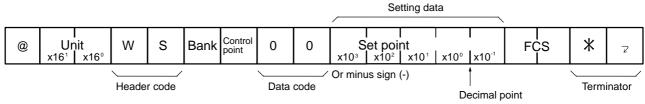
Setting Data Range

Setting unit			1		0.1	
٥(C or °F	۵°	°F	°C	°F	
C	Default		0000		00000	
Setting Data	К	-200 to 1300	-300 to 2300	-2000 to 13000	-3000 to 23000	
	J	-100 to 0850	-100 to 1500	-1000 to 08500	-1000 to 15000	
	R	0000 to 1700	0000 to 3000	00000 to 17000	00000 to 30000	
	S	0000 to 1700	0000 to 3000	00000 to 17000	00000 to 30000	
	Т	-200 to 0400	-300 to 0700	-2000 to 04000	-3000 to 07000	
	E	0000 to 0600	0000 to 1100	00000 to 06000	00000 to 11000	
	В	0100 to 1800	0300 to 3000	01000 to 18000	03000 to 30000	
	Ν	0000 to 1300	0000 to 2300	00000 to 13000	00000 to 23000	
	L	-100 to 0850	-100 to 1500	-1000 to 08500	-1000 to 15000	
	U	-200 to 0400	-300 to 0700	-2000 to 04000	-3000 to 07000	
	W/Re5-26	0000 to 2300	0032 to 4100	00000 to 23000	00320 to 41000	
	PL-II	0000 to 1300	0000 to 2300	00000 to 13000	00000 to 23000	
	Pt100	-100 to 0500	-100 to 0900	-1000 to 05000	-1000 to 09000	
	JPt100	-100 to 0500	-100 to 0900	-1000 to 05000	-1000 to 09000	

Command

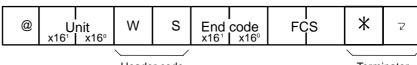
When Setting Unit is 1





Set Point Read: RS

Response



Header code

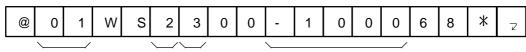
Terminator

Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Set Point Write (WS) under the following conditions.

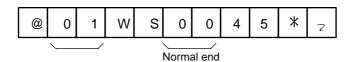
Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Setting Unit:	0.1
Set Point:	-100.0°C

Command



-100.0°C

Response

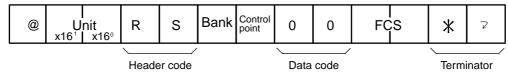


Set Point Read: RS 3-2

Function

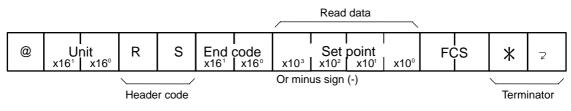
This command is used to read the set points that have been set at a control point.

Command



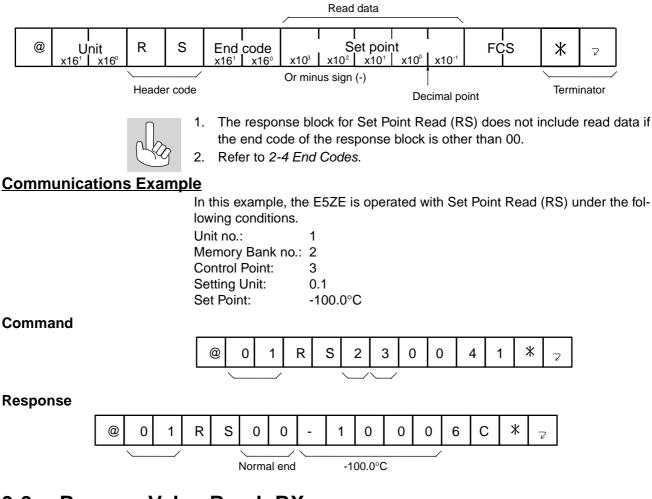
Response

When Setting Unit is 1



Section 3-3

When Setting Unit is 0.1

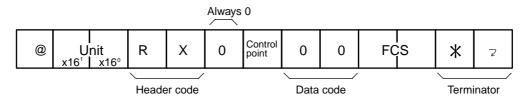


3-3 Process Value Read: RX

Function

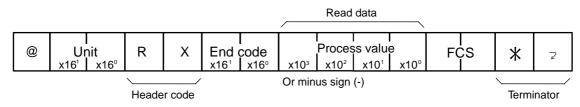
This command is used to read the temperature being measured at a control point.

Command



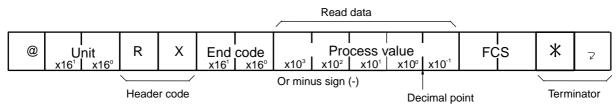
Response

When Process Value Unit is 1



Process Value Read: RX

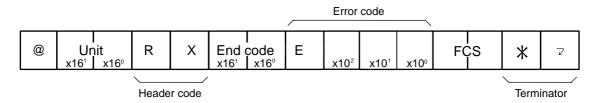
When Process Value Unit Set is 0.1



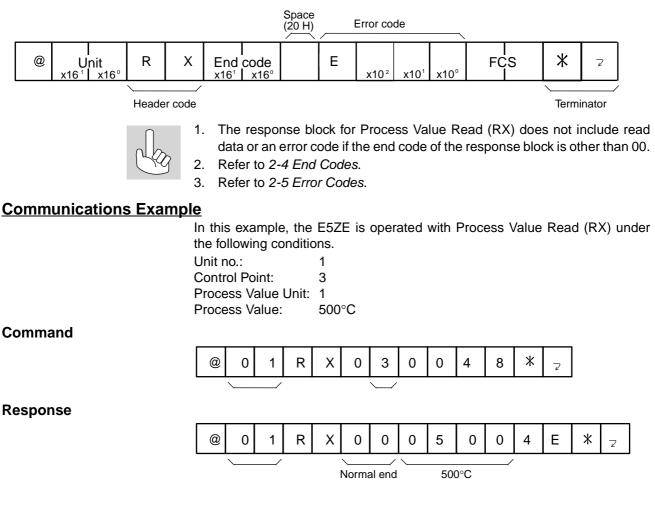
Response Block with Error Detected

The response block for Process Value Read (RS) will include an error code if an error is detected by the E5ZE while the E5ZE is processing the command.

When Process Value Unit is 1



When Process Value Unit Set is 0.1



Section 3-3

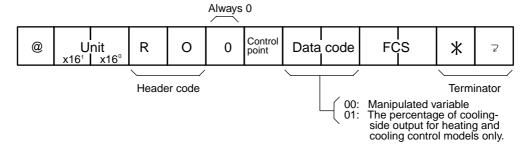
3-4 Output Value Read: RO

Function

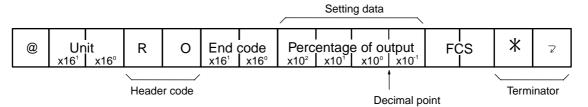
This command is used to read the percentage of manipulated variable that has been set at a control point.

The percentage of the cooling-side output that has been set at a control point can be read provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

Command



Response





data if the end code of the response block is other than 00. 2. 2.Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

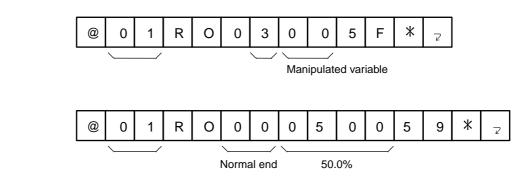
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with MV Read (RO) under the following conditions.

1. The response block for Output Value Read (RO) does not include read

Unit no.:	1
Control point:	3
Manipulated variable:	50.0%

Command



3-5 Proportional Band Write: WB

Function



This command is used to write proportional bands to a control point.

Proportional Band Write (WB) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

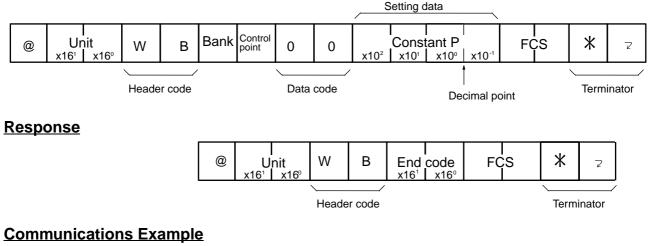
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1	0.1		
°C or °F	°C	°F		
Default	0000			
Setting data	0000 to 9999	0000 to 9999		



If the constant P of a control point set to 0000 is used for temperature control with the E5ZE, the E5ZE will be in ON/OFF control operation at the control point.

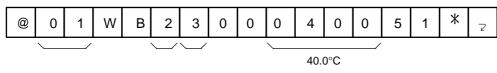
Command

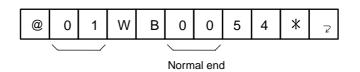


In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Proportional Band Write (WB) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:1Memory Bank no.:2Control Point:3Proportional Band:40.0°C

Command



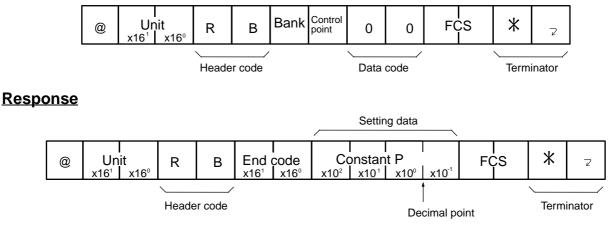


3-6 Proportional Band Read: RB

Function

This command is used to read the proportional bands that have been set at a control point.

Command





read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

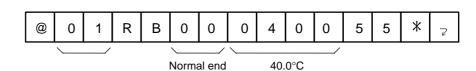
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Proportional Band Read (RB) under the following conditions.

The response block for Proportional Band Read (RB) does not include

Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3 Proportional Band: 40.0°C

Command





Integral Time Write: WN 3-7

Function



This command is used to write the integral time to a control point.

Integral Time Write (WN) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

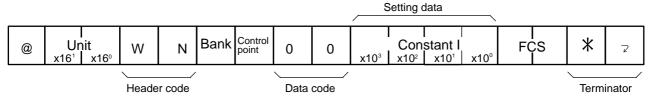
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	1
Setting time unit	S
Default	0000
Setting data	0000 to 3999

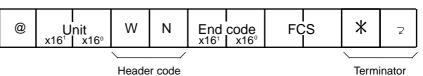


If the constant I of a control point set to 0000 is used for temperature control with the E5ZE, the E5ZE will not be in integral operation at the control point.

Command



Response



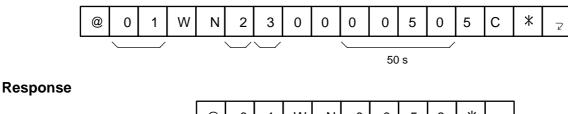
Header code

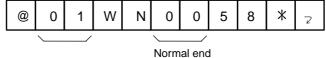
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Integral Time Write (WN) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 **Control Point:** 3 Integral Time: 50 s

Command



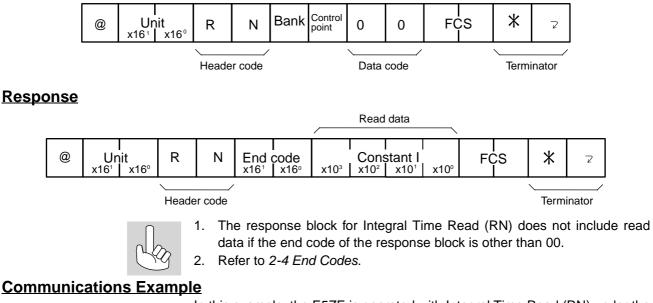


3-8 Integral Time Read: RN

Function

This command is used to read the integral time that have been set at a control point.

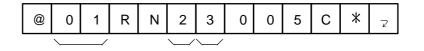
Command

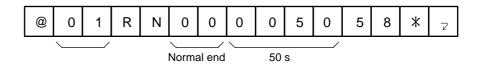


In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Integral Time Read (RN) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Integral Time:	50 s
Integral Time:	50 s

Command





Section 3-9

3-9 Derivative Time Write: WV

Function



This command is used to write the derivative time to a control point.

Derivative Time Write (WV) cannot be used at a control point being autotuned.

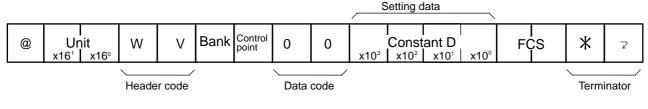
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	1
Setting time unit	s
Default	0000
Setting data	0000 to 3999

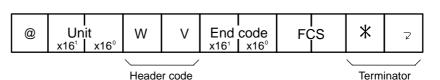


If the constant D of a control point set to 0000 is used for temperature control with the E5ZE, the E5ZE will not be in derivative operation at the control point.

Command



Response

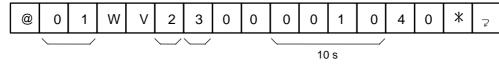


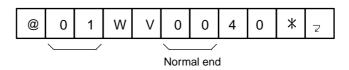
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Derivative Time Write (WV) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:1Memory Bank no.:2Control Point:3Derivative Time:10 s

Command



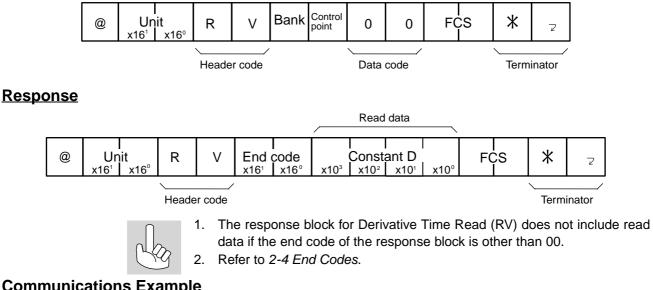


3-10 Derivative Time Read: RV

Function

This command is used to read the derivative time that have been set at a control point.

Command

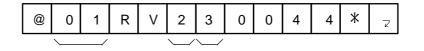


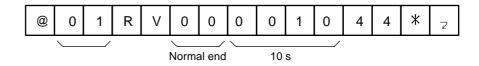
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Derivative Time Read (RV) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Derivative Time:	10 s

Command





Section 3-11

3-11 Control Period Write: WT

Function

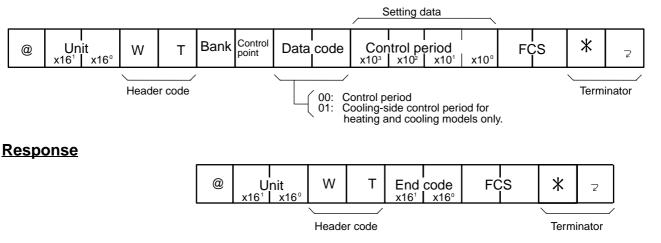
This command is used to write the control period to a control point. The Control Period Write (WT) cannot be used at a control point being auto-

tuned. Cooling-side control period can be written to a control point provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

Setting Data Range

Setting unit	1
Setting time unit	S
Default	0002
Setting data	0001 to 0099

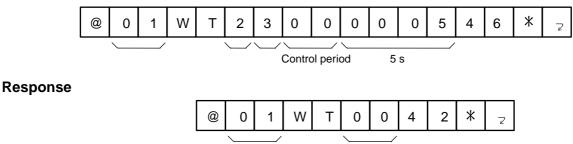
Command



Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Control Period Write (WT) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Control Period:	5 s



Normal end

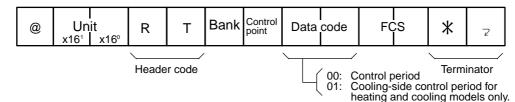
3-12 Control Period Read: RT

Function

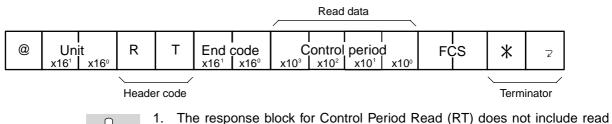
This command is used to read the control period that have been set at a control point.

The cooling-side control period that have been set at a control point can be read provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

Command



Response





data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

1

2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

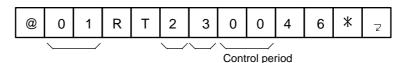
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Control Period Read (RT) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:

Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3 5 s

Control Period:

Command



@	0	1	R	Т	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	2	*	2
Normal end 5 s														

3-13 Output Operation (Normal/Reverse) Write: WU

Function

This command is used to designate the normal or reverse operation of a control point.

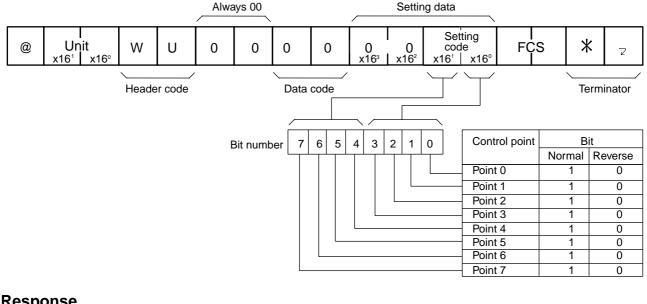


- 1. Output Operation Write (WU) enables the E5ZE in heating and cooling control operation to change its heating-side control to cooling-side control and vice versa at a control point simultaneously.
- 2. Output Operation Write (WU) cannot be used at a control point in manual operation, control operation or auto-tuning operation.

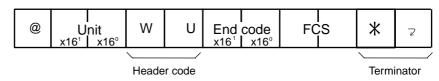
Setting Data Range

Default	0000 (All control points in reverse operation)
Setting code	00 to FF

Command



Response



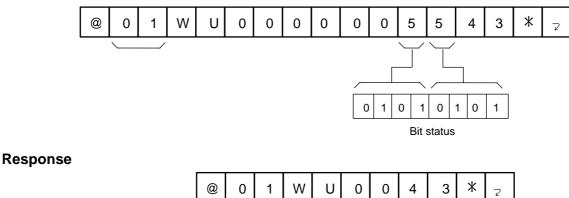
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Output Operation Write (WU) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1

Control Points 0, 2, 4, and 6: Direct operation Control Points 1, 3, 5, and 7: Reverse operation

Command



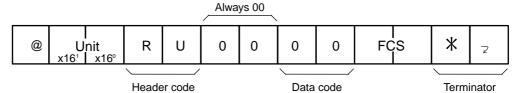
3-14 Output Operation (Direct/Reverse) Read: RU

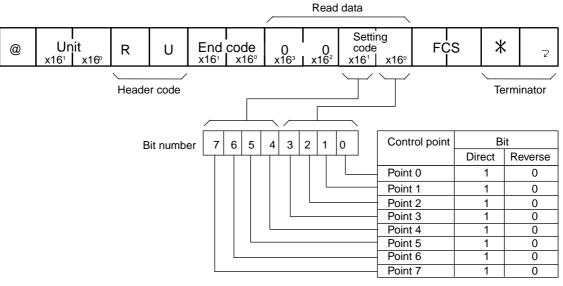
Function

This command is used to read the output operation that has been set at a control point.

Normal end

Command







- The response block for Output Operation Read (RU) does not include read 1. data if the end code of the response block is other than 00. 2.
 - Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

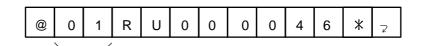
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Output Operation Read (RU) under the following conditions

Unit no.: 1

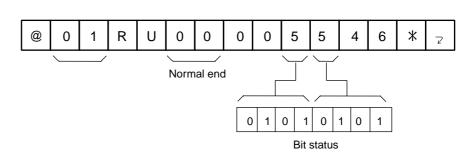
Control Points 0, 2, 4, and 6: Direct operation

Control Points 1, 3, 5, and 7: Reverse operation.

Command



Response



3-15 Alarm Mode Write: W#

Function

This command is used to designate the alarm mode of alarm 1 or 2 of a control point.



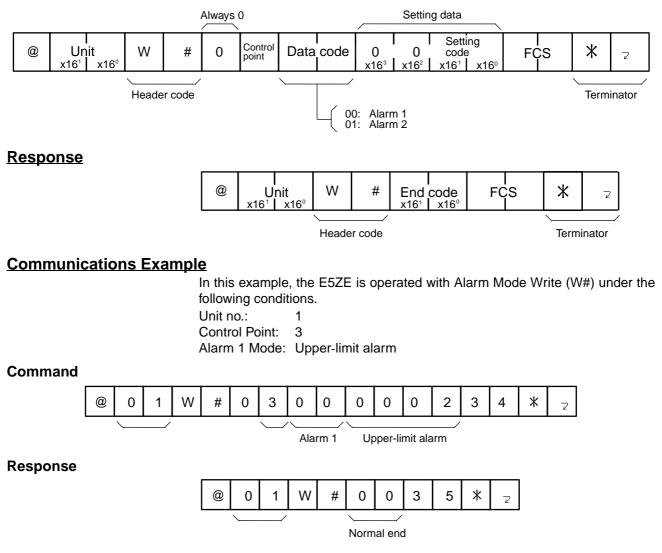
- 1. Alarm Mode Write (W#) cannot be used at a control point in manual operation, control operation or auto-tuning operation.
- 2. If the temperature control or manual operation at a control point is interrupted, all the alarm output of the control point will be OFF.

Setting Data Range

	Alarm	Alarm 1	Alarm 2			
Default		00				
Setting	Alarm OFF	00				
code	Upper- and lower-limit alarm	01				
	Upper-limit alarm	02				
	Lower-limit alarm	03				
	Upper- and lower-limit range alarm	04				
	Upper- and lower-limit alarm with standby sequence	05				
	Upper-limit alarm with standby sequence	06				
	Lower–limit alarm with standby sequence	07				
	Absolute-value upper-limit alarm	08				
	Absolute-value lower-limit alarm	09				
	Absolute-value upper-limit alarm with standby sequence	0A				
	Absolute-value lower-limit alarm with standby sequence	0B				
	HB and HS alarm	0C				

Alarm Mode Read: R#

Command

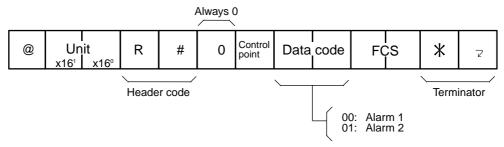


3-16 Alarm Mode Read: R#

Function

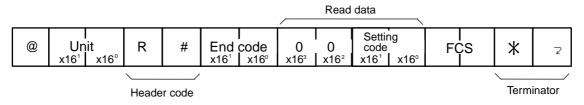
This command is used to read the alarm mode that has been set at a control point.

<u>Command</u>



Alarm Mode Read: R#

Response





Refer to 3-15 Alarm Mode Write: W# for the setting code rage of the re-1. sponse format.

The response block for Alarm Mode Read (R#) does not include read data 2. if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

3. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Alarm Mode Read (R#) under the following conditions.

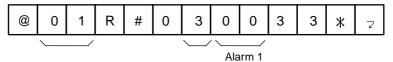
Unit no.:

Control Point:

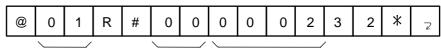
3 Alarm 1 Mode: Upper-limit alarm

1

Command



Response



Upper-limit alarm Normal end

3-17 Alarm Temperature Write: W%

Function

This command is used to set the alarm temperatures for alarm 1 or 2 of a control point.

Setting Data Range

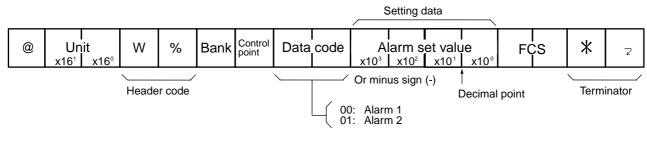
	Setting unit		1	0	.1
	°C or °F	°C	°F	°C	°F
	Default	00	0000 00000		000
Parameters	Alarm OFF	-999 to 999	99	-9999 to 9	9999
	Upper- and lower-limit alarm	0000 to 99	99	00000 to 9	9999
	Upper-limit alarm	-999 to 999	99	-9999 to 9	9999
	Lower-limit alarm	-999 to 9999		-9999 to 99999	
	Upper- and lower-limit range alarm	0000 to 9999		00000 to 99999	
	Upper- and lower-limit alarm with standby sequence	0000 to 9999		00000 to 99999	
	Upper-limit alarm with standby sequence	-999 to 9999		-9999 to 99999	
	Lower-limit alarm with standby sequence	-999 to 9999		-9999 to 99999	
	Absolute-value upper-limit alarm	-999 to 9999		-9999 to 99999	
	Absolute-value lower-limit alarm	-999 to 9999		-9999 to 99999	
	Absolute-value upper-limit alarm with standby sequence	-999 to 9999		-9999 to 99999	
	Absolute-value lower-limit alarm with standby sequence	-999 to 999	99	-9999 to 9	9999
	HB and HS alarm				



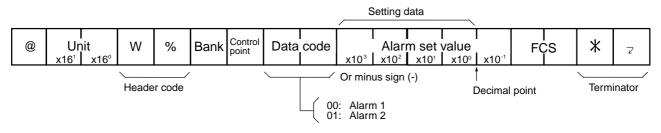
- 1. Setting Unit Write (Wt) must be used to set the temperature setting unit of a control point to 1 or 0.1.
- 2. It is unnecessary to set an alarm temperature if HB and HS alarm data is used as the parameters for Alarm Temperature Write (W%).

Command

When Setting Unit is 1

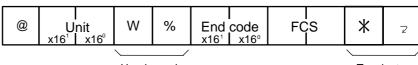


When Setting Unit is 0.1



Alarm Temperature Read: R%

Response



Header code

Terminator

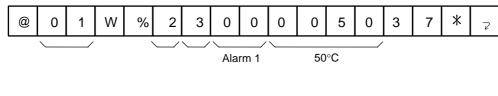
Communications Example

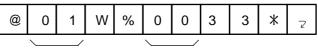
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Alarm Temperature Write (W%) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Setting Unit:	1
Alarm 1 Temperature:	50°C

Command

Response





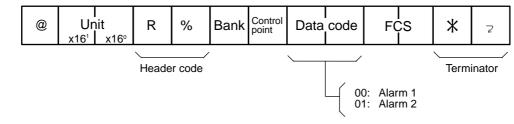
Normal end

3-18 Alarm Temperature Read: R%

Function

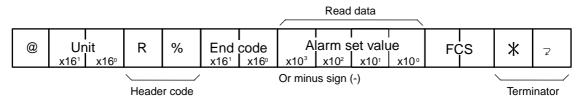
This command is used to read the alarm temperatures that have been set at a control point.

Command



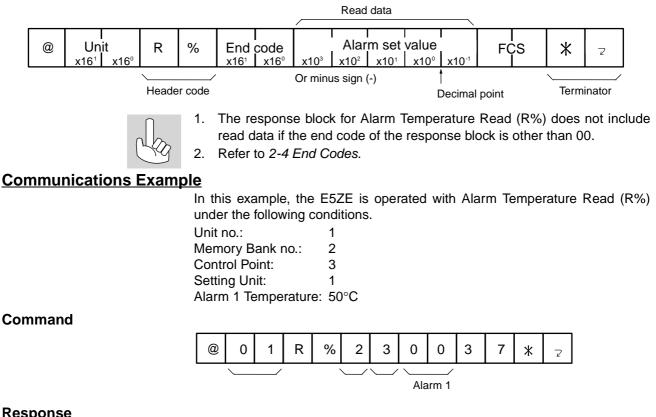
Response

When Setting Unit is 1

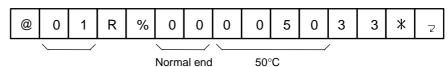


Section 3-19

When Setting Unit is 0.1



Response



3-19 Memory Bank Designation Write: WM

Function

This command is used to designate the memory banks at a control point that are used for temperature control.



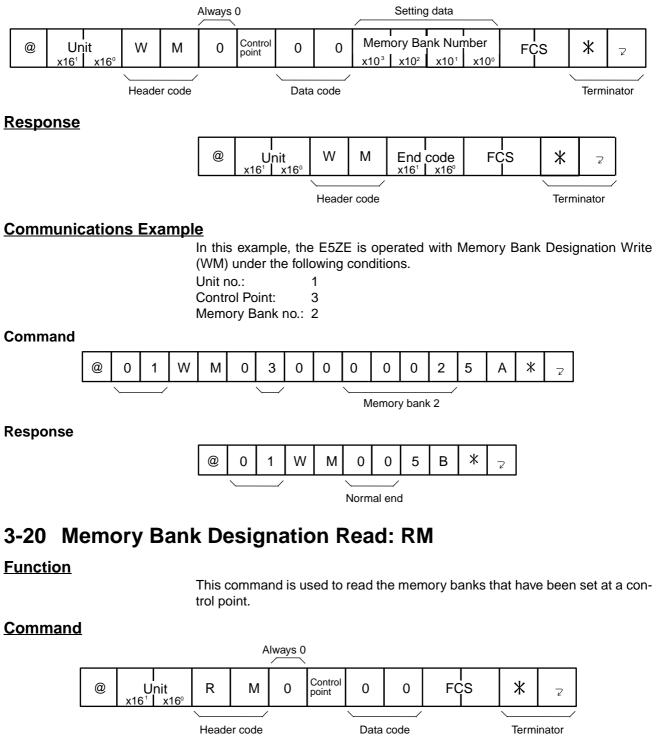
- 1. Memory Bank Designation Write (WM) cannot be used if the memory bank designation method is set to contact input designation.
- Memory Bank Designation Write (WM) cannot be used at a control point 2. being auto-tuned.
- When the E5ZE is turned ON, the memory bank numbers previously se-3. lected through communications will be effective.

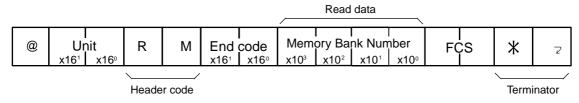
Setting Data Range

Default	0000 for all control points
Setting data	0000 to 0007

Memory Bank Designation Read: RM

Command





Hysteresis Write: WH



The response block for Memory Bank Designation Read (RM) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.
 Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

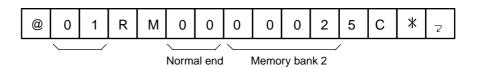
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Memory Bank Designation Read (RM) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Control Point:	3
Memory Bank no.:	2

Command



Response



3-21 Hysteresis Write: WH

Function

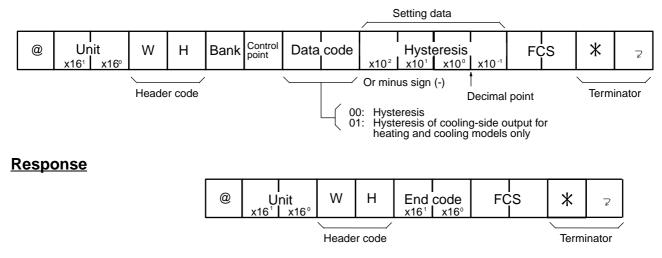
This command is used to set the hysteresis of control outputs of a control point in ON/OFF operation.



- 1. Hysteresis Write (WH) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.
- 2. Hysteresis Write (WH) is invalid if it is used for the E5ZE for 2-PID control.
- 3. The hysteresis of the cooling-side control outputs can be set provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1).1		
°C or °F	°C	°F		
Default	0008	0015		
Setting data	0000 to 0999			



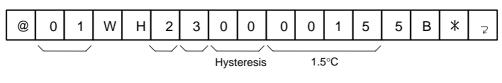
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Hysteresis Write (WH) under the following conditions.

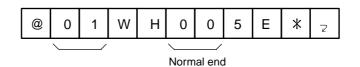
Unit no.:1Memory Bank no.:2Control Point:3

Hysteresis: 1.5°C

Command



Response



3-22 Hysteresis Read: RH

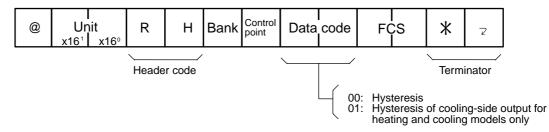
Function

This command is used to read the hysteresis of control outputs that have been set at a control point.

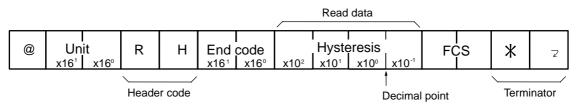


The hysteresis of the cooling-side control outputs can be read provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

Command



Response





2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

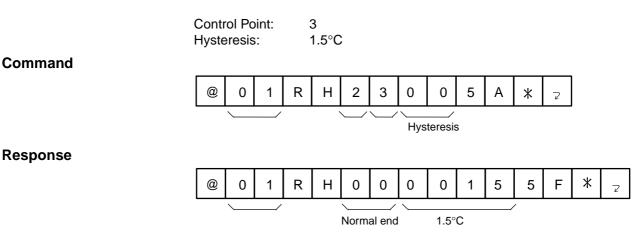
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Hysteresis Read (RH) under the following conditions.

1. The response block for Hysteresis Read (RH) does not include read data

if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

- Unit no.: 1
- Memory Bank no.: 2

Status Read: RX

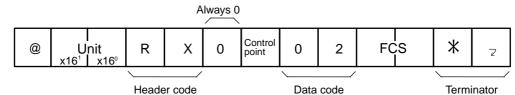


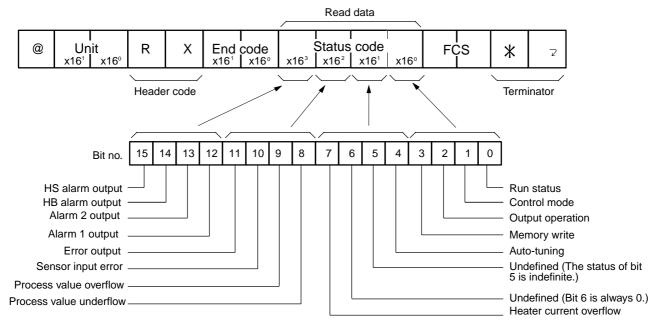
3-23 Status Read: RX

Function

This command is used to read the operating status.

Command





Bit no.	Function	Bit status		Bit no.	Function	Bit status		
		1	0			1	0	
0	RUN Status	E5ZE is operat- ing.	E5ZE is OFF.	8	Process Value Underflow	Process value is too low.	Process value is OK.	
1	Control Mode	PID	Manual	9	Process Value Overflow	Process value is too high.	Process value is OK.	
2	Output Opera- tion	Direct opera- tion	Reverse opera- tion	10	Sensor Input Error	Sensor error.	Sensor is OK.	
3	Memory Write	Not written	Written	11	Error Output	ON	OFF	
4	Auto-tuning	Auto-tuning.	Not auto-tun- ing.	12	Alarm 1 Output	ON	OFF	
5	Undefined (The status of bit 5 is indefinite.)			13	Alarm 2 Output	ON	OFF	
6	Undefined (Bit 6 is always 0.)		0	14	HB Alarm Out- put	ON	OFF	
7	Heater Current Overflow	Current is too large.	Current is nor- mal.	15	HS Alarm Out- put	ON	OFF	



1. The response block for Status Read (RX) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

- 2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.
- 3. The contents of temperature controller errors detected with Status Read (RX) can be checked with Error Read (RU). Refer to 3-24 Error Read: RU.

Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Status Read (RX) under the following conditions.

•				
Unit no.:	1			
Control Point:	3			
RUN Status	8:	ON (E5ZE is operating)		
Control Mo	de:	2-PID control		
Output Ope	eration:	Reverse operation		
Parameters	:	Written to memory		
Auto-tuning	:	Not auto-tuning		
Heater Cur	rent Overflow:	Normal current		
Process Va	lue:	OK		
Sensor Inpu	ut Error:	Sensor is OK		
Error Outpu	ıt:	OFF		
Alarm 1 Ou	tput:	ON		
Alarm 2 Ou	tput:	OFF		
HB Alarm C	Dutput:	OFF		
HS Alarm C	Dutput:	OFF		

@	0	1	R	Х	0	3	0	2	4	А	*	7
		/				\searrow						

Status Read: RX

Response						
	@ 0 1 R X 0 0 1 0 0 3 4 9 * z					
	Normal end					
	Bit status 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t					
	Alarm 1 ON 2-PID control — I Control operation					
<u>Bit Meanings in Detail</u>						
<u>g</u> g.	Meanings of other bits have been described previously.					
Bit 0: RUN Status						
	Indicates the following operation control status of the E5ZE.Temperature control or manual operationOFF					
	• OFF					
Bit 1: Control Mode	Indicates the control mode of the E5ZE.					
	 2-PID control mode (with ON/OFF control) 					
	Manual operation mode					
Bit 2: Output Operation						
	Indicates the control output operation of the E5ZE.					
	Direct operation					
	Reverse operation					
Bit 3: Memory Write						
	Indicates the existence or nonexistence of the setting data of the E5ZE.					
	Not writtenWritten					
Dit 4. Auto tuning	• Whiteh					
Bit 4: Auto-tuning	Indicates the auto-tuning status of the E5ZE.					
	 Auto-tuning 					
	Not auto-tuning.					
Bit 7: Heater Current Over	flow					
	This flag turns ON to indicate that the measured heater current has exceeded 55.0 A. The E5ZE continues temperature control even when this flag turns ON.					
Bit 8: Process Value Unde	rflow					
	This flag turns ON to indicate that the process value at a control point has dropped below the set point range by 20°C or 40°F or more. The E5ZE continues temperature control even when this flag turns ON.					
Bit 9: Process Value Over	flow					
	This flag turns ON to indicate that the process value at a control point has exceeded the set point range by 20°C or 40°F. The E5ZE continues temperature control even when this flag turns ON.					
Bit 10: Sensor Input Error						
	This flag turns ON to indicate that the sensor connected to a control point has been incorrectly wired, that the sensor circuit is burnout, or that a temperature input from the sensor has exceeded the set point range. Although the E5ZE					

continues temperature control even when this flag turns ON, the control output of the control point will be OFF until this flag turns OFF.

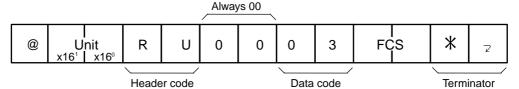
3-24 Error Read: RU

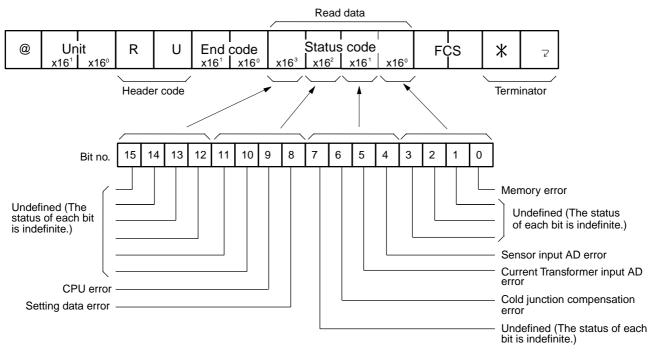
Function



This command is used to obtain information on errors that exist in the E5ZE. If an error exists in the E5ZE, the control output of a control point will be OFF and the E5ZE will turn an error output ON until the error is eliminated.

Command





Bit No.	Contents	Bit s	tatus	
		1	0	
0	Memory error	Error	Normal	
1	Undefined (The status of each bit			
2	is indefinite.)			
3				
4	Sensor input AD error	Error	Normal	
5	Current Transformer input AD error	Error	Normal	
6	Cold junction compensation error	Error	Normal	
7	Undefined (The status of each bit is indefinite.)			

Bit No.	Contents	Bit status	
		1	0
8	Setting data error	Error	Normal
9	CPU error	Error	Normal
10	Undefined (The status of each bit		
11	is indefinite.)		
12			
13			
14			
15			



1. The response block for Error Read (RU) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

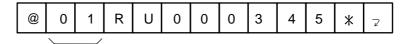


Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

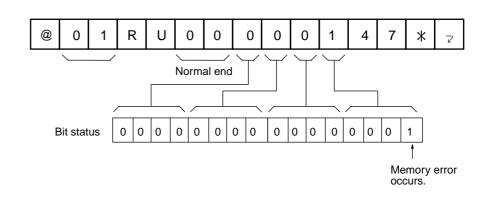
Communications Example

In this example, the memory error occurs, the unit number of which has been set to 1, is read by the Error Read (RU).

Command



Response



Readable Errors

Refer to the following for the kinds of errors and their meanings.

Memory Error

This error occurs in the following cases.

- The contents of the Memory are destroyed.
- The E5ZE is turned OFF before the E5ZE returns a response to Memory Write (WE) to the host computer.
- The CPU goes out of control.

The calibration data may be destroyed in the following case.

• A memory error occurs after the setting data are set to the factory-set default parameters with Initialize Setting Data (MC) and these parameters are written to the Memory with Memory Write (WE). In such cases, turn the E5ZE OFF and ON. If a memory error occurs again, the E5ZE needs calibration.

Sensor Input AD Error

This error occurs if the IC that converts sensor input values to the E5ZE to digital values fails or a peripheral circuit of the IC fails.

Current Transformer Input AD Error

This error occurs if the IC that converts CT input values to the E5ZE to digital values fails or a peripheral circuit of the IC fails.

Cold Junction Compensation Error

This error occurs in the following cases if the E5ZE is a thermocouple input model.

- The Cold Junction Compensator is not connected to the terminal block correctly.
- The terminals screws of the Cold Junction Compensator is loosened.
- The Cold Junction Compensator is broken.
- The ambient temperature drops below -15°C or exceeds 60°C.

Setting Data Error

This error occurs in the following cases. If a setting data error occurs, initialize the parameters with Initialize Setting Data (MC) within the permissible parameter setting ranges of the E5ZE.

- Setting data in the memory are destroyed.
- A set point of a control point is not within the allowable set point range.

CPU Error



This error occurs if the CPU or its peripheral circuitry is broken.

- Reset the set point in the following cases.
 - °C is changed to °F or vice versa with the FUNCTION switch.
 - The input type connected to a control point is changed with the INPUT selector.

SECTION 4 Commands According to Application

This section describes the commands that are used according to the application.

4-1	Auto-tuning Start: AS	120
4-2	Auto-tuning Stop: AP	121
4-3	Setting Unit Write: Wt	121
4-4	Setting Unit Read: Rt	123
4-5	Input Shift Write: WI	124
4-6	Input Shift Read: RI	125
4-7	Manual Reset Value Write: WK	126
4-8	Manual Reset Value Read: RK	127
4-9	Ramp Value Write: WR	127
4-10	Ramp Value Read: RR	128
4-11	Present Set Point Read: Rs	129
4-12	Manual Output Value Write: WO	131
4-13	Output Variable Limit Value Write: WL	132
4-14	Output Variable Limit Value Read: RL	133
4-15	Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Write: WG	134
4-16	Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Read: RG	136
4-17	Memory Write:	136
4-18	Initialize Setting Data: MC	137
4-19	Communication Test: TS	138

4-1 Auto-tuning Start: AS

Function

This command is used to auto-tune a control point.



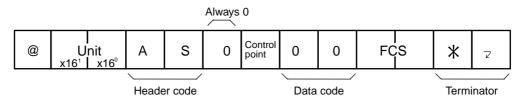
Auto-tuning Start (AS) is not accepted by a control point if the control point is already being auto-tuned or the operation of the control point has been interrupted.



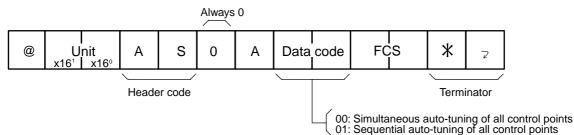
The HB or HS alarm of a control point will not work if the control point is being auto-tuned.

Commands

With Control Point Designated



Auto-tuning of All Control Points



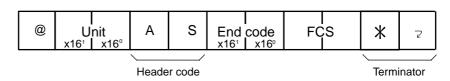
If the control point data of the command block is set to A and the data code of the command block is set to 00, all the control points will be auto-tuned simultaneously. If the control point data of the command block is set to A and the data code of the command block is set to 01, all the control points will be autotuned in sequence.



Sequential Auto-tuning of All Control Points:

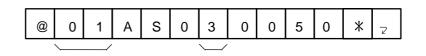
If the data code of the command block is set to 01, all the control points will be auto-tuned in numerical order.

<u>Response</u>



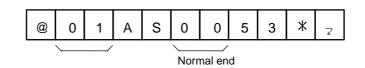
Communications Example

In this example, control point 3, the unit number of which has been set to 1, is auto-tuned with Auto-tuning Start (AS).



Section 4-2

Response



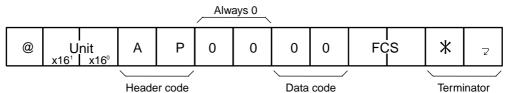
4-2 Auto-tuning Stop: AP

Function

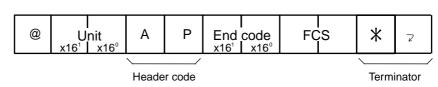


This command is used to stop the auto-tuning of all the control points. Auto-tuning Stop (AP) cannot be used to stop the auto-tuning of a particular control point individually.

Command



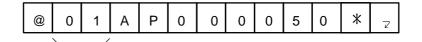
Response



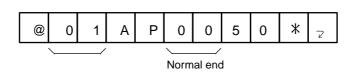
Communications Example

In this example, the auto-tuning of the control points, the unit number of which has been set to 1, is stopped.

Command



Response



4-3 Setting Unit Write: Wt

Function

This command is used to set the temperature setting unit to 1 or 0.1.



 The default temperature setting unit varies with the type of input type to be used with the E5ZE as described below. Thermocouple: 1 (default value)

Platinum resistance thermometer: 0.1 (default value)

- 2. The digits of a setting data set with the E5ZE vary with the temperature setting unit if the E5ZE is operated with any of the following commands.
 - Set Point Write (WS) and Set Point Read (RS)

- Process Value Temperature Read (RX)
- Alarm Temperature Write (W%) and Alarm Temperature Read (R%)
- Present Set Point Read (Rs)
- 3. Setting Data Set before Changing Temperature Setting Unit:
 - The temperature setting unit of a setting data set for a control point will remain unchanged after the temperature setting unit of the control point is changed.
 - When the E5ZE is operated with Setting Unit Read (Rt), the following parameters will be read.

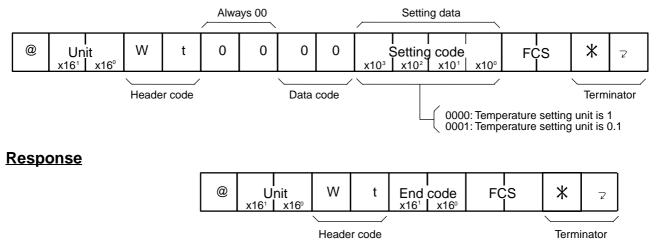
If the temperature setting unit has been changed to 1 from 0.1: Parameters will be rounded off (e.g., 1234.5 will be read as 1235).

If the temperature setting unit has been changed to 0.1 from 1: Parameters with .0 added (e.g., 1234 will be read as 1234.0).

Setting Data Range

Input type	Thermocouple		Platinum resistance thermome- ter		
°C or °F	°C °F		°C	°F	
Default	0000 (Temperature setting unit: 1)		0001 (Temperature se	etting unit: 0.1)	
Setting code	0000 to 0001				

Command



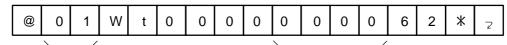
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Setting Unit Write (Wt) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1

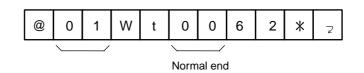
Temperature Setting Unit: 1

Command



Temperature setting unit is 1

Response

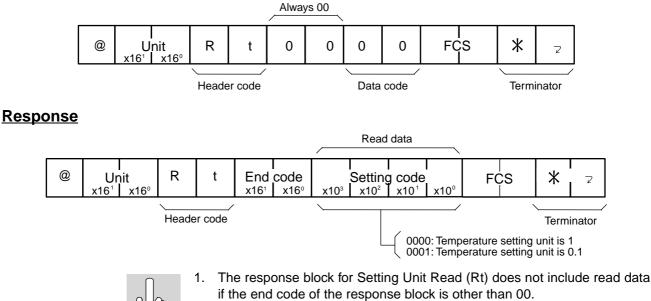


4-4 Setting Unit Read: Rt

Function

This command is used to read the setting unit that has been set with the E5ZE.

Command



- Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

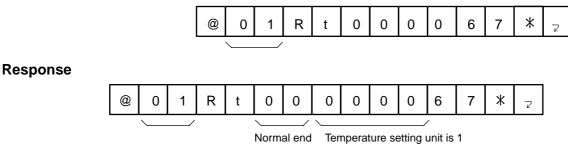
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Setting Unit Read (Rt) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1

2.

Temperature Setting Unit: 1



4-5 Input Shift Write: WI

Function

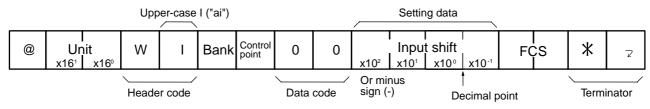


This command is used to write input shift values to shift the processes value. Input Shift Write (WI) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

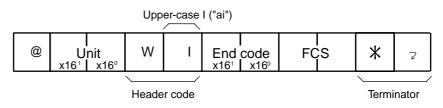
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1	
°C or °F	°C	°F
Default	0000	
Setting data	-999 to 0999	

Command



Response

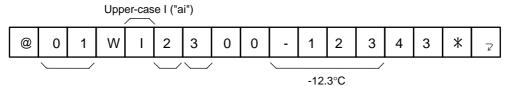


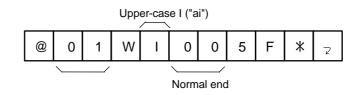
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Input Shift Write (WI) under the following conditions.

Unit no: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3 Input Shift Value: -12.3°C

Command





Section 4-6



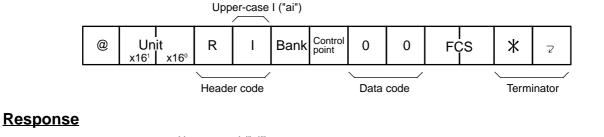
If the sensor input is 100°C, the processes value will be 87.7°C (i.e., 100 - 12.3 = 87.7). The temperature read with Processes Value Read (RX) will be thus 87.7°C.

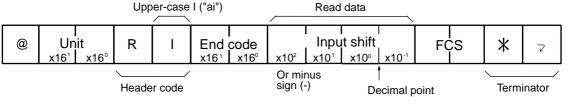
4-6 Input Shift Read: RI

Function

This command is used to read the input shift values that have been set at a control point.

Command







1. The response block for Input Shift Read (RI) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

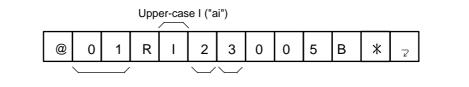
2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

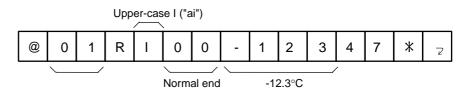
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Input Shift Read (RI) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:1Memory Bank no.:2Control Point:3Input Shift Value:-12.3°C

Command





4-7 Manual Reset Value Write: WK

Function

This command is used to write the percentages of manual reset value to a control point when there are offset at the control point in P or PD control operation.

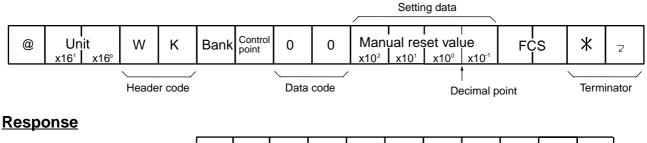


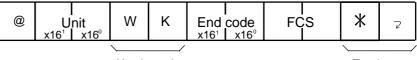
- 1. The offset at the control point can be corrected by adjusting the manual reset value written to the control point.
- 2. Manual Reset Value Write (WK) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1
Manual reset value unit	%
Default	0500
Setting data	0000 to 1000

Command





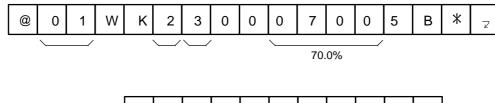
Header code

Terminator

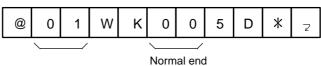
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Manual Reset Value Write (WK) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:1Memory Bank no.:2Control Point:3Manual Reset Value: 70.0%





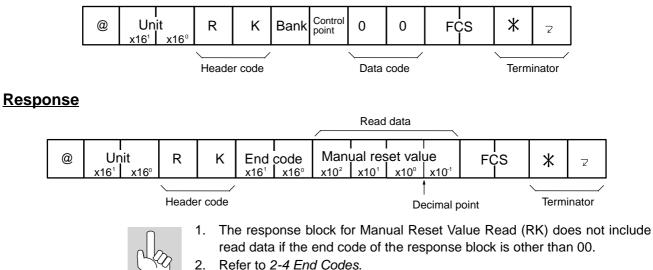


4-8 Manual Reset Value Read: RK

Function

This command is used to read the percentages of manual reset value that have been set at a control point.

Command

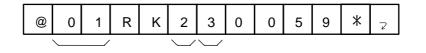


Communications Example

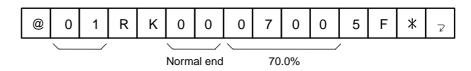
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Manual Reset Value Read (RK) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Manual Reset Value	: 70.0%

Command



Response



4-9 Ramp Value Write: WR

Function

This command is used to write ramp values to a control point to change the set point of the control point constantly.

Setting Data Range

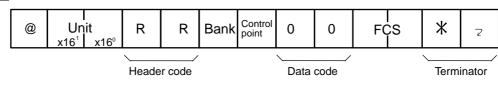
Time	Second	Minute	Hour
Symbol	S	М	Н

Section 4-10

Setting unit	0.1							
Temperature unit	°C/s	°C/s °F/s °C/min °F/min °C/h °F/h						
Default	000	000						
Setting data	000 to 999	000 to 999						

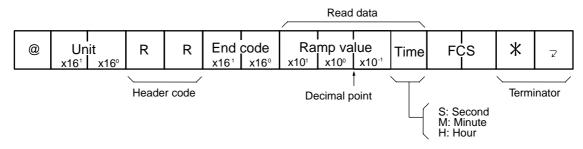
Command

	-			Setting data													
@ Ur x16 ¹		W	R	Bank	Control point	0	0	F x10		ן p val 10º [ue x10 ⁻¹	Tim	ne	FC:	5	*	7
		Head	er code	/		Data	code	/	Decin	† mal po	oint		1	S: Sec M: Mir H: Hou	ute	Termi	nator
<u>Response</u>																	
				@	Un x16 ¹	it x16⁰	W	R			code x16°		FCS		*	7	
						·	Head	er code							Terr	ninator	
Communications Example In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Ramp Value Write (WR) under the following conditions. Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3 Ramp Value: 10.0 min																	
	@	0 1	W	R	2 3	0	0	1	0	0	М	3	9	*	7		
			_/		/\	_		`	10.0	min	/						
Response						_								-			
				@	0 1	W	R	0	0	4	4	*	7				
Normal end																	
	amp	Val	ue F	Read	l: RF	R											
<u>Function</u>				This co point.	omman	d is us	ed to	read	he r	amp	valu	es th	at ha	ve be	een s	et at a	control



Present Set Point Read: Rs

Response



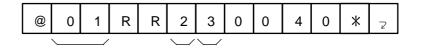
- 1. The response block for Ramp Value Read (RR) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.
 - 2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

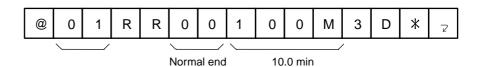
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Ramp Value Read (RR) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory Bank no.:	2
Control Point:	3
Ramp Value:	10.0 min

Command



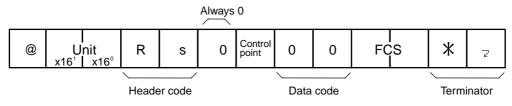
Response



4-11 Present Set Point Read: Rs

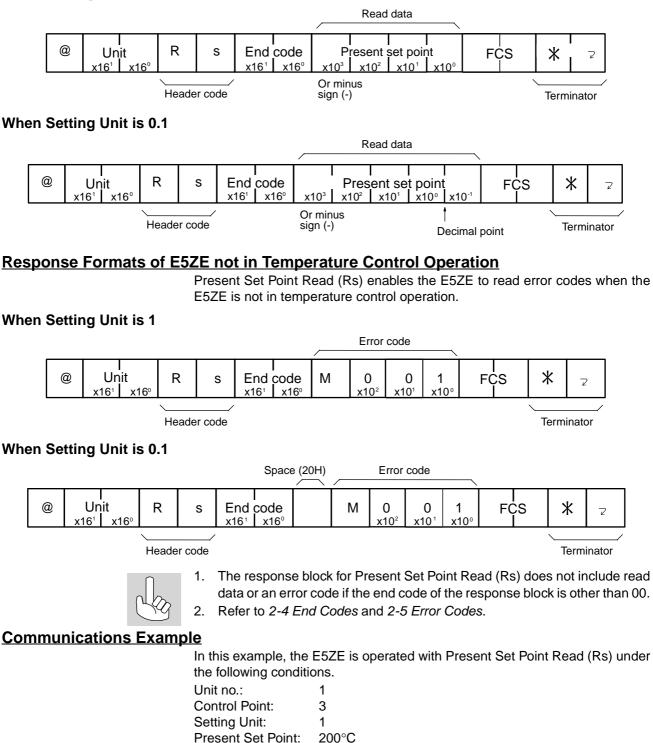
Function

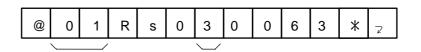
This command is used to read the present set point of a control point in ramp operation.



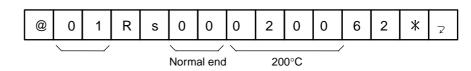
Response Formats of E5ZE in Temperature Control Operation

When Setting Unit is 1





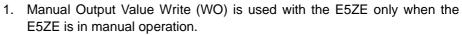
Response



4-12 Manual Output Value Write: WO

Function

This command is used to write the percentage of manual output value to a control point.

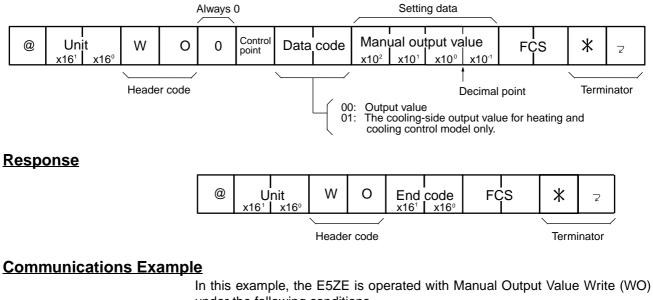


- 2. The percentage of cooling–side output value can be written to a control point only if the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.
- 3. The E5ZE operates manually even if the E5ZE detects a sensor input error. Manual Output Value Write (WO), however, cannot be used with the E5ZE if the E5ZE detects a sensor input error.
- 4. If the E5ZE has an error, the E5ZE cannot operate manually and Manual Output Value Write (WO) cannot be used with the E5ZE.

Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1
Manual output value unit	%
Setting data	0000 to 1000

Command

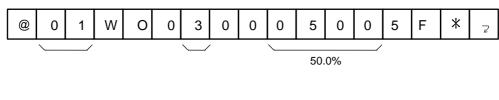


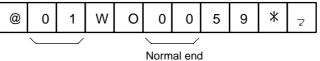
under the following conditions. Unit no.: 1 Control Point: 3 Manual Output Value: 50.0%

Output Variable Limit Value Write: WL

Command

Response





4-13 Output Variable Limit Value Write: WL

Function

This command is used to write control output variable limit values to a control point.

- 1. Output Variable Limit Value Write (WL) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.
 - 2. Cooling-side output variable limit values can be written to a control point provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

The output variable limit function will not work at a control point in the following cases.

- The E5ZE is in manual operation.
- The E5ZE has an error.
- The E5ZE detects a sensor input error.
- The E5ZE is stopped.

Setting Data Range

Setting item	Lower limit	Upper limit					
Setting unit	0.1						
Output variable limit value unit	%						
Default	0000	1000					
Setting data	0000 to 1000						

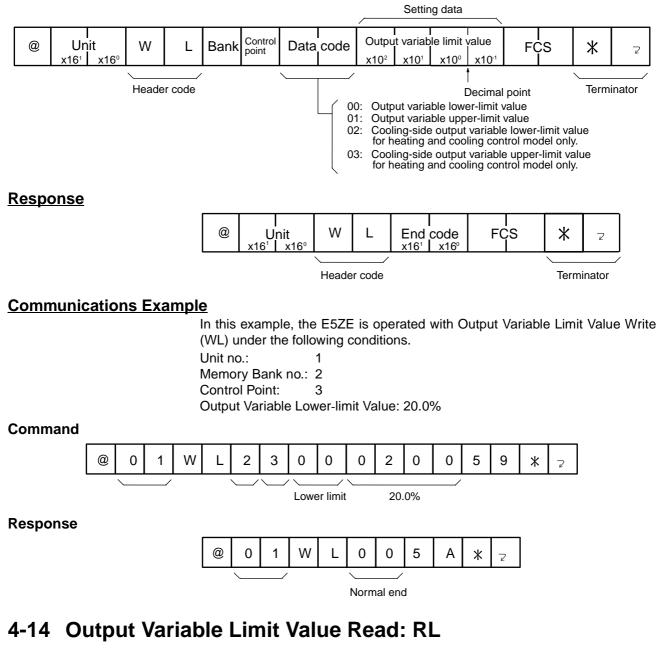


- 1. The output variable lower-limit value set at a control point must not be larger than the upper output variable limit value.
- 2. If the output variable lower-limit value set at a control point is 1000, the output value will be always 100.0%.
- 3. If the output variable upper-limit value set at a control point is 1000, the output value will be always 0.0%.
- 4. If an output variable limit value is set at a control point as both output variable lower-limit value and upper-limit value, the output value will be the output variable limit value.

Output Variable Limit Value Read: RL

Section 4-14

Command



Function

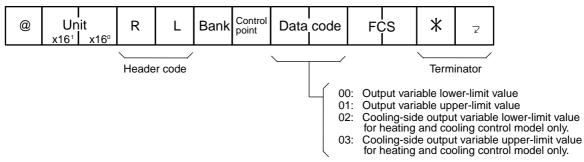
This command is used to read the output variable limit values that have been set at a control point.



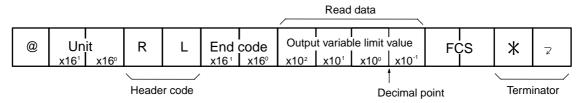
The cooling-side output variable limit values that have been set at a control point can be read provided that the E5ZE is a heating and cooling control model.

Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Write: WG

Command



Response





1.

clude read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00. 2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

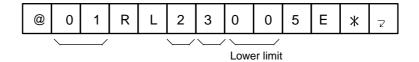
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Output Variable Limit Value Read (RL) under the following conditions.

The response block for Output Variable Limit Value Read (RL) does not in-

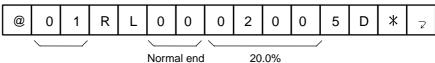
Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 **Control Point:** 3

Output Variable Lower-limit Value: 20.0%

Command



Response



Normal end

4-15 Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Write: WG

Function

This command is used to write control output variable change rate limit values to a control point.



- Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Write (WG) cannot be used at a 1. control point being auto-tuned.
- The output variable change rate limit function will not work at a control point 2. in the following cases.
 - An output variable change rate limit value of 0000 is used for the E5ZE.
 - The control point is being auto-tuned.
 - The E5ZE is in manual operation.

Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Write: WG

Section 4-15

• The E5ZE has an error.

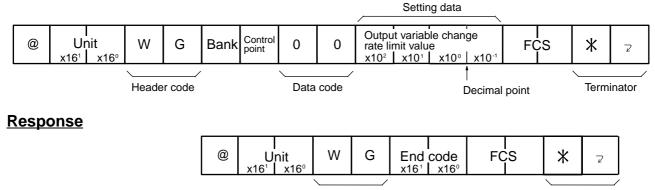
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1				
Change rate unit	te unit %/(Sampling period)				
Default	0000				
Setting data	ng data 0000 to 1000				



The percentage of output per sampling period of a control point must be set as the output variable change rate limit value.

Command



Header code

Terminator

Communications Example

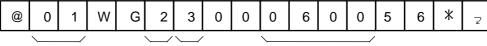
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Write (WG) under the following conditions.

- Unit no.:
- Memory Bank no.: 2

Control Point:

Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value: 60.0% per sampling period

Command



1

3

60.0%/(Sampling period)

Response



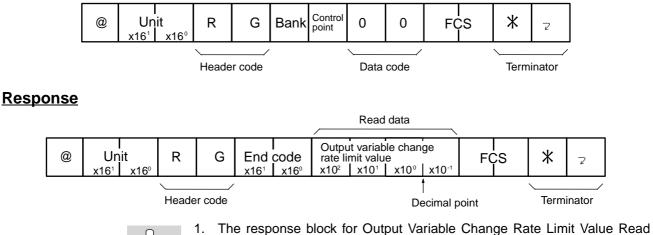
Normal end

4-16 Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Read: RG

Function

This command is used to read the output variable change rate limit values that have been set at a control point.

Command





other than 00. 2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

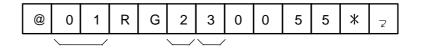
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value Read (RG) under the following conditions.

(RG) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is

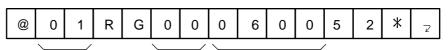
Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3

Output Variable Change Rate Limit Value: 60.0% per sampling period

Command



Response



Normal end 60.0%/(Sampling period)

4-17 Memory Write:

WE

Function

This command is used to write the setting data set with the E5ZE to the memory.



When the E5ZE is turned ON, the setting data stored in the memory will be read by the E5ZE automatically for temperature control use.

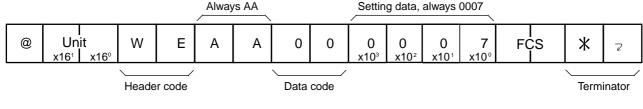
Initialize Setting Data: MC

Section 4-18

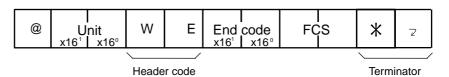


If the E5ZE is turned OFF before the E5ZE returns a response to Memory Write (WE) to the host computer connected to the E5ZE, the setting data set with the E5ZE may not be written to the memory, in which case a memory error will occur.

Command



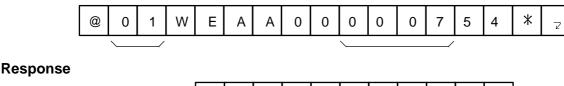
Response

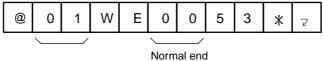


Communications Example

In this example, setting data, the unit number of which has been set to 1, are written to the memory with Memory Write (WE).

Command





4-18 Initialize Setting Data: MC

Function

This command is used to set the memory to the factory-set default setting data.



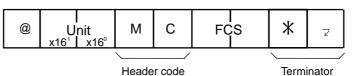
- 1. Initialize Setting Data (MC) can be used only when the E5ZE is stopped.
- 2. Initialize Setting Data (MC) cannot be used to reset a particular control point or memory bank individually.
- 3. Initialize Setting Data (MC) does not affect the contents of the memory and saved calibration values. To initialize the stored set data of the E5ZE, send this command and then Memory Write (WE) with the factory-set setting data.



If the temperature unit is changed from °C to °F or vice versa or the input type connected to the E5ZE is changed at a control point, set the RAM to the factory-set default setting data and reset data with the E5ZE.

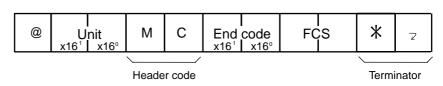
Communication Test: TS

Command



Header code

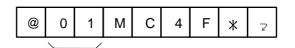
Response



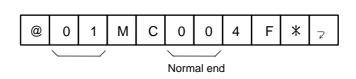
Communications Example

In this example, setting data, the unit number of which has been set to 1, are reset to the factory-set default setting data with Initialize Setting Data (MC).

Command



Response



4-19 Communication Test: TS

Function

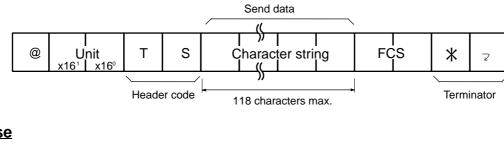
This command is used to enable a control point to send back to the host system connected to the E5ZE the character strings received at the control point from the host system.

Character strings can contain all characters except the following characters.

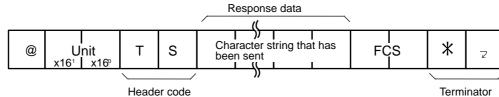


@: (40H) s: (carriage return) (0DH)

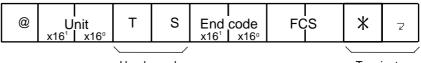
Command



Response



Response Block with Error Detected



Header code

Terminator



- 1. The contents of the error will be indicated by the end code in the response block.
- 2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

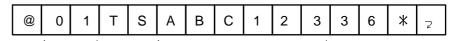
In this example, character string ABC123 is sent to the E5ZE, the unit number of which has been set to 1, with the Communication Test (TS).

Command



Response

Character string ABC123



Character string ABC123

SECTION 5 Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Commands

This section describes the commands used for heater burnout and SSR failure detection.

5-1	HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write: WU	142
5-2	HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Read: RU	143
5-3	Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value Write: WW	144
5-4	Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value Read: RW	145
5-5	Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value Read: RZ	146

Section 5-1

HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write: WU 5-1

Function

This command is used to designate the control points that are to have HB and HS alarms so that the control points can detect heater burnout and SSR failures.



- 1. The control points designated by HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write (WU) will have both HB and HS alarms.
- 2. HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write (WU) cannot be used if a control point is being auto-tuned.

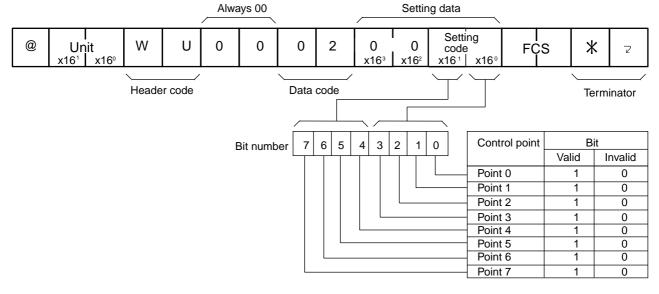


The HB or HS alarm of a control point will not work if the control point is being auto-tuned.

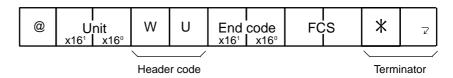
Setting Data Range

Default 00 (None of the control points have HB or HS al		
Setting code	00 to FF	

Command



Response



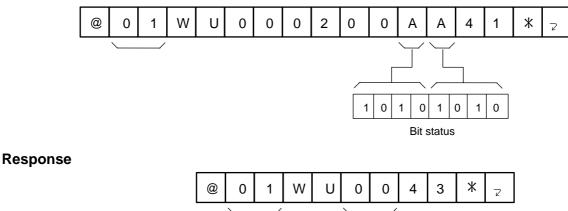
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Write (WU) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1

Control Points 0, 2, 4, and 6: Invalid

Command



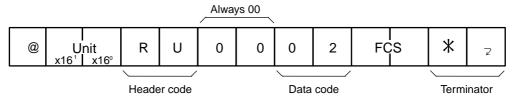


5-2 HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Read: RU

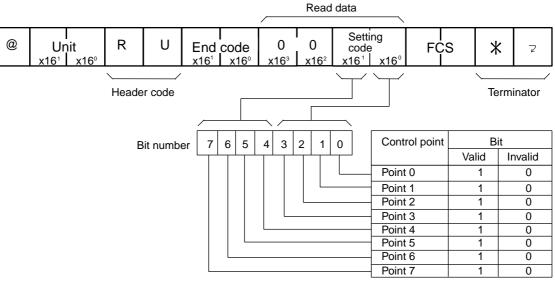
Function

This command is used to read which control points have been set for HS and HB alarms.

Command



Response





 The response block for HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Read (RU) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.
 Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with HB Alarm and HS Alarm Point Read (RU) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1

@

0

1

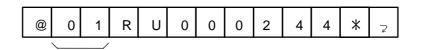
Control Points 0, 2, 4, and 6: Invalid Control Points 1, 3, 5, and 7: Valid

R

U

0

Command



0

Normal end

0

0

0 1 0

1

А

4

0

1

Bit status

А

6

0

1

Response



Function

This command is used to set the current value at a control point to be used by the E5ZE to detect heater burnout or SSR failures at the control point.

Setting Data Range

Function	Heater burnout detection	Heater burnout detection SSR failure detection				
Setting unit	0.1	0.1				
Current unit	A	A				
Default	0000	0000 0005				
Setting data	0000 to 0500	0000 to 0500				

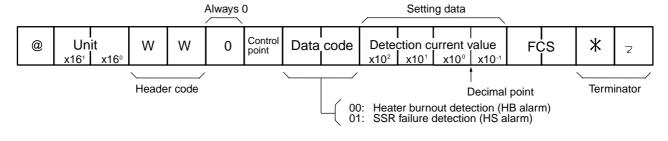


Refer to the following to turn the HB alarm of a control point OFF or ON.

If the detection current value are set to 0000, the HB alarm will be always OFF.

If the detection current value are set to 0500, the HB alarm will be always ON.

Command

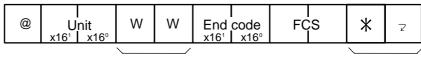


*

2

Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value

Response



Header code

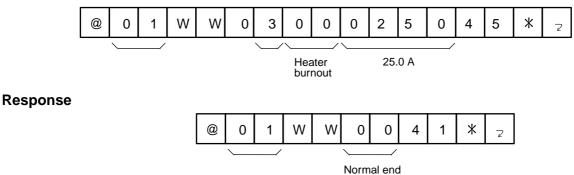
Terminator

Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value Write (WW) under the following conditions. Unit no.: 1 Control Point: 3

Heater Burnout Detection Current Value: 25.0 A

Command

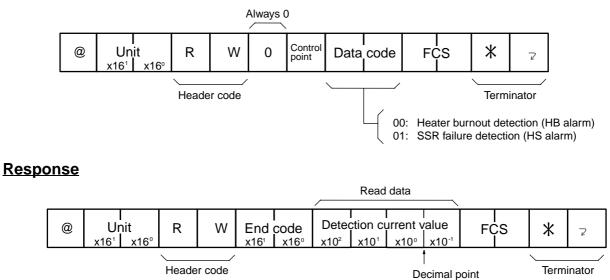


5-4 Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value Read: RW

Function

This command is used to read the current value set at a control point to be used by the E5ZE to detect heater burnout or SSR failures.

Command



1. The response block for Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value Read (RW) does not include read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value

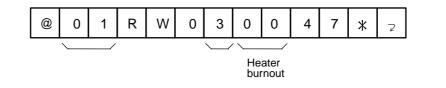
2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes.

Communications Example

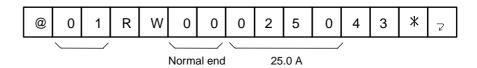
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Heater Burnout and SSR Failure Detection Current Value Read (RW) under the following conditions. Unit no.: 1 Control Point: 3

Heater Burnout Detection Current Value: 25.0 A

Command



Response



5-5 Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value Read: RZ

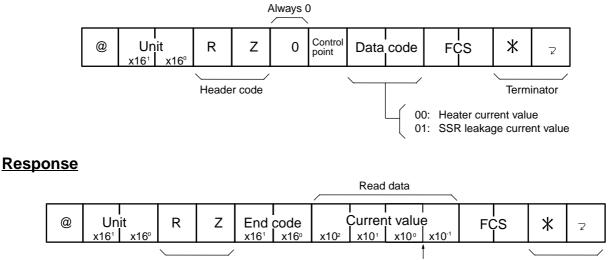
Function

This command is used so that the E5ZE can read the current value of the heater or the leakage current value of the SSR connected to a control point via the Current Transformer.



- 1. Heater Current Value: The current value of the heater measured at the control point with its control output turned ON.
- 2. SSR Leakage Current Value: The leakage current value of the SSR measured at the control point with its control output turned OFF.

Command



Header code

Decimal point Terminator



The current data of the response block for Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value Read (RZ) will be 0000 in the following cases.

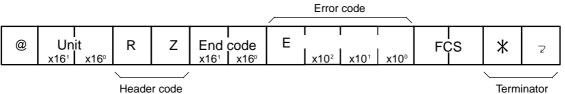
Section 5-5

The HB or HS alarm is not valid for the control point that has been designated.

The operation of the control point that has been designated is stopped.

Response Block with Error Detected

The response block for Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value Read (RZ) will include an error code if an error is detected by the E5ZE while the E5ZE is processing the command.



Header code

1. The response block for Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value Read (RZ) does not include read data or an error code if the end code of the response block is other than 00.

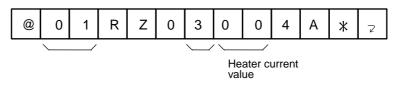
2. Refer to 2-4 End Codes and 2-5 Error Codes.

Communications Example

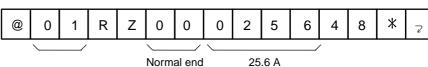
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value Read (RZ) under the following conditions.

Heater Current Value: 25.6 A

Command







Heater Current Value and SSR Leakage Current Value

SECTION 6 Heating and Cooling Control Commands

This section describes the commands used for heating and cooling control.

6-1	Dead Band and Overlap Band Write: WD	150
6-2	Dead Band and Overlap Band Read: RD	151
6-3	Cooling Coefficient Write: WC	151
6-4	Cooling Coefficient Read: RC	152

6-1 Dead Band and Overlap Band Write: WD

Function

This command is used to write the dead band or overlap band of a control output in heating and cooling control operation.

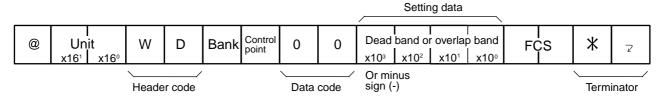


- 1. Refer to the following for the designation of the dead band or overlap band of a control output.
 - If positive parameters are set with Dead Band and Overlap Band Write (WD), the dead band of the control output will be designated.
 - If negative parameters are set with Dead Band and Overlap Band Write (WD), the overlap band of the control output will be designated.
- 2. Dead Band and Overlap Band Write (WD) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

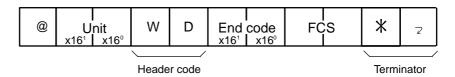
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	1	1			
°C or °F	°C	°F			
Default	0000	0000			
Setting data	-999 to 0999	-999 to 0999			

Command



Response

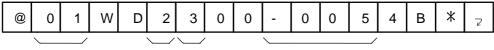


Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Dead Band and Overlap Band Write (WD) under the following conditions.

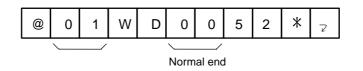
Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3 Overlap Band: 5°C

Command





Response

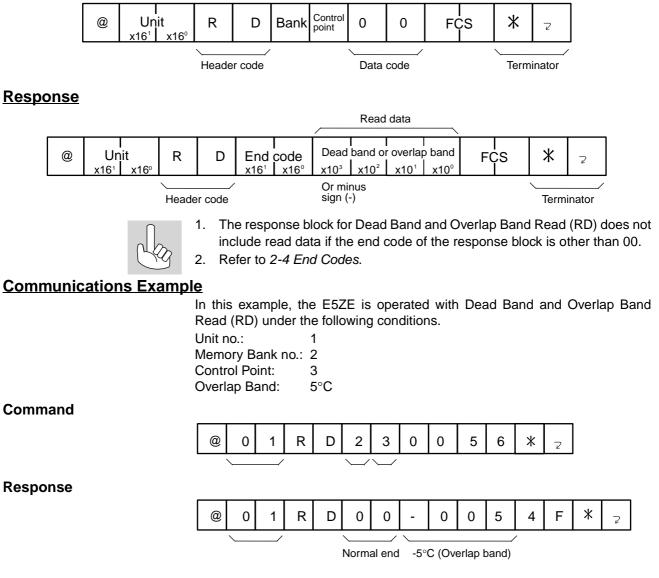


6-2 Dead Band and Overlap Band Read: RD

Function

This command is used to read the dead bands or overlap bands that have been set at a control point.

Command



6-3 Cooling Coefficient Write: WC

Function

This command is used to write cooling coefficients that designate coolingside proportional bands to a control point in heating and cooling control operation.



1. The cooling-side proportional band to be set a control point is calculated according to the cooling coefficient and proportional band. Refer to the following formula.

Cooling-side proportional band = Cooling coefficient x Proportional band

2. Cooling Coefficient Write (WC) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

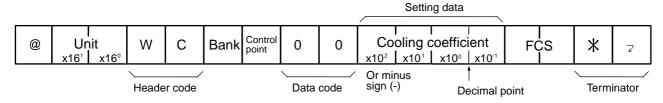
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1
Default	0010
Setting data	0000 to 0100

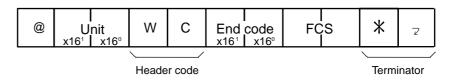


If the cooling coefficient of a control point set to 0000 is used for temperature control with the E5ZE, the percentage of the cooling-side control output will be always 0.

Command



Response



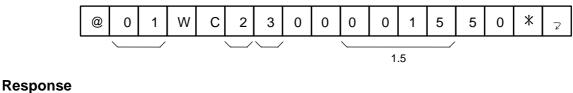
Communications Example

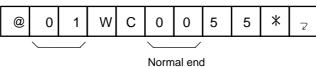
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Cooling Coefficient Write (WC) under the following conditions.

Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2 Control Point: 3

Cooling Coefficient: 1.5

Command



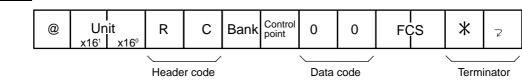


6-4 Cooling Coefficient Read: RC

Function

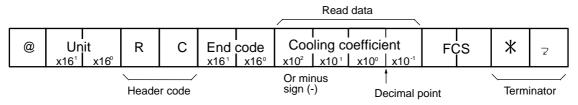
This command is used to read the cooling coefficients that have been set at a control point.

Command



Cooling Coefficient Read: RC

Response





read data if the end code of the response block is other than 00. 2. Refer to *2-4 End Codes*.

Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Cooling Coefficient Read (RC) under the following conditions.

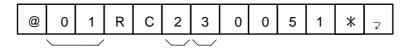
1. The response block for Cooling Coefficient Read (RC) does not include

Unit no.: 1 Memory Bank no.: 2

Control Point: 3

Cooling Coefficient: 1.5

Command



Response

@	0	1	R	С	0	0	0	0	1	5	5	4	*	7
								/	/					
				Normal end					1.5					

SECTION 7 Fuzzy Control Commands

This section describes the commands used for fuzzy control.

7-1	Fuzzy Strength Write: Wj	156
7-2	Fuzzy Strength Read: Rj	157
7-3	Fuzzy Scale 1 Write: Wk	157
7-4	Fuzzy Scale 1 Read: Rk	158
7-5	Fuzzy Scale 2 Write: Wl	159
7-6	Fuzzy Scale 2 Read: R1	160

7-1 Fuzzy Strength Write: Wj

Function



This command is used to write fuzzy strength to a control point.

Fuzzy Strength Write (Wj) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.

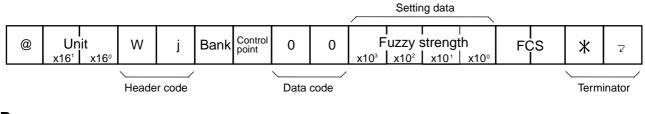
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	1
Fuzzy strength unit	%
Default	0050
Setting data	0000 to 0099



If the fuzzy strength of a control point set to 0000 is used for temperature control with the E5ZE, the E5ZE will not be in fuzzy control operation.

Command



Response



Header code

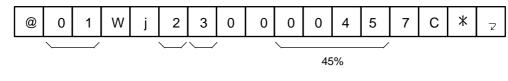
Terminator

Communications Example

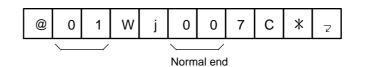
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Fuzzy Strength Write (Wj) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:	1
Memory bank no.:	2
Control point:	3
Fuzzy strength:	45%

Command



Response

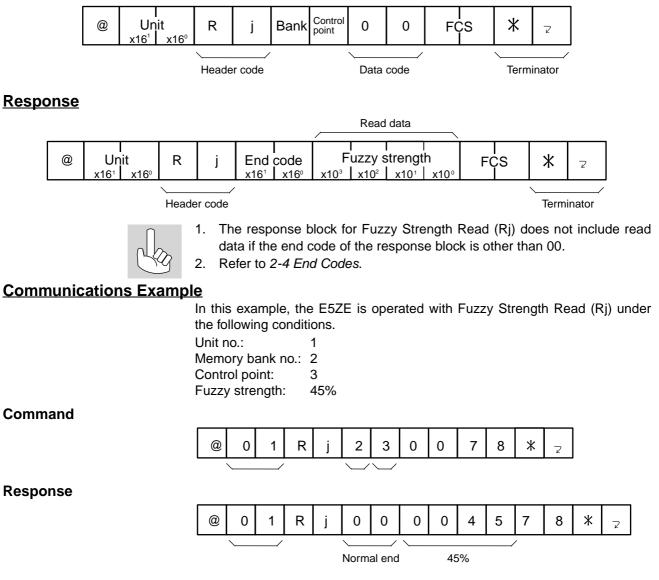


7-2 Fuzzy Strength Read: Rj

Function

This command is used to read the fuzzy strength that have been set at a control point.

Command



7-3 Fuzzy Scale 1 Write: Wk

Function

This command is used to write fuzzy scale 1 values to a control point for the E5ZE to determine external disturbance scales.



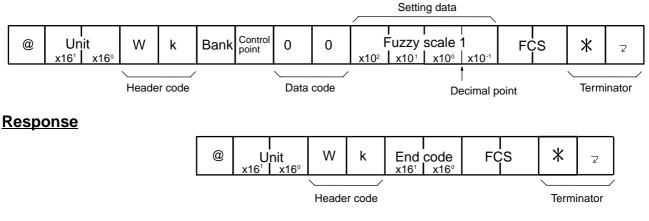
- 1. Fuzzy Scale 1 Write (Wk) cannot be used at a control point being autotuned.
- 2. Fuzzy scale 1 values for a control point being auto-tuned will be set automatically when the auto-tuning of the control point finishes.
- 3. The fuzzy scale 1 value of a control point will be automatically adjusted according to the PID constants. The fuzzy scale 1 value can be changed manually after PID constants are set for the bank.

Fuzzy Scale 1 Read: Rk

Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.1		
°C or °F	С	°F	
Default	9999		
Setting data	0002 to 9999		

Command

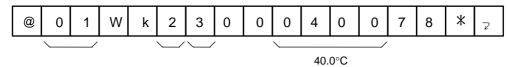


Communications Example

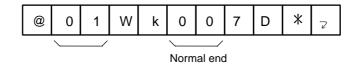
In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Fuzzy Scale 1 Write (Wk) under the following conditions.

Unit no.:1Memory bank no.:2Control point:3Fuzzy scale 1:40.0°C

Command



Response

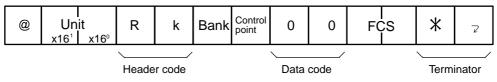


7-4 Fuzzy Scale 1 Read: Rk

Function

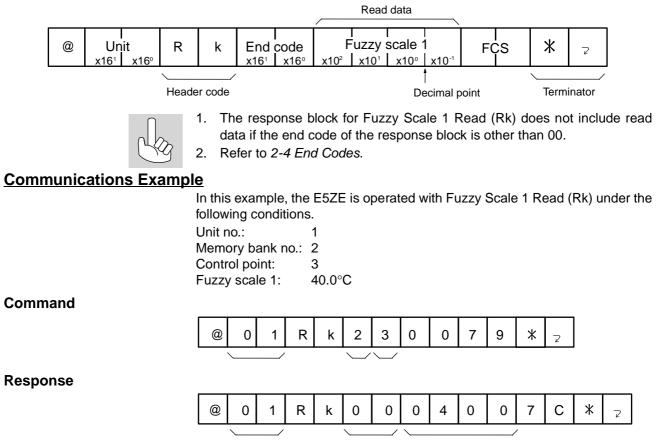
This command is used to read the fuzzy scale 1 values that have been set at a control point.

Command



Fuzzy Scale 2 Write: Wl

Response



Normal end 40.0°C

7-5 Fuzzy Scale 2 Write: WI

Function

This command is used to write fuzzy scale 2 values to a control point for the E5ZE to determine the speeds of temperature changes due to external disturbance.



- 1. Fuzzy Scale 2 Write (WI) cannot be used at a control point being autotuned.
- 2. Fuzzy scale 2 values for a control point being auto-tuned will be set automatically when the auto-tuning of the control point finishes.
- 3. The fuzzy scale 2 value of a control point will be automatically adjusted according to the PID constants. The fuzzy scale 2 value can be changed manually after PID constants are set for the bank.

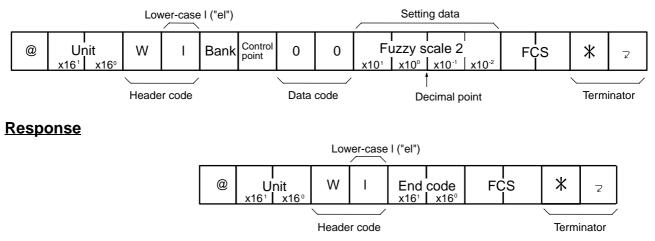
Setting Data Range

Setting unit	0.01		
°C or °F	°C/s	°F/s	
Default	9999		
Setting data	0020 to 9999		

Fuzzy Scale 2 Read: Rl

Section 7-6

Command



Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Fuzzy Scale 2 Write (WI) under the following conditions.

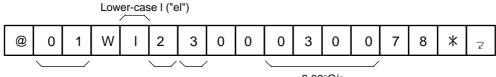
Unit no.:

Memory bank no.: 2

Control point:

Fuzzy scale 2: 3.00°C/s

Command

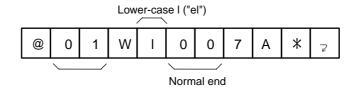


1

3

3.00°C/s

Response

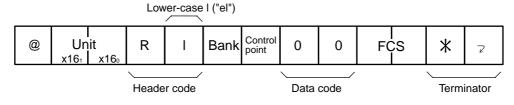


7-6 Fuzzy Scale 2 Read: RI

Function

This command is used to read the fuzzy scale 2 values that have been set at a control point.

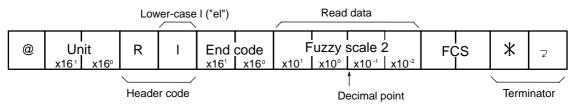
Command



Fuzzy Scale 2 Read: Rl

Section 7-6

Response





if the end code of the response block is other than 00. 2. Refer to *2-4 End Codes*.

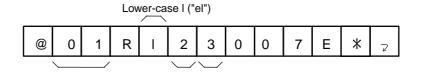
Communications Example

In this example, the E5ZE is operated with Fuzzy Scale 2 Read (RI) under the following conditions.

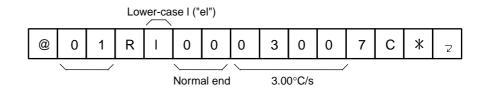
1. The response block for Fuzzy Scale 2 Read (RI) does not include read data

Unit no.:1Memory bank no.:2Control point:3Fuzzy scale 2:3.00°C/s

Command



Response



SECTION 8 Control Operation Start and Stop Commands

This section describes the commands used for starting and stopping operation.

8-1	Operation Start: OS	164
8-2	Operation Stop: OP	164
8-3	Manual Operation Start: OM	165

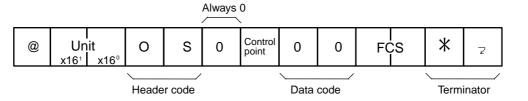
Operation Start: OS 8-1

Function

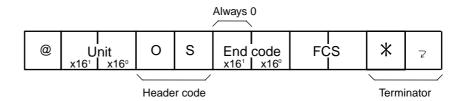
This command is used to designate a control point to start temperature control.

- 1. Operation Start (OS) cannot be used at a control point being auto-tuned.
- 2. Operation Start (OS) will be ignored by a control point in control operation.

Command



Response



Communications Example

In this example, control point 3, the unit number of which has been set to 1, starts temperature control with Operation Start (OS).

0

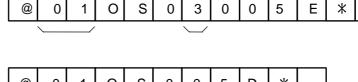
Е

*

2

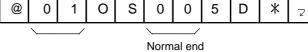
Command

Response



3

0



0

@

0 1

8-2 **Operation Stop: OP**

Function

This command is used to designate a control point to stop temperature control or manual operation.

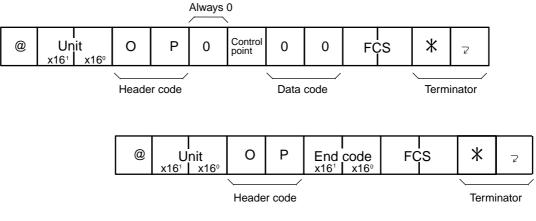


If a control point is stopped, all alarm output of the control point will be OFF.

Manual Operation Start: OM

Command

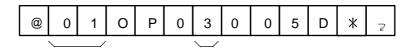
Response



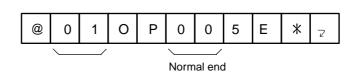
Communications Example

In this example, control point 3, the unit number of which has been set to 1, stops temperature control with Operation Stop (OP).

Command



Response



8-3 Manual Operation Start: OM

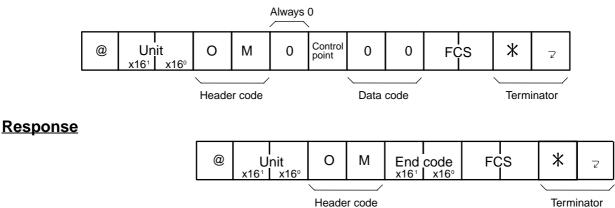
Function

This command is used to designate a control point to start manual operation with the output value that has been preset.



- Manual Operation Start (OM) cannot be used at a control point being autotuned.
 Manual Operation Start (OM) will be ignored by a control point in manual
- 2. Manual Operation Start (OM) will be ignored by a control point in manual operation.

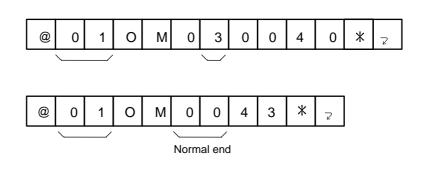
Command



Communications Example

In this example, control point 3, the unit number of which has been set to 1, starts manual operation with Manual Operation Start (OM).

Command



Response

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